PETROL
by Day and Night
MOTOR CARS ON HIRE.
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
East Street, Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

Send for Motor Cycle List.
B. S. A. Machines just received
J. H. 3-speed free engine at Rs. 700.
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
Dealers in quality goods.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

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VOL. III. NO 223 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL
S. N. COMPANY.
MAIL SERVICE TO LONDON.
SAILING AT MARSEILLES.

Date of sailing about	Steamers	Tons	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
SUNDAY.				
Sept. 19th "	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	.....	.....
26th "	Maloja	12500	.....	.....
3rd Oct.	Salsette	6000	.....	.....
10th "	Arabia	8000	.....	.....
17th "	Karmala	9000	.....	.....
24th "	Moldavia	10000	.....	.....
31st "	Caledonia	8000	.....	.....
7th Nov.	Khyber	9000	.....	.....
14th "	Persia	8000	.....	.....
21st "	Medina	12500	.....	.....
28th "	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	.....	.....

Until further notice the Homeward Steamers will not call at Plymouth.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p. m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Marseilles Special Sleeping Car train in connection with the Company's steamers has been resumed.

All passengers landing at Marseilles whether for the special or ordinary trains must be provided with passports with the visé of a French Consul.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND.

These Steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly on THURSDAY. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.
(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)
Incorporated in Japan.
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons	Arrival.	Departure.
Kamakura Maru	T. Kuwabara	6126	11th Sept	20th Sept
Hovor Maru ..	S. Kushibiki	3773	20th Sept.	2nd Oct
Rangoon Maru	H. Nomura	5348	29th Sept	11th Oct
Kirin Maru	T. Sasaki	3801	6th Oct	16th Oct

For Freight apply to:—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet 120 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 273,600
Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN.
via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamer.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure
† Shinkoku Maru....	5336	13th Sept.	23rd Sept
Saigon Maru. ..	4588	27th Sept.	8th Oct.
Luzon Maru ..	4078	24th Oct	4th Nov

† Direct to Japan from Singapore.
For Freight apply to
Y. ASAI,
Manager.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.
GAZDAR & Co.,
Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,
28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,
BOMBAY.
Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

FREE! FREE!! FREE!!!
Rai Shaheb Dr. K. C. Dass's.
HEALTH LITERATURE.
The most up-to-date Science of Health to Young and Old. Distributed gratis or post free. Apply to:
THE SWASTHYA SAHAI PHARMACY,
80/2, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA.

SHIPPING

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
(JOINT SERVICE)
AUTUMN SAILINGS, 1915.
OUTWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about
			1915.
City of Glasgow	A & C	6545	Sept. 20th
City of London	A & C	9090	Oct. 11th
City of Karachi	A & C	5563	Oct. 25th
City of Marseilles	A & C	8250	Oct. 30th
City of Cairo	A & C	7700	Nov. 1-th

HOMEWARD.

Steamer.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Bombay. about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Lahore ..	A & C	6947	....	16th Oct.
City of London ..	A & C	9000	....	24th Nov.

Fares.	1st. class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd. class Return
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	565	833	450	630
London via Marseilles	630	1,033	480	720
Liverpool	600	900	450	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	—	942	..	713

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.
Concessions granted to Families Railway Employees Hospital Nurses. Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The A. and C. class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.
A. and C. class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.
The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.
Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.
All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."
For passage and full particulars apply to:—
KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate and Sons, Agency.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE.
DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY
TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK.
BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA
OR BALTIMORE
For further particulars regarding freight
Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,175,000
Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London E. C.
Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customerrs and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

Do you travel much? Any headaches? Slip a box of Stearns' Headache Cure in your pocket or travelling bag. Simple, easy to take but effective. C-4

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—
WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.
Vessel. Tons. Sailing Date Time Route.
"LHASA" 2,184 Saturday 18th September. Direct
"LINGA," 2185 Tuesday, 21st Sept. 11 a.m.† On arrival of the English Mail steamer. Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie
FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
(Fast Mail.)
S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, sailing on Friday, the 24th Sept., calling at Cutch Mandvi, Karachi, Muscat, Bushire, Mahommerah and Busreh.
FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
(Subsidiary Mail).
S. S. "VITA," 4,691 tons, sailing on Friday the 17th September, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein Bushire, Koweit, Mahommerah and Busreh.
FOR EAST & SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.
S. S. "CHAKDINA," 3,035 tons, sailing on or about 18th September via Porebunder calling at Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
FOR LONDON.
S. S. "BERBERA," 4,352 tons, sailing from Bombay about the 22nd September. One class only. Special fare Rs. 510. Limited accommodation.
Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents
Nicol Road(near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.
18th Sept. 1915.

F. CORNAGLIA
BOMBAY & POONA.
SPECIALIST IN WEDDING CAKES.
Caterer for Wedding Parties, Soirees and all kinds of Entertainments
ESTIMATES ON APPLICATIO
F. CORNAGLIA
Importer of High Class Stores and Wines.
83, 85, Medows Street and 7, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY;
AND
Arsenal Road, POONA.
Telegrams: CORNAGLIA Telephone No. 42.

BANKING

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.
BRANCHES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Do Hongkew
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
Credits granted Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
40, Churchgate Street.

Do you ever wake up with one of those throbbing headaches? Don't tolerate it. Use Stearns' Headache Cure—be ready for the day's work. C-9

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan).
Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Liaoyang	Pekin.
Australia	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalney)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Mukden	Sydney.
Harbin	Newchwang	(Australia)
Hong-Kong	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Honolulu	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tokyo
Los Angeles. (Cal. U.S.A.)		Tsingtau

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. IGARASHI, Manager.
Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposit may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.
R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING

ANCHOR LINE.
APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains'	Leave Bombay about
* S. S. Rivela	6388	J. Kinnaird	25th Sept. 1915
† S. S. Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne R.D.R.N.R.	20th Oct. 1915
§ S. S. Castalia	6388	Wm. Kelso	25th Oct. 1915

* To Glasgow direct.
† To Marseilles and Liverpool.
§ To Genoa and Glasgow.
The single fare to Genoa is Rs. 525 and Rs. 600 to Glasgow.
Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.
ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.
All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.
FARES.

	Single Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	420	630
Bombay to Cairo	435	660
Bombay to Port Said	450	675
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	555	867
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	630	942
Bombay to Gibraltar	570	855
Bombay to Liverpool	600	900
Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow	867	1433

All return tickets are available for 2 years.
Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.
Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and electric-fans in every cabin free of charge.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.
Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.
For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned—
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorised	Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 30,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs. 26,81,500
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 13,14,273
Reserve Fund	Rs. 10,80,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches.
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalia, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiara, Multan City, Peshwar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES HUNDIS, BILLS, etc. of outstations are bought collected, and discounted.
For other particulars, and rules of business apply to:—
SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter.)

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	£1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.
38 Bishopsgate London, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay	Medan (Sumatra)	Manila
Calcutta	Singapore	Cebu
Madras	Malacca	Hoilo
Rangoon	Kwala-Lumpur (F.M.S)	Hong-Kong
Colombo	Klang (F.M.S)	Canton
Karachi	Seremban (F.M.S)	Foochow
Amritsar	Bangkok	Shanghai
Delhi	Batavia	Tientsin
Penang	Sourabaya	Tsingtau
Puket	Saigon	(North China)
Taiping (F.M.S)	Haiphong	Hankow
Ipoh (F.M.S)		Yokohama
		Kobe

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.
Post Box No. 24.

Don't worry about your constipation. Stearns' Kasagra will cure it all right. Pleasant to take, mild in action, sure in results, low in price. D 8

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.
(SCOTLAND)
B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMP OILS	B. O. C. PITCH
B. O. C. PETROL	B. O. C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS	B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES	B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:
SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.
P. O. Box 203 Telephone Nos. 108 & 1479

NEW GOODS FOR PRESENT SEASON IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

LADIES BLOUSES
A consignment of the latest designs and newest materials.
ARRIVED BY LAST MAIL.
SPECIAL SHOW
OF THESE IN OUR
WINDOWS & SHOW ROOMS
ON
WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY.
Messrs. BAD A M PILE & Co., Ltd.,

THE MOTOR UNION
INSURANCE Co., Ld.,
(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)
WHICH WAS
Founded by Motorists for Motorists
OFFERS
Special Comprehensive Policy
Some special features are:
No Limit to Number of Claims in year.
Prompt and Liberal Settlement of Claims.
Complete Cover and Absolute security.
Moderate Premium and Equitable Treatment.
Prospectus and rates on application to—
E. F. HALLIWELL.
General Agent,
"BIBLE HOUSE," 166, Hornby Road, FORT, BOMBAY.
Telephone: 2352. Tel. Address: "Baltic."

BY APPOINTMENT.
GENERAL
ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.
(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)
Assets Exceed.....Rs. 3,75,00,000
Claims Paid.....Rs. 10,50,00,000
ESTABLISHED 1885.
Special Policies and Low Quotations for—

FIRE	& SICKNESS
BURGLARY	FIDELITY
MOTOR CAR	GUARANTEE
MOTOR CYCLE	PLATE GLASS
BICYCLE	LIFT & HOIST
LIVE STOCK	DRIVING
ACCIDENT	ACCIDENTS

INSURANCES.
For Particulars and Proposal Forms apply to—
INDIAN BRANCH:—
25-14, Church Gate St. BOMBAY.
(P. O. Box 112)
Manager for India.—G. M. ROSE.

A weak stomach often rejects medicine that tastes bad. Better try Kasagra, which tastes so good that it has to be kept out of the children's way. The perfect laxative and constipation cure.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—
ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.
Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is repaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES
may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

ALL forms of Leprosy, Leucoderma, sores, piles, patches and various blood impurities cured in four weeks. Rs. 5 per week. Two day's medicines gratis for trial. LILY COTTAGE, Simla, Calcutta. 568

ALEXANDRA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE—The most popular Institution for expert training in Book-keeping, Accountancy, Shorthand, Banking. Terms very moderate. Apply PRINCIPAL opposite Whiteaway. 1804

FOUND.—On the Poona Race Course on Governor's Cup Day a LADY'S GOLD CIGARETTE CASE. Case will be returned on owner paying cost of advertisement. Apply to MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle."

D. C. BOTTLEWALLA, Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.
48, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons. 1548.

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 90, Esplanade Road. 882

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping & Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas, Laldas, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. 685

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona. Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

WANTED.

WANTED paying guest in modern well-ventilated flat on Cuffe Parade, E. L. and fans, good table. Apply to Box No. 100, care of this paper. 550

WANTED a qualified, steady and honest CUTTER for the Tailoring Department. Anglo-Indian preferred. Apply to M. MEYER, Merchant Street, Toungoo. 902

WANTED PATIENTS suffering from skin disease of any kind. Cure guaranteed after diagnosis. Apply Box No. 1, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1710

WANTED from 1st November a flat, two bed rooms, sitting and dining room. Electric lights, fans and modern conveniences essential. Locality within or near Fort preferred Apply 'X' Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 920

WANTED—PAYING GUESTS with English family in well situated flat on Cuffe Parade. Large, airy rooms. Electric light and fans. Hot and cold baths. Good table. Moderate charges. Apply to "N. O. R." care of this paper.

WANTED by educated middle aged Frenchman, pupils for French—ladies and gentlemen wishing to learn the language quickly and thoroughly, Apply "Teacher" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 910

WANTED for Mercantile Firm, preferably a Pensioner well versed in correspondence having worked in Civil and Military Departments office. Apply with copies of testimonials or service book stating age and lowest salary expected to Box No. 538, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1770

WANTED on the 1st October, 1915, a thoroughly experienced Cook, clean, and capable, no other need apply, to work under a Khansamah. Good wages to a suitable man.
Original testimonials must be sent, which shall be returned.
Apply the SECRETARY, Punjab Club, Lahore. 802

WANTED ambitious youths to undergo EXPERT PERSONAL TUITION in "SLOAN-DUPLOYAN" Shorthand, "TOUCH" Type-writing, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Correspondence, Book-keeping, etc. Fees suit all pockets. Proficiency Guaranteed and Situations Secured. Educated "helpless" Orphans Admitted Free.
CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE,
46, Kalbadevi Road Bombay.

WANTED—A GRADUATE in Civil Engineering of any recognized University or a qualified upper subordinate for the post of a District Supervisor, for the District Council, Raipur, C. P. on a monthly salary of Rs. 125 rising to Rs. 150 with a horse allowance of Rs. 25.
SECRETARY,
District Council, Raipur.
Dated the 11th September, 1915. 1779

WANTED.

BOOTMAKER—WANTED for Calcutta an ASSISTANT, well up in good class bespoke work, must be able to cut patterns and control labour Apply with copies of testimonials, stating salary required to CUTHBERTSON & HARPER, 10, Government Place, Calcutta. 903

KARACHI PORT TRUST.—Offers are invited for a Lancashire Boiler 28ft. x 7ft. working pressure 125 lbs. made by Tinkers Ltd. Apply to the CHIEF ENGINEER, Karachi Port Trust. 1809

WANTED a LADY TEACHER to teach English to Mahomedan Ladies of respectable family. Apply to Box No. 539, c/o Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1813

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT as PROOF-READER. Permanent work for certain or extra hours preferred. Prompt and efficient execution. Apply to Box No. 537, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1797

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder, Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road; Rents from Rs. 25 to Rs. 125. Apply
MANAGER,
1657 Watson's Annexe.

WANTED.—Respectable firms desiring to be represented by LOCAL AGENTS in a progressive Native State. Good reference supplied. Write with full details to "LOCAL AGENTS," c/o. "The Bombay Chronicle." 1692

WANTED—One 1st class MECHANICAL ENGINEER who must have previous working experience of Marshall's compound trip gear engines for the Cotton Ginning Co., Ld. Khanna District Ludhiana Punjab. Apply stating terms to—
PYAN LAL,
Manager.
1798

WANTED immediately a PUMPING PLANT in the shape of an oil engine or suction gas plant and centrifugal pump for local water works.
Required amount of water 25,000 to 30,000 gallons per hour on 100 ft. total lift.
Apply giving every particular to THE MUNICIPAL OFFICER, Jamnagar. 1810

WANTED an ASSISTANT ENGINEER for the Calcutta Electrical Division of the Public Works Department. Salary Rs. 350 rising by annual increments of Rs. 30 to Rs. 500 per mensem.
Qualifications required:—A good general education, three years' training in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering in a recognised Technical School or College, with at least three years' subsequent practical experience (specially of armature winding and repairs) in a recognised Mechanical or Mechanical and Electrical Engineering Firm.
Applications will be received by THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, in the Public Works Department, up to the 30th September, 1915. They should be in the applicant's own handwriting, and should state age, present salary and position. Copies of testimonials should be submitted. None need apply who does not fulfill all the above requirements. 901

FOR SALE.

ENGLISH DESSERT WALNUTS and APPLES, 9lbs. nett, by V. P. Parcel-post, for Rs. 3-8, all charges included. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON, The Manali Orchards, Kulu, Panjab. Telegrams, Banon, Kulu. 1655

FOR SALE—A RUSTON OIL ENGINE of 20 BHP in good working order. Apply to OMIAR FOUNDERY, near Byculla Bridge, Post Mazagon. 1811

LADIES and GENTLEMEN going abroad may advantageously sell their furniture, piano, etc., in one lot to No. 7, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1573

LARGE commodious BUNGALOW FOR SALE or HIRE near Peachy Phipson Sanatarium near Nasik Road Station with a large compound. For particulars apply to A. E. LAL & SONS, Nasik. 1812

VARNISHES, PAINTS, ETC.—Best Indian manufactured "PARROT BRAND" Varnishes, Polishes etc., are really worthy a trial. Superior in quality yet cheaper in value. Manufactured by INDIAN CHEMICO-INDUSTRIAL WORKS, Bardoli, Dt. Surat. 1354

WRITE SHORT STORIES! Rex Beach, Jack London, and others had to begin. Their first stories brought a few pounds; later sold for £1,200 each. Rs. 2 course showing how and what to write, how and where to sell. Address W. BREAKY, Shillong, Assam. 1814

TO BE LET

TO BE LET—French family have large airy room, English bath, with board for two, Rs. 125 each, E. L. F. lift, Wodehouse Road. Apply "Room", Advt. Dept., "The Bombay Chronicle." 909

TO BE LET.—MEHTA VILLA, Lamington Road, behind Byculla Club. Drawing Room, 5 Bedrooms, Verandah, Stable. etc. Latest Sanitary Fittings. Apply within. 1682

LIGHT, AIRY and convenient Offices to be let at small rentals to suit tenants. Electric Lift, Light and Fans. No Agents. Apply to SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co., 16, Apollo Street. 552

NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TERMINABLE LOAN.

NOTICE AS TO THE CONDITIONS ON WHICH THE PUBLIC MAY SUBSCRIBE THROUGH THE POST OFFICE.

The Government are raising this year's loan in a new form carrying 4 per cent. interest. It will be repaid in full not later than November 1923. but Government can repay it if they wish any time after October, 1920.

2. Rs. 4½ crores have already been raised in the usual way by the receipt of applications at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and other large centres, and, so far, the loan is now closed. But in addition a special opportunity is being given to persons who wish to take up the loan in small amounts, whether they are savings bank depositors or not, of subscribing through the nearest post office which transacts savings bank business.

HOW TO SUBSCRIBE.

3. Applications through the post office can be made any time up to the 30th October.

4. Applications must be for even hundreds of rupees and for not less than Rs. 100 and not more, in the case of any one applicant, than Rs. 5,000.

NOTE.—An applicant may apply for the new loan up to Rs. 5,000, notwithstanding that he alread holds 3½ per cent. Promissory notes previously purchased through the Post Office.

5. A person desiring to apply must fill up the form below which can also be obtained at any post office which transacts savings bank business. He must at the same time pay the full amount for which he applies. For this purpose he can use the money in his savings bank account if he is a savings bank depositor, or he can pay in cash direct. The applicant may go to the post office himself or send a messenger. All amounts paid will be acknowledged.

6. For every Rs. 100 which the applicant pays he will receive Government Promissory notes for the same amount.

CUSTODY OF PROMISSORY NOTES.

7. The notes may either be kept by the applicant in his own custody or, if he prefers, they may be retained in the custody of the post office authorities on his behalf. He should state which method he prefers in filling up the form of application. If he wishes to keep the notes himself, the post office will advise him when they are ready for delivery, and, on his presenting himself personally, they will be made over to him. If he decides to leave them with the post office, his personal attendance will not again be required, but the post office will send him an intimation, in due course that they have been received and are held on his behalf. Should he at a later date desire to keep the notes himself, they will then be made over to him

PAYMENT OF INTEREST.

8. Interest at 4 per cent. a year will be paid half-yearly, i.e. 2 per cent. on the 31st May and 2 per cent. on the 30th November every year. For the broken period from the date of subscription to the 30th November next, interest will be paid in cash at the time, the Promissory notes are delivered if the applicant keeps them himself, or will be credited into the saving bank account mentioned in the next paragraph if he leaves the notes in the custody of the post office authorities.

9. If the applicant decides to leave his Promissory notes in the custody of the post office authorities, the latter will draw the interest for him regularly each half year and credit the amount into a saving bank account which will be opened for this purpose in his name. The post office will also inform him from time to time whenever interest is thus received. No charge will be levied for this service, and no income tax will be deducted in making the half-yearly payments of interest.

If he keeps the Promissory notes himself, income tax will be deducted from interest in the usual way at the time the half-yearly payments are made.

SALE OF PROMISSORY NOTES.

10. If at any time a savings bank depositor who holds Promissory notes in this new loan, which have been purchased through the post office by the procedure here described, desires to sell them again, or any part of them, the post office will arrange this for him without charging brokerage or other fees. Full particulars asto is can be obtained from the post office atany time.

FORM OF APPLICATION.

I .....
hereby apply for Rupees.....
of the four per cent. terminable loan advertised in the Notification published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, dated the 28th July, 1915.

I deposit herewith Rs.....being equivalent of the amount of loan applied for by me at par.

I request that Rs.....being equivalent of the amount of loan applied for by me at par may be made available for this purpose from the balance standing to my credit in the Post Office Savings Bank.

In payment for the amount of loan applied for by me at par I deposit herewith Rs.....and request that the balance, viz Rs. .....may be made available from the amount at my credit in the Post Office Savings Bank.

I request that the amount of the loan allotted to me may be held by the Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, on my behalf, and interest credited periodically to my Post Office Savings Bank Account.

I request that the amount of the loan allotted to me may be delivered to me in Promissory Notes of the following denominations.*

Score through unnecessary clauses.

Name .....
Address .....
Date.....1915.

[The form here given can be cut out and used if desired.]

NOTICES

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB,

NOTICE.

GENERAL MEETING.

THE next HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Club Members of the Western India Turf Club will be held at the Racecourse, Poona, at 8 a.m. on SATURDAY, 25th September, 1915.

AGENDA.

1. To pass the accounts for the year ending 31st March 1915.
2. To consider the question of altering the present By-laws regarding election to Club Membership.
3. To consider certain proposed alterations to the Rules of Racing relating to the ageing of horses.
4. To discuss any other business brought forward.

Note.—Members desirous of bringing forward any subject for discussion or asking questions regarding the accounts, are requested to intimate the same to the Secretary at least 7 days before the Meeting.

(By order)
J. REYNOLDS,
Ag. Secretary,
Western India Turf Club.
Poona, 24th August, 1915. 1586

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC BRANCH.)

AN EXAMINATION will be held in dictation at the Central Telegraph Office in Bombay and Karachi on Monday, the 11th Octobebr, 1915, for 15 appointments as LOCAL SCALE probationers in the ANGLO-INDIAN portion of the signalling establishment of this Department, Bombay Circle. Men candidates must be between the ages of 15 and 26 years and women candidates between the ages of 16 and 20 years and must have PASSED the VII Standard of a European School and the VI of an English Teaching School. Applications accompanied by birth, school and nationality certificates IN ORIGINAL must be made to the Postmaster-General, Telegraphic Traffic Branch, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than the 29th September, 1915. No applications will be considered unless accompanied by the certificates mentioned above IN ORIGINAL. Candidates should state where they wish to be examined. Probationers will receive an allowance of Rs. 20 a month while under training (extending over a period of 12 months) and if successful in the final examination will be appointed as Local Scale Telegraphists within the limits of the Bombay Circle including Sind.

A. BROKENSHAW,
For Postmaster-General,
Telegraph Traffic Branch,
Bombay Circle.
Bombay, 14th September, 1915. 1794

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT NOTICE
No. Emb-9.

THE Asst-Director of S. and T., 6th Divisional Area, invites written offers, which will be opened at the Office of the Embarkation Supply No. 7 Shed, Alexandra Docks, Bombay, at 12 noon (S. T.), on Saturday, the 25th September, 1915, for the supply of Indian food stuffs and grain as per following schedule, from the 1st November, 1915, to the 31st January, 1916, required for shipment to Forces Overseas.

2. Forms of tender and schedules with specifications of the several items and any further particulars are obtainable on application in writing to the Asst-Director of S. and T., 6th Divisional Area at Poona.

3. No earnest money will be required.

Articles required to be supplied	Where required.
1. Rice	To be delivered at the Alexandra Docks, Bombay, at such time or times and in such quantities as may be required by the Embarkation Supply Officer, Bombay.
2. Ghi	
3. Goor	
4. Dhal of sorts	
5. Gram parched	
6. Chillies	
7. Turmeric	
8. Garlic	
9. Ginger	
10. Sugar	
11. Pepper	
12. Limejuice	
13. Powa	
14. Dried fruits	
15. Tamarind	
16. Oats (whole)	
17. Gram (whole)	
18. Barley (whole)	
19. Bran	
20. Nitre	
21. Crushing of Grain	

There are no fixed quantities, either minimum or maximum, supplies as required will be taken.

G. W. PALIN, Col.,
Asst.-Director of S. and T.,
6th (Poona) Divl: Area.
Poona, 13-9-15. 1786

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 125 of 1913.
HAJI GANI HAJI USMAN .....Plaintiff.
v.
HAJI USMAN ABA and others. ...Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 7th day of August, 1914, the following immoveable property will be sold by public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon. Court at his office in the Court House on Saturday the 25th day of September, 1915 at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All the right title and interest of the Plaintiff and Defendants abovenamed in all that piece of land at Chinchwad sub-district of Haweli Taluka Poona in the Registration sub-district of Haweli under Survey No. 197 measuring three acres and thirty-two-and-half Gunthas or thereabouts Government Tax Rupees eight annas two and pies three the boundaries whereof are on the East by the passage on the West by the land of Moru bin Sayaji Gawad and others on the North by the Bombay Road and on the South by the Road and beyond it by the ground of Haji Miyaji Lochar together with the buildings huts and building materials trees of different kind and shrubs and wells, water passages, drains, canals and all the other erections and appurtenances thereto.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Mulla & Mulla Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 23 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 14th day of August 1915.
J. E. MODI,
Commissioner.

Affidavit as to due publication of Advertisement and posting of the proclamation to be filed before 12 o'clock on the day of Sale in Commissioner's Office. 1750

NOTICES

THE MORARJEE GOCULDASS SPINNING & WEAVING CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FORTY-FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office in Tamarind Lane, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of September, 1915, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 30th June 1915.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Tehmurasp Rustomji Nowroji Cama in place of Mr. Navroji Pestonji Cama deceased.
4. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from Monday, the 20th September, to Saturday, the 9th October, 1915, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
MORARJEE GOCULDAS & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Tamarind Lane, Fort,
Bombay, 10th September, 1915.
1799

THE NEW CITY OF BOMBAY MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND, for the half year ended 30th June, 1915, at the rate of Rs. 25 (Rupees Twenty-five) per share, (free of Income tax), will be paid on production of Share Certificates on and after MONDAY, the 27th September, 1915, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 42-48, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, between the hours of 12-0 noon and 3.30 p.m. (excepting Saturdays when it will be paid between 12-0 noon and 1-30 p.m.), (S. T.), to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on Wednesday, the 15th September, 1915.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, the 15th September, to Wednesday, the 29th September, 1915, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.
BRADBURY & CO.,
Bombay, 26th August, 1915. 1802

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SALE OF BUILDINGS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock, on THURSDAY, the 30th September, 1915, for the demolition and the removal of the materials of the old Government Central Press, Fort, Bombay. Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained at the office of the undersigned. The Superintending Engineer, Northern Division, reserves the right to reject any tender or tenders and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any tender. Tender forms and conditions of sale will be issued on payment of the usual fees during office hours, either on personal application or by duly authorized Agents. Security deposit of Rs. 3,000 (three thousand) only, in cash or in Government Promissory Notes, should accompany each tender.

A. H. WHYTE, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 14th September, 1915. 1808

AUCTION SALE

GANDHI & CO

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

52. Medows Street.

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

NOTICE OF SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, AT PACHORA.

The immoveable property known as the Nathu Lalji Ginning and Pressing Factory, and belonging to the estate of the deceased Nathu Lalji, situate at Pachora, in Khandesh District, will be sold by Public Auction, on the premises, at 4 p.m. on SUNDAY, the 3rd October 1915 under the direction of the Receivers of the said property appointed in High Court Suit No. 765 of 1910.

Private offers for purchase of the said property will also be received and considered and the same can be made to the Solicitors of the Receivers.

Information as to particulars and conditions of sale, etc., can be had at the Office of Messrs. Madhavji Kamdar and Chhotubhai. Solicitors for the Receivers, at their Office, situate at Esplanade Road, in Bombay.

WEEKLY SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 18th September, at 2.30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, first floor, No. 52, Medows Street, Fort (opposite Tarachand Pursram), rich teak and black wood office and household furniture including velvet lined cushion drawing room suites, fancy tapestry lined drawing room suites, single and double almyrahs, washing tables, wooden and marble top centre tables, meatsafes, teak and black wood single and double cots, verandah benches, cloth screen, cloth and gown presses, glass and panel door book cases, chhatai arm chairs, tiled fancy teapoys, bookstand, fancy leather and tapestry lined sofas, cupboard in two pieces, Chinoy vases, writing and lady's tables, flower pot stand, cane easy chairs, phonographs, records, etc., etc.

By order of the concerned:
1 Brand new Safe with stand.
The property of a private gentleman:
2 Panel door cupboards, 1 cloth and gown press, chhatai arm chairs, centre tables.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 18th September, 1915.

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AUCTION SALE

MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. Ry. LISTS

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

Residence Telephone No. 696.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF 81 CHESTS LEAF TEA.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 18th September, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their offices by order of Messrs. Manilal Amthalal and Bros. and on account and at the risk of:—

Shah Hiralal Gulabchand.

11 Chests Nilgiri Orange Peko Leaf Tea each 100 lbs.

S. A. M. Mir (Yahudi Abuddin Minisia).

70 Chests Calcutta Leaf Tea.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 HACK VICTORIA AND 6 HORSES.

On WEDNESDAY, the 22nd September, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at Nana's Stables, at Chira Bazar (opposite Govindji Vassanji, Confectioner), by order of the Mortgagee Mr. Maneklal Coorji and on account and at the risk of Bibi Bai, widow of Haji Essack Abdul Rehman.

3 Hack Victorias, Nos. 1320, 1420 and 1430 and 6 Horses.

Cash will be required at the time of sale and the Victorias and Horses shall have to be removed the same day.

IMPORTANT TO INVESTORS.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT GIRGAUM BACK ROAD.

On SATURDAY, the 2nd October, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will, by order of the Mortgagees Messrs. Adaibhan Shobhaji and Co., and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Bai Mathrabai Gosalkar and Madhavrao Narayan Patankar, sell by Public Auction, the following valuable landed property on the premises.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate lying and being at Girgaum Back Road outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 250 1/10 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140. New No. P/1214, Old Survey No. 6 and New Survey No. 13/7410 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D. Ward No. 1615 and Street No. 3, and bounded as follows:—On the East by the property of Vinakrao Dhondiraj Bivalkar, on the West by the common passage leading to Girgaum Back Road, on the north by the plot No. 15A of the said Oart, and on the South by the plot No. 4 of the said Oart and which and all the said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the Mortgagors and their tenants.

For further particulars, conditions of sale and inspection of Title Deeds, application may be made to Messrs. Khunderao Laud and Mehta, Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their office at Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE OF A LARGE VACANT PLOT OF LAND AT CHINCHPOKLI, KALA CHOWKY ROAD, NEXT TO THE WESTERN INDIA MILLS AND A VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, AT KAMATIPURA 13TH STREET.

Under instructions from Mr. Chandoolal Vajubhai Divan and Mr. Gajanand Bhimrao, the Mortgagees, under Indentures of Mortgage, dated the 23rd of July, 1914, and on account and the risk of the Mortgagor Lakhmidas Pragji, Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, the following very valuable landed properties on the respective premises on the days and times mentioned below.

LOT No. 1.

PROPERTY AT CHINCHPOKLI SALE ON MONDAY, THE 11TH OCTOBER, AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.), ON THE PREMISES.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Chinchpokli without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement one thousand two hundred and fifty square yards or thereabouts assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F. Ward Nos. 1071 (13) 1071 (14), Street Nos. 31L, 31M and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2, New No. 14467 and New Survey No. 2508 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property formerly belonging to Ishriprasad Mathuraprasad but now to Bhavoo Damji, on or towards the West and North by the property belonging to the Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Limited, and on or towards the South by the Kala Chowky Road.

LOT No. 2.

PROPERTY AT KAMATIPURA 13TH STREET, SALE ON TUESDAY, THE 12TH OCTOBER AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.), ON THE PREMISES.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Government Land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure containing by admeasurement three hundred and forty-nine square yards or

AUCTION SALE

MEHTA & Co., (Continued.)

thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2926, New No. 9896, Old Survey No. 2/2835-4411 and New Survey No. 2/8415 together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under E. Ward Nos. 2021, 2022 and 2023 and Street Nos. 15, 17 (1) 19 and 21 and bounded on or towards the East by a passage and beyond that partly by the property of Bora Mahomedally Bhaijibhai partly by the property of Pinto John Sebastian, on or towards the West by a passage and beyond that by the property of Moehi Laxman Pomeji, on or towards the North by a sweeper's passage and on or towards the South by the said 13th Kamatipura Street together with their rights, easements and appurtenances.

For further particulars, conditions of sale and inspection of title deeds, application may be made to Messrs. Daphtary Ferreria and Divan, Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their offices at 109, Medows Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th September, 1915.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

24-26, BANK STREET, FORT.

BONA FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE, TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, THE 19TH SEPTEMBER, AT 2.30 P.M. (S. T.),

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY to secure chandeliers, life size old oil-paintings, c-y-stoleum paintings, old engravings, large size orchestra (music organ), 10 x 7 x 4 feet size, large marble vases, historical pictures, large pier glasses, handsome English and teak and blackwood furniture, etc., etc.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY the 19th day of September 1915 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill in Mr. Hormasji Bomanji Jejibhoy's bungalow opposite the old Cumballa Hotel, very valuable and handsome English teakwood and blackwood household furniture comprising large blackwood dining table to seat 30 persons large oval dining table, dinner and dumbwaiters, hall sofas, chairs, handsome cabinets, table ornaments, English and teakwood bedsteads, chiffoniers, writing tables, book cases, cupboards, books, vase lamps, tables, chairs, etc., etc.

2 Large 9 x 6 feet pier glasses in Massive gilt frames.

18, 12, 8, 6 and 4 lights hanging chandeliers by Nesh and other makers.

10 x 4 feet orchestra (large music organ) by Emhop and Mukle, London, with 14 music barrels.

1 Large Hall music organ with 5 barrels.

1 pair 10 x 6½ feet oil paintings in massive gilt frames H. R. M. King Edward the 7th and H. R. M. Queen Alexandra.

1 pair crystoleum oil paintings.

2 old engravings (The Meeting of Wellington and Blucher on the evening of victory at Waterloo and Nelson receiving the sword on Board the San Josef February 14th 1797.).

Old Monastery oil paintings with timepieces, solid marble vases and figures, large taj model in case, solid marble round table.

Old china marble sofas, etc., etc.

THE PROPERTY OF HORMASJI BOMANJI JIJIBHOY ESQR.

Catalogus are published and the property is on view.

PROPERTY OF ANOTHER GENTLEMAN.

1 Handsome light rubber tyred cabriolette by Windover.

1 "Argyll" 4 seated 14 H.P. motor car with hood.

1 very elegant specially made to order square shaped, side closed bicycle wheeled English brougham by Hooper, London, very little and carefully used, cane be seen by appointment.

1 Coventry Humber 5 seated Motor Car with hood, lamps, stepney and accessories, etc.

N. B.—We recommend cinematograph owners to see the large orchestra large organ.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th September, 1915.

G. M. JAYAKAR

ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER

GIRGAON, BOMBAY.

Photos by Day and Night.

Pastles Painting a Speciality.

Perfect satisfaction in Snap Shots of Children.

Office, School and College Groups at special reduced rates.

Amateure Work done promptly and cheap

A visit is solicited.

Studio open daily from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

The man who doesn't care what happens generally has constipation. No wonder he feels bad. Ought to take Kasagra, the pleasant liquid laxative, and see how much brighter things look. B 10

BANKING

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

12, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £562,500
Reserve Fund £300,000
Head Office: 15, Gracechurch Street, London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Sub-Branch Howrah (Calcutta) Delhi, Rangoon, Madras, Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Kuala-Lumpur, Kota-Bahri (Kelantan), Penang, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balance up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from November 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

Branches at Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £900,000
Reserve Fund £55,000

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Manager.

Did you ever have a headache that simply wouldn't stop? Tried everything with no result? But not Stearns' Headache Cure. Try it next time. C 10

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 17.

Jeddah	Loftus	Marseilles
Baron Fairlie	Macdonald	Calcutta

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 17.

Bahrein	Bonnet	Aden
Kasara	Ellis	Busreh
Nurani	Thompson	Calcutta

The following steamers received port clearance yesterday:—

Steamer	Chakdina	for Durban
,,	Barpeta	for Busreh
,,	Loredano	for Calcutta.

Friday, September 17, 1915

S. S. Jeddah:—The steamer Jeddah, 2,923 tons, Captain E. Loftus, arrived here yesterday from Marseilles which port she left on the 27th ultimo and called at Port Said, Suez and Aden, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Baron Fairlie:—The steamer Baron Fairlie, 2,323 tons, Captain D. Macdonald arrived here yesterday from Calcutta, with coal as cargo.

S. S. Nurani:—The steamer Nurani 2,570 tons, Captain W. Thomson, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, in water ballast.

S. S. Chakdina:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Chakdina 1,579 tons, Captain G. R. Elton, will sail to-day for Durban via Porebunder Lamoo, Mombassa and other ports, with general goods and passengers on board.

S. S. Barpeta:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Barpeta, 1,876 tons, Captain S. A. Morgan, will sail to-day for Busreh via Karachi, and Persian Gulf Ports, with the same bottom cargo.

S. S. Loredano:—The steamer Loredano 2,652 tons Captain A. Giacopello, will sail to-day for Calcutta, via Colombo and Madras with a general and same bottom cargo.

S. S. Scindia:—The Anchor Line steamer Scindia homeward bound arrived at Marseilles on the 15th instant.

S. S. Yeboshi Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Yeboshi Maru left Singapore for Hongkong (Homeward bound) on the 15th instant.

S. S. Jinsen Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Jinsen Maru (Homeward bound) arrived at Hongkong on the 14th instant.

S. S. Kashmir:—The P. & O. steamer Kashmir which left Bombay on the 22nd ultimo arrived in London on Thursday the 16th instant. All well.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A. Titanis	Knudsen	T. M. & Co
B. Kamakura Maru	Kawabara	N. Y. Kaisha
C. & R. Rinaldo	Gordon	J. F. & Co
D. & E. Soesaoku Maru	Kuchiki	O. S. K. Kaisha
F. Rheinfels		K. N. & Co
H. Moras	Koence	L. Ebrahimji
K. Clivegrove	Carling	J. Mackintosh & Co
N. Ethebryhta	Mudd	J. F. & Co
O. Barton	Thompson	J. Finlay & Co
P. Chakdina	Elton	M. M. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Kaveri		K. N. & Co
Netravati		K. N. & Co
Ponani		K. N. & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Loredano	Geacpello	Venice S. N. Co
2 wartenfels	McKenzie	W. & A. G. & Co
3 Akbar	Murch	T. M. & Co
5 Roma	Cogiolo	I. S. N. Co
6 Hempstead	Hunter	T. M. & Co
7 Barrington Court		J. M. & Co
8 Zafrani	Weeks	H. S. Bhoorty
9 Worsley Hall	Gyay	Killick Nixon Co
14 Lhasa		M. M. & Co
15 Barpeta	Morgan	M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Novara	Hetherington	P. & Co.
2 Varsova		M. M. & Co
3 Barbera	Steadman	M. M. & Co
4 Kaiser-i-Hind	Bennett	P. & O. Co
5 Subadar	Crebbin	M. M. & Co
6 Elysia	Kinnaird	W. & A. G. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Meteor	Remmersen	W. & A. G. & Co

M. D. D.

K. Vita	Cormack	M. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Aviemoor	Williams	M. M. & Co
Baron Fairlie	Macdonald	
Buyo Maru	Kametaka	haw Wallace & Co
Clan Buchanan	Proterfield	
Clan Macfaden	Miller	
Glenmoor	Runbellow	
Helsa	Berg	F. E. Campbell & Co
Jeddah	Loftus	T. M. & Co
Koweit	Wilson	T. M. & Co
Khosrou	Hannah	T. M. & Co
Kinkon Maru	Tenjimoto	G. Arbuthnot & Co
Langhton Hall	Parrington	W. & A. G. & Co
Lord Cromer	Fellows	W. & A. G. & Co
Malta	Talbot	P. & O Co
Ocean	Christiansen	The Bombay Co

EXPORTS.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Elysia (s) 400 casks goat skins E. N. Stein.

FOR GENOA.

Titania (s) 50 bales cotton J. A. Begbie & Co., 1,000 cwt. castor seed Volkart Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Novara (s) 170 bales cotton yarn M. H. Dehdashte, 260 bales cotton yarn David Sassoon & Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Novara (s) 190 bales cotton yarn David Sassoon & Co.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 17th September 1915, was 30.012 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial, barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. al aneroid readings should be increased by .135 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer, either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, 16th September, 1915.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 16 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr....	29.779 inches.
Temperature of Air	81.6 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76.7 "
Dew Point	75.0 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.807 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10).....	2.6 "
Maximum temperature of Air	86.3 "
Minimum do. do.	77.4 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight.....	ENE,NNW,NW.
Movement or Wind do. do.	153 miles.
Fall of Rain	0.00 inches
Total fall during month	5 97 "
Do. do. year	70.80 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of Sept. 17th.....	0.00 "

As now arranged the Special Tribunal for the trial of the supplementary Lahore sedition case will meet at Lahore towards the end of October. After the conclusion of its sittings Major Irvine will proceed home on furlough.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Sept. 17.

The all-India weather report shows that the rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, Bengal, Bihar, Central Provinces and Madras Deccan. The Punjab had further moderate falls. The depression, which was over Orissa yesterday, is near Allahabad this morning and is giving good rain. Conditions remain unsettled over the Bay.

The principal amounts are:—Daltonganje, Murree and Pendra 3 inches each Jalpaiguri, Madras and Bellary 2 each. Ambalia 1½, Roorkee, Hyderabad (Deccan) and Belgaum 1 each. Increase of rainfall in the United Provinces is forecasted.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 17th September, 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Lahore reports 0.12in. of rain and Ambala 1.30in. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is 14deg. F. below normal at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the extreme southern districts; Jhansi has had 0.17in. and Allahabad 0.21in. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Day temperature is in excess in the extreme western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and the adjacent parts of west Rajputana and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is in excess in upper Sind and at some stations in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. The air is damper than usual in Gujarat and Central India West. Day temperature is in excess except in the western half of Kathiawar; night temperature is also above normal in north Gujarat and at Neemuch.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been fairly general; Jubbulpore has had 0.35in., Saugor 1.65in., Hoshangabad 0.30in., Amraoti 0.11in., Nagpur 0.71in. and Chanda 0.41in. Skies are moderately clouded. Day temperature is in excess at some stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been fairly general in Hyderabad and local in the south Bombay Deccan; Belgaum has had 1.14in., Nizamabad 0.77in. and Hyderabad 1.22in. Skies are clear in the north Bombay Deccan and moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. Day temperature continues in excess.

General Remarks.—There has been an increase of precipitation to-day in the Punjab the United and the Central Provinces and the Deccan but a decrease on the north Madras Coast and in south-east Madras. Rainfall has been fairly general in the south United and the Central Provinces, Hyderabad and on the south Madras Coast and local in the north and the east Punjab, the south Bombay and the Madras Deccan and Mysore. Conditions remain unsettled in the Bay of Bengal.

Fairly general rain is likely in the Central Provinces and Hyderabad, local rain in the south Bombay and the Madras Deccan and the United Provinces and some showers in the Punjab and on the north Madras Coast. A few showers are possible in Rajputana and south-east Madras.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on FRIDAY, the 17th of September, 1915.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Rainfall Total 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	94.9	82.2	81	0		—0.01
Do. (16th)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jask	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	95.8	82.8	77	0		—0.17
Do. (16th)	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	99.8	79.8	67	0.65		—3.99
Rawalpindi	95	72.2	61	12.53		—3 21
Lahore	84.6	73.4	95	0.12	4 15	—10.54
Hissar	96.7	77.6	71	5.91	..	..
Ambala	91.9	72.1	97	1.30	20.31	—2.02
Delhi	93.0	76.0	92	0.02	8.67	—13.39
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	99.1	78.0	76	0.06	14.08	—8.77
Mainpuri	94.3	79.1	87	..	20.91	—1.19
Jhansi	97.1	74.8	81	0.17	18 31	—14.19
Cawnpore	92.8	78. 9	89	..	50.99	20.25
Allahabad	91.8	77.3	93	0.21	37.81	5.64
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	105.1	79.8	59	..	0 06	—2.18
Karachi	84.7	75.9	88	..	0.25	—5.85
Ajmer	93.2	76.2	70	..	7.85	—10.53
Jalpore	96.5	77.7	67	0.09	9.38	—11.54
Kotah	97.8	82 2	55	..	13.92	—11.52
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	92.4	76.4	75	..	3.69	—9 12
Dwarka	84.7	75.4	86	..	7.52	—5.99
Veraval	83.1	74.5	82	..	7.49	—9.08
Rajkot	96.9	72.8	71	..	6.98	—17.14
Bhavnagar Para	99.2	77.2	77	..	8.29	—10.59
Surat	92.9	76.3	73	..	21.43	—15.79
Ahmedabad	99.8	79.4	69	..	9.11	—19.00
Deesa	98.7	78.5	66	..	4.80	—18.06
Neemuch	96.1	75.8	50	..	12.60	—13.34
Indore	92.6	70.9	74	..	19.72	—8.49
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	89.7	73.5	91	0.35	54.03	15.65
Saugor	91.8	70.2	93	1.65	36.97	—2.86
Hoshangabad	90.9	72.8	92	0.30	36.96	—6.08
Khandwa	92.1	75.3	68	..	21.09	—4 17
Akola	93.3	75.5	73	..	23.61	—4.69
Amraoti	92.5	73.2	83	0.11	26.92	0.40
Nagpur	91.7	73.7	76	0.71	29.29	—1.10
Chanda	88.7	73.4	88	0.41	34.46	—0.63
Raipur	83.5	75.1	89	0.07	43.82	2.42
KONKAN—						
Bombay	86.3	77.4	89	..	69.39	4.11
Ratnagiri	84.9	75.1	79	..	92.41	0.61
Murmugao	83.6	76.1	91	..	77.09	—6.18
Karwar	86.8	76.0	91	..	86.23	—21.33
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	94.6	68.6	71	..	16.08	0 33
Ahmednagar	91.0	65.0	70	..	19.32	3 87
Poona	88.6	66.7	80	..	27.21	9.12
Sholapur	90.7	72.9	81	0.03	9.03	—2.89
Bijapur	83.6	67.5	90	1.14	35.33	—0.70
Belgaum	89.9	62.5	73	..	22.52	0.50
Aurangabad	83.8	70.9	90	0.77	28.42	—4.88
Nizamabad (Indur)	77.6	70.8	81	1.22	36.80	14.63
Hyderabad	..	..	..	..	..	..
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	85.1	77.0	90	..	83.38	—21.78
Calicut	82.8	76.3	95	..	79.49	—6.38
Cochin	86.5	77.6	86	..	71.53	2.28
Colombo	82.1	75.3	89	0.03	22.88	3.82
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	86.1	77.2	91	..	32.58	11.54
Bellary	93.3	68.0	92	2.14	14.60	6.03
Cuddapah	94.3	78.2	82	0.01	11.21	—5.55
Madras	85.9	72.8	81	0.17	18 31	—14.19
Bangalore	87.2	67.0	92	0.30	15.09	—1.24
Coimbatore	89.2	72.4	84	..	6.45	1.63
Trichinopoly	94.1	76.4	74	..	6.62	—2.60
Negapatam	89	9 78.1	85	..	7.48	—1.88

The case in which Mistri Asmatullah, proprietor of a ginning factory at Lahore, is alleged to have offered resistance to Mr. Newland of the Lahore Fire Brigade in extinguishing fire in his factory, came on for hearing before Mr. Wingate, Personal Assistant to the Deputy Commissioner, Lahore. Mistri Asmatullah put in an application for the case being heard *de novo* as Mr. Barry, Magistrate, who was previously hearing the case, has been transferred. The case was adjourned to 2nd October.

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"THE PERILS OF PAULINE"

FULL PROGRAMME

1. **The Tchin Fou Troupe of Chinese Acrobats** ....*Variety Turn.*
2. **Gazette 336** ....*Topical*
3. **Rustic Venice** ....*Travel Colored.*
4. **PERILS OF PAULINE** 4th & 5th Episodes.
5. **When the Lion Roared.** ....*Comic.*

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"The Perils of Pauline" becomes more and more interesting as the story goes on. We would urge you to come to this theatre to see them. They are wholesome, clean, and yet intensely thrilling. The players engaged in its making should alone guarantee the productions. They are pictures you can safely bring your wife, your sweetheart or your children to see. There is no vulgarity—nothing to put foolish ideas into anyone's head. But the action is fast and spectacular, with a streak of villainy which makes the love of Pauline and Harry stand out in strong contrast. We urge you to come to see "The Perils of Pauline." You will be more than pleased.

TO OUR PATRONS

We can safely say that "The Perils of Pauline" has made a bigger hit with our patrons than any other series of pictures which we have ever shown in this theatre. We consider that the Electric Film Company have produced a masterpiece, and we would strongly advise that you come to this theatre to see the remarkable attempts that the villains make to secure Pauline's fortune, the thrilling perils through which she passes, and the resourceful way in which her brave lover and protector Harry foils them, or attempts to foil them, in each instance. "The Perils of Pauline" is played by the greatest stars in the moving picture world. Crane Wilbur plays the part of Harry Marvin, Pearl White is Pauline, Paul Panzer is Owen, Francis Carlisle is Hicks, Eleanor Woodruff is Miss Sampson. These great stars guarantee to our patrons the quality of the acting, while the author, Mr. Charles Goddard, well known throughout theatrical circles as the author of star plays, insures the action and the interesting story. You will miss one of the biggest things in moving pictures if you do not see "The Perils of Pauline" here.

FULL PROGRAMME

1. **The Tchin Fou Troupe of Chinese Acrobats** ....*Variety Turn.*
2. **Gazette 336** ....*Topical.*
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4. **PERILS OF PAULINE** 4th & 5th Episodes.
5. **When the Lion Roared.** ....*Comic.*

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COMMERCIAL.

AUSTRALIAN BUDGET.

Mr. Fisher, the Commonwealth Premier, in his financial statement, said that the revenue for 1914-15 was estimated at £23,273,000. The revenue received was £22,411,000, in addition to which there was the War Loan from the British Government of £14,100,000, and Treasury bills in aid of revenue £312,000, making the total receipts £36,823,000. The total expenditure was estimated at £37,583,000. The actual expenditure was £38,048,000, including special war expenditure—naval, £4,406,000, and military £10,386,000; total £14,792,000.

The estimated revenue for 1915-16 was £23,540,000, to which must be added the War Loan from the British Government £10,400,000, Australian War Loan £20,000,000, Income-tax £4,000,000. The estimated receipts are £57,940,000. The estimated expenditure for 1915-16 was £74,043,000, including special war expenditure—military £38,460,000, naval £7,289,000, interest and sinking fund £1,305,000, and war pensions £500,000. The deficit will amount to £16,103,000.

The naval expenditure would include—for chartered transport £7,300,000, for enemy vessels used as transports £200,000, special expenditure for equipping and maintaining war vessels £789,000, less £1,000,000 estimated receipts for cargo carried by transports. The military expenditure would include cost of expeditionary forces £38,200,000. Other services £196,000 citizen forces mobilised £64,000.

Mr. Fisehr stated that the additional funds for emergency purposes would be raised by a loan, and at the same time expressed the opinion that Australia's resources were greater than people thought. The circulation of Australian notes last Monday was £34,635,000. The gold reserve was £12,016,000. The banks had agreed to lodge £10,386,000 in gold for notes, and £5,106,000 had already been lodged.

SUPPLY OF SACKS.

ENQUIRIES FROM EGYPT AND AUSTRALIA.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

In April last the Egyptian Government referred to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the question of the supply of sacks for the Ministry of Agriculture. They asked for an opinion on the proposal that the requirements of the Ministry should be put to tender in India. The Chamber replied to the effect that it was doubtful if shippers of jute goods would tender, unless the Ministry were prepared to purchase on ordinary N. I. F. terms. They forwarded a list of members of the Jute Fabrics Shippers' Association, from which they thought that the Ministry might select firms of standing to undertake business. They explained also that there was nothing to prevent the Ministry from stipulating that the goods should be passed as proper tender prior to shipment by a survey certificate of the Chamber.

In the course of subsequent correspondence the Ministry said they would prefer to put the requirements up to a formal tender, rather than to deal with a firm or firms. They asked if the Chamber could undertake to call for tenders, to open them and to accept the best offer or to obtain cable acceptance from them. If this were not possible, the Chamber might, they suggested, advise them to the best procedure to be adopted to ensure that the usual guarantees for execution of contracts were obtained.

The Committee in reply expressed their regret that they could not undertake to call for tenders. They were still of opinion that the most feasible plan would be to have sacks bought through a firm of shippers in Calcutta. Certain enquiries were made by the Ministry in regard to the prices, war risk, etc., and in respect of these the Chamber gave the required information.

The Melbourne Chamber of Commerce asked information from the Bengal Chamber as to the approximate purchases of the number of corn sacks for the Australian market and more particularly for Victoria. The Bengal Chamber has now replied regretting their inability to assist them in the matter.

WINTER OILSEEDS FORECAST.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

The supplementary forecast for the winter oil-seeds (rape mustard and linseed) for 1914-15, states an increase of 121,700 acres in the total area and of 13,500 tons in total yield is anticipated, but for linseed there is a reduction of 2,800 acres in the total area and of 1,100 tons in the total yield. There is, therefore, an increase of 1.1 per cent. in the yield of rape and mustard and a decrease of 0.3 per cent. in the yield of linseed.

LONDON TEA MARKET

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

The "Englishman's" London correspondent cabled on 15th September that the tea market is irregular, common is quoted at 9¼d.

The "Stateman's" special tea cablegram from London dated 15th September says:—Messrs. W. J. and H. Thomson report as follows:—Indian are irregular, but all description are generally easier.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

Liverpool, Sept. 16th.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..		15,000
,, ,, Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		2,000
,, ,, Sales of East Indian ..		450
,, ,, Imports		Nil.
Mid. Americans		6.44+8d
Egyptian F. G. F.		8.75+5d
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) ..	Oct.	10.63 unchd.
	Jan.	11.25+8
New York Official noon call	Oct.	10.63—5
	Jan.	11.16—4
New Orleans 10 a.m. ..	Oct.	10.63+7
	Jan.	11.16+9

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 16th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.
September	6.21—3
Sept.-Oct.	6.20—3
Oct.-Nov.	6.22—3
Nov.-Dec.	6.27—2
Dec.-Jan.	6.31—2
Jan.-Feb.	6.35—2
Feb.-Mar.	6.38—2
Mar.-Apl.	6.41—2
Apl.-May	6.44—2
May-June	6.47—2
June-July	6.48—3
July-Aug.	6.50—3
Aug.-Sept.	6.47—6

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Sept. 16th.

M.G. Bengal Good ..	..	4.45
,, ,, Fully Good	..	4.60
,, ,, Fine ..	..	4.75
M.G. No. 1 Oomra Good.	..	4.95
,, ,, ,, Fine..	..	5.25
,, Broach Good ..	..	5.75
,, ,, Fully Good	..	5.90 +5
,, ,, Fine ..	..	6.05
,, Scinde Good ..	..	4.45
,, ,, Fully Good	..	4.60
,, ,, Fine ..	..	4.75

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Thursday, Sept. 16th.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results.

	£		£
Total Bullion ..	63,700,000	Dec.	3,800,000
Public Deposits	121 600,000	,,	8,000,000
Other do. .	90,200,000	Inc.	4,300,000
Govt. Securities .	34,400,000	Not changed.	
Other Securities	145,000,000	Dec.	200,000
Notes and Gold .	50,700,000	,,	8,400,000

The Bank Reserve is 24% of the Liabilities.

MONEY MARKET.

London, Sept. 16th.

Bar Silver Spot	23 7/16
Closing Tone of Silver :—Fall is due to China selling.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5% since 8th August, 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st. ..	4¾+1/16
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	4 15/16—1/16
,, Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5⅝—½
,, ,, ,, ,, 6 ,,	6 unchgd.
Interest day to day loans	4
,, 7 day market loans	4½
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about	£ 231,000

Whoever has tried Zymole Trokeys never goes without them. Every day their popularity increases, simply because they do just what is claimed for them. B 10

The sum of £100,000 has been Earmarked for Egypt.

Exchange on London at Paris Frcs. 27.75—7

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 16th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..		25,000
,, Exports to Great Britain ..		17,000
,, ,, to Continent ..		
Futures at New York Oct. ..	..	10.70
Previous closing price	..	10.87
Futures at New York Jan. ..	..	11.21
Previous closing price	..	11.37
Spot Cotton at New York ..	..	40.75
Previous price	..	10.75
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ..	..	10.38
Previous price	..	10.25
Futures at New Orleans Oct. ..	..	10.54
Previous price	..	10.74
Futures at New Orleans Jan. ..	..	11.06
Previous price	..	11.26
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	..	6⅝
Demand Bills	..	4.70.50
Silver Commercial Bars . ..	..	48½

WAR LOANS.

London, Sept. 14th.

3½%	1925/28	£92⅝
4½%	1925/45	£97⅞

MANCHESTER MARKET.

London, Sept. 16th.

WHEAT.

Bombay Club, No. 1, per 492lbs. ex-Ship Nominal.
White Delhi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. No Sellers.
Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F July. Nominal .. .. .. 54+3d
F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. No Sellers
Choice White Bombay Nominal.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—60 lbs. Nominal.
Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. Nominal.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian Nominal.
Victorian, Nominal.
New South Wales, Nominal.
Karachi Barley Sept.-Oct Sellers ..37/6+3d

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416lbs. 85% ex-Ship Sept-Oct. Sellers ..57/6
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Sellers 59
Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs 3% ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Sellers 52
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs ex-Ship Sept-Oct. Sellers 57
Toria Rapeseed. 3% Aug.-Sept. ..52/6
(No Change.)

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Oct.-Paid .. .. ov. 51—9 d

COTTON SEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Sept.-Oct. Hull Sellers £8/8/9+3

METALS.

English best Selected Copper .. £78+10s
Standard Copper G.M.B. .. £69½ unchgd.
Copper Braziers.. .. .. £95+£1
Yellow Metal .. .. .. 11 unchgd.
Hard Spelter.—Nominal .. 46½ Nominal.
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 x 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool .. .. 18/9 unchgd.
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool.. £17/5/0 unchgd.
Pig Iron, No. 1, Gartsherrie .. £85 ,,

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal. 25 Value

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Sept.-Dec. 20
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi Sept.-Dec. 20/1½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Sept.-Dec. 22
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Sept.-Dec. 22/1½
Calcutta Linseed Sept.-Oct. Sellers .. 55/9

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Sept.-Oct. Sellers .. 2/4½
Ceylon Rubber Oct.-Dec. .. 2/3¾

OLD GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

On reference from the U. P. Chamber of Commerce, the Indian and European Chambers of Commerce of Madras recently considered a suggestion to give an additional half per cent. interest on old Government securities. While both the Chambers were opposed to the proposal the Indian Chamber was of opinion that it would be better to watch further developments before approaching the Government, however desirable it might be to prevent undue depreciation.

Nirmal Kanto Roy, who was ordered to be interned at Dacca but who was subsequently granted one week's time on account of his brother's illness, started for

BOMBAY MARKETS.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 24 hours up till 6 p.m. on 16th September, 1915:—

Cotton	3,998	Bales.
Wheat	6,276	cwts.
Linseed	20,089	,,
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	274	,,
Ginjellyseed	29	,,
Poppyseed	1,062	,,
Groundnuts	1,542	,,
Castorseed	3,218	,,
Rice	12,602	,,
Myrabollams	158	,,
Cottonseed	5,507	,,
Mowraseed	292	,,
Gram	1,518	,,
Joowar	4,366	,,
Maize	15	,,
Barley	835	,,

STOCKS OF COTTON.

Stock of cotton on 1st September 1915		576,000
Receipts from 1st Sept. to 15th Sept. 1915		64,454
		640,454
Shipments do.		64,063
		576,391
Afloat		10,012
		566,379
Estimated Mill Consumption and Up-country by Rail 1st Sept. to date ...		40,000
Stock of cotton in all hands		526,379

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

The following is the statement of liabilities and assets of the Central Bank of India, Ld., for the day ended 5th Sept. 1915, as compared with the statement of 15th Sept. 1914.

LIABILITIES.

	15th Sept. 1914	15th Sept. 1915.
Capital Subscribed Rs 30 lacs.	Rs.	Rs.
,, Paid up ..	15,00,000	15,00,000
Reserve Fund	1,00,000	1,00,000
Fixed Deposits, Current Accounts, etc.	39,84,000	56,92,000
Sundries	78,000	62,000
Total Rs.	56,62,000	73,54,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.	Rs.
Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other authorised securities ..	20,14,000	22,95,000
Loans on Government and other authorised securities	22,93,000	20,71,000
Local Bills Discounted ..	67,000	1,40,000
Office Furniture & Fittings ..	26,000	26,000
Sundries	46,000	88,000
Cash in hand and Investments in Government Paper, Port Trust, Improvement Trust, Municipal Bonds, etc.	12,16,000	26,42,000
Calls paid on Indian Specie Bank shares to be recovered	..	142,000
Total Rs.	56,62,000	73,54,000

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

At yesterday's Share Market Government Paper 3½ per cent. was at 88/5, small sums at 88/9.

Although jute shares were the principal interest, there was some enquiry for coal shares at steady rates. The quotations were: Bhalgora 21½, Jumoni, 3 3/8, Northwest 33½, Raneegunj 25½.

NEW CEMENT IN SOUTH MALABAR.

LIKELY TO REVOLUTIONISE MARKET.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

A correspondent writes to the "Madras Mail" :—

"For some days past an engineer and a research student has been working in South Malabar experimenting with several specimens of clay for the manufacture of a new type of cement which will be the cheapest ever offered for sale and yet with peculiar properties of its own, being damp-proof. He has found the required clay in abundance for this cement and as a result a company is being formed for the manufacture of cement in Malabar. The originators propose to sell cement at Rs. 2 per barrel at the factory which would indeed be a revolution in the price of cement. The discoverer claims for this cement a special fire extinguishing property, as it emanates a gas, when brought to a certain temperature, which extinguishes the fire."

THE COCHIN HARBOUR SCHEME.

SIR HAROLD STUART'S REPLY TO WYNAD PLANTERS.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

Sir Harold Stuart, Member of the Madras Executive Council, replying to the Wynad (Malabar) Planters yesterday referred to the Cochin harbour scheme. An important feature of the railway development in Malabar was the improvement of the Port of Cochin which had great natural facilities for a harbour. The only difficulty to overcome being the bar at the entrance to the backwater. Dredgers were, however, now available, to dredge the bar and keep open the channel sufficiently deep to vessels passing through the Suez Canal. That could be done at a cost which the trade of the port would bear without difficulty. He suggested that railway lines should be so constructed as to feed the Cochin Port with the Malabar forest and other produces.

Referring to the Arsikere-Mangalore line, Sir Harold said when the Mysore Government expressed their readiness to complete a portion of th line. If the Madras Government undertook this portion, the qquestion of keeping the Mangalore harbour open all the year round was never raised as it was now by the Mysore Durbar. However, harbour improvement was being made to increase facilities for landing and shipping, though the question of keeping it open throughout the year depended on the success of the experiment at Cochin.

BOMBAY CHURCHES.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

(16th Sunday after Trinity, 19th September.)

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral (St. Thomas the Apostle), Church Gate Street, Clergy: The Venerable C. M. Barham, Archdeacon.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7.45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral)—Harwood in A. flat; Hymns, 527, 532, 503, 318; 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon; Canticles—Walmisley in C. Hymns 221, 277, 24; Collections for Church missionary society; Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5.15 a.m.; Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass. 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Preacher: Rev. J. B. Glass.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain: Rev. R. L. Wormald; 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5.15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy (English: Rev. H. T. Vodden, M.A., (Incumbent), Rev. Canon R. S. Heywood, M.A., Rev. J. H. Robinson, M.A., (Marathi). Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A., (Gujrati): Rev. L. Hari. English Services: 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer, and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujarati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's, Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road —Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani). Rev. J. Martin (Tamil), 7-30 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil); 5 p.m. Evensong (Urdu).

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill.—There will be no services in this Church until further notice.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Chaplain: Rev. C. B. Grey Collier; 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Dock. —Chaplain (Vacant) 9-45 a.m. Morning prayer and Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon; Week days, 9 p.m. Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy: Rev. A. E. Bradbury, 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe; 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English); 7-30 Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Guzerathi); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Stephen the Martyr, Bandra Hill.—Chaplain: Rev. J. B. Glass, Holy Communion and address—11 a.m.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi (by Sion)—Chapel of Ease to St. Paul)—Service by the Clergy of St. Paul's. 7-30 a.m.; Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 a.m., Evensong and Sermon. Tamil services conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter's, Mazagon—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe, Tovey and R. Pearse, 6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8 a.m., Choral Eucharist; 10-30 a.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Church expenses.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort Senior Chaplain: Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B. D. 9-30 a.m. Joint-Service with United Free Church of Scotland; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School: 6-30 p.m., Evening Service: Praise List, Psalms 80, tune 28, Paraphrase 33, tune 121, Hymns 2, 198, 565. Offertory.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray. 9-30 a.m. United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service Sermon on "The Message of God"; (3) "To our Church"; Preacher: The Rev. R. M. Gray.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyteriar Church, Girgaum Back Road.—Minister: Rev. M. B. Nikambe English Service 8.30 a.m. Preacher: Rev. Dr. R. Scott; Evening Service in Marathi, 5 p.m. Preacher: Rev. M. B. Nikambe.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Clare Road, Byculla, Pastor Rev. W. E. Bancroft 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-15 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; 8-45 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor: Rev. A. N. Warner. 11 a.m., Morning Service, Rev. F. W. Wood; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Rev. F. W. Wood.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; 6-30 Evening Service, Preacher: Rev. P. W. James; 5 p.m., Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service, Preacher: Rev. P. W. James; 6.30 p.m., Evening Service; Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; Sunday School at 5 p.m.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission: (Minister Rev. S. Rahator)—8-15 a.m., Byculla; 4-30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel; 6.30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel, (Tamil and Telugu Sevice).

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba. Minister Rev. Mr. A. E. Hubbard: 9 a.m., Morning Service, Preacher: Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Preacher: Rev. A. E. Hubbard; Sunday School and Bible Class for men from 5 to 6 p.m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church.—Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—Pastor Rev. John Malelu:—9 a.m., Sunday School; 10 a.m. Sunday School Teachers Class; 8-15 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 4.30 p.m., Afternoon Service; Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m.

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh-Day Adventist Church, Apollo Bunder (Opposite Watson's Annexe).—Services —Sunday, 6-30 p.m., Preaching; Saturday, 6-30 p.m., Preaching, Saturday, 5-15 Sabbath School, Wednesday, 6-30 p.m., Bible Study and Prayer Meeting. Pastors: G. W. Pettit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevi, Vicar Rev. Dr. B. De Monte—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy. The Jesuit Fathers, 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Vicar, Rev. Father Hutemacher, S. J. 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

Rosary, Church, Mazagon.—Vicar Rev. M. X. Gomes.—Sunday Service, 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m., and 5.30 p.m. Week days 6-30 a.m., and 7 a.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel, Clergy: Rev. P. E. Saldanha and Rev. J. A. Gomes. —6 a.m., Mass; 8 a.m., High Mass; 6 p.m., Benediction.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla. Vicar, Very Rev. L. C. Pera. Hours of Mass: 5-30, 7 and 9 a.m.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar, Acting Vicar; Rev. J. J. Dias, Sunday Services. Low Masses at 5-30, 7-30 and 9 a.m. Evening Service 4-30 p.m., Daily Masses 6-30 and 7-30 a.m.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health). Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa; Low Masses at 7 & 7-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra. —9-30 a.m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul (Barrow's Lane), Girgaum Road—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho, 5-20, 6-20, 7.30, 8-30, and 10-30 a.m. Masses 6 p.m. Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, G. I. P. Tram Terminus —Chaplain Rev. D. Fonmedica.—6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m.; (Children's) Mass 8-30 a.m.; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Garrison Church (St. Joseph's Church)—Chaplain: Rev. Fr. E. Hillenkamp, S. J. Sunday 8 a.m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Service of Benediction.

Why wait for that hoarseness to "wear off," when Zymole Trokeys will stop it so much quicker? Disagreeable coughs are often avoided by the use of Zymole Trokeys. B 9

CATTLE OILS

Testimonial from the Estate of H. R. H. the

PRINCE OF WALES.

(Late King Edward VII.)

Sandringham, March 6th, 1889.

Gentlemen,—I am glad to be able to tell you that the Oils supplied by you to the Estate of H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, have given me such satisfaction that I write to ask you to send another case (one dozen), accompanied with the invoice.

Yours faithfully, EDMUND BECK.

Testimonial from H. R. H.

PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR.

Cavalry Barracks, York, March 24th, 1888.

Messrs. Chapman & Son's Cattle Oils have been used in His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor's Stables, and they have been found most useful and beneficial.

A. GREVILLE, Capt.,

Equery to H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor.

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FOR HORSE, SHEEP & CATTLE.

Used internally or externally.

For Mares after Foaling.

For Cows after Calving.

For Sheep after Lambing.

For Sprains, Curbs and Splints.

For Wind Galls, Chapped Heels and Lameness.

For Broken Knees. Sore Shoulders and Bruises.

For Influenza, Sore Throat and Mouth.

For Surfeits, Sore Udders, and Foot Rot.

For any other disorder, disease or ailment dependent upon impurity of the blood or obstructed perspiration, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dropsy, Colds and Coughs, Colic and Gripes, Inflammation, Pneumonia & Pleurisy, &c., &c. try

Chapman & Son's Royal Cattle Oils which have stood the test for nearly a century.

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12/8 Rupees

The WEST END

A.1 Regulator

KEYLESS LEVER, jewelled in 13 actions.

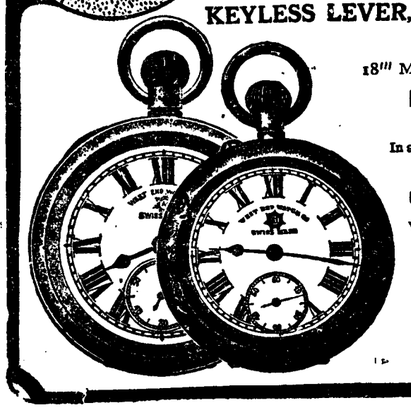
GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR.

18‴ MEDIUM, or 16‴ SMALL SIZE.

NICKEL SILVER, Rs. 12-8.

FINE SILVER, Rs. 18-8.

In a velvet-lined box, without spare spring and glass.



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Only a mother knows the worry

and trouble when baby does not get on as might be expected.
Often during the teething period baby becomes feverish, restless and suffers unnecessary pain from swollen gums, sleeplessness, constipation, diarrhœa, coughs, colds or even bronchitis.
Still more often, appetite fails and the poor child becomes thin, miserable and weak. A course of SCOTT'S Emulsion saves all this. It gives the child strength to carry over this trying period, whilst its valuable lime salts aid the easy formation of strong white teeth.
Rickety children especially grow healthy, robust and strong on account of the magnificent quality of cod liver oil contained only in

SCOTT'S Emulsion

Fresh Breakfast Rolls.

You can enjoy fresh rolls, scones and milk bread twists every day, if you have the baking done at home with the help of

"Paisley Flour" (Trade Mark)
The SURE raising powder.

Bread raised with "Paisley Flour" is so light, crisp and digestible that you can safely eat it as it comes fresh and fragrant from the oven.

Add one part to eight parts of ordinary flour. Mix well dry.

A Postcard to Mackenzie, Lyall & Co., Lyon's Range, Calcutta, will bring you the "Brown & Polson" Book of 73 Recipes gratis and post free.

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A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 5/-.
MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

BOMBAY GVM. V. BYCULLA CLUB.

JACKSON CREATES A RECORD.

Perhaps the most exhilarating club cricket of the season was witnessed yesterday, when the return fixture between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Byculla Club came off on the Esplanade. The grand total of 365 runs, contained no less than 11 sixes and over 30 fours, almost every player indulging in vigorous hitting.

The Bombay Gymkhana, who had the first knock at the wicket, made 141 to which the Byculla Club replied with a total of 224, thus winning the match by the substantial margin of 83 runs.

The highest individual score on the Gymkhana side was contributed by F. F. Stileman, whose fine innings of 33 included one C and six 4's while McCormack hit up his 24 all by 4's.

The highest individual score of the day was made by Mackenzie, who knocked up 62 in fine style, his contribution including three 6's and six 4's, and the veteran Sir Frederick Sprott once more demonstrated his consistent form of the season by making 37 which contained six 4's. But the most exhilarating bat[illegible] display of them all was given by [illegible], who lifted the ball no less than six [illegible] over the rope.

Jackson who has already proved himself the best stumper the Gymkhana have had for a long time past, created a record by stumping no less than five men in the Byculla Club innings. He gave only three "byes" and did excellent work behind the sticks.

Scores:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

H. Cheetham, b Hogg	16
F. G. Kennedy, b Hogg	3
F. F. Stileman b Hogg	33
H. V. Hampton, c Hogg, b Mackenzie	1
K. H. McCormack, b Hogg	24
H. W. Kilby, c MacNaughton, b Baker	17
F. J. Clarke, b Hogg	2
J. E. Jackson, c Cadell, b Baker	6
H. C. Quinn, b Baker	14
F. G. B. Hawkins, b Mackenzie	15
M. St. Paul, not out	0
Extras	10
Total	141

BYCULLA CLUB.

A. H. S. Aston, b Cheetham	2
D. G. Hurlbutt b Clark	9
H. F. Hearson, c McCormack, b Cheetham	1
Sir F. L. Sprott, run out	37
P. R. Cadell (Capt.), st. Jackson, b Cheetham	25
R. T. H. Mackenzie, st. Jackson, b Cheetham	62
C. D. Baker st. Jackson b Kilby	56
W. P. Pechy, st. Jackson b Cheetham	6
A. D. M. Clarke st. Jackson b Cheetham	6
H. Macnaughton not out	6
M. N. Hogg c McCormack b Cheetham	10
Extras	4
Total	224

BOWLING ANALYSIS.
Bombay Gymkhana Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Hogg	14	84	4	5
Mackenzie	9	70	0	2
Hurlbutt	5	16	0	0
Baker	6	11	3	3

Byculla Club Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Clark	12	83	1	1
Cheetham	17	101	0	7
Kilby	12	54	2	1
*McCormack	4	27	1	0

*Bowled one "no ball."

CRICKET IN POONA.

ALWAR TEAM V FERGUSSON COLLEGE.

(From our Correspondent.)
POONA, Sept. 17.

The match between the Alwar team and the Fergusson College ended to-day in a victory for the Alwar team by five wickets and three runs.

Scores:—

THE ALWAR TEAM.
First Innings.

Ramsahai c Bhonsle b Barve	27
Madhasing b Tilak	8
Heeralal b Barve	23
Beshamber c Muzumdar b Barve	31
Nazirhusein c Sudame	14
His Highness b Tilak	0
Azimkhan b Tilak	10
Gulamkassim b Tilak	34
Amar Singh not out	49
Tarrant c Sudame b Barve	18
Resal Singh b Bhonsle	2
Extras	24
Total	235

Second Innings.

Ramsahai b Barve	5
Madhasing b Barve	2
Nazir Husein b Mehendale	5
His Highness b Mehendale	10
Azimkhan b Mehendale	0
Amarsingh not out	24
Tarrant not out	22
Hiralal, Beshambar, Goolam Cassim, Resalsingh did not bat	
Extras	10
Total	78

FERGUSSON COLLEGE.
First Innings.

H. G. Tilak, b Gulam Cassim	19
A. G. Kolhatkar, b Gulam Cassim	5
D. B. Devdhar, b Azimkhan	8
B. M. Bhonsle, b Gulam Cassim	32
S. G. Mehendale, b Gulam Cassim	13
B. S. Muzumdar, b Azimkhan	23
G. V. Kelkar, c Tarrant, b Gulam Cassim	0
M. G. Bhate, not out	31
P. H. Barve, b Gulam Cassim	6
D. A. Santakke, run out	11
K. N. Sudame, b Gulam Cassim	0
Extras	11
Total	139

Second Innings.

G. V. Kelkar b Azimkhan	15
A. G. Kolhatkar b Nazir Husein	18
B. M. Bhonsle st. Bheshamber b Hiralal	24
D. B. Deodhar not out	57
S. G. Mehendale c Bheshamber b Hiralal	8
M. G. Bhate b Tarrant	7
B. S. Muzumdar b Tarrant	15
D. A. Santoke c Azim Khan b Tarrant	3
P. H. Barve c Azim Khan b Tarrant	0
K. N. Sudame b Azim Khan	3
H. G. Tilak did not bat	0
Extras	21
Total	171

S. S. Rangoon Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Rangoon Maru left Singapore for Colombo via Malacca on the 16th instant.

S. S. Kirin Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Kirin Maru left Hongkong for Singapore on the 15th instant.

At the last meting of the Madras Chamber of Commerce a resolution condoling with the family of the late Sir Charles Lawson who was the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce for many years, was recorded.

FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

THE HARWOOD LEAGUE.

THE BENGAL UNITED (0); GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE (0).

Superior in all departments to the Medicals, the Bengal United were unfortunate in only drawing with their opponents in their return game in connection with the Harwood League. The closing stages of the League are proving to be most interesting and last evening's game can be safely classed as the fastest and best exhibition of football seen on the Cooperage this season. Both sides played vigorous football and a very hot pace was maintained throughout. The combined movements by the Bengalee forwards, which usually characterises their display, was a pleasure to witness. The Medical College tried hard to score and put up a very good game of defence.

Acharya and Khan were at the height of their form and played a very confident and determined game. They covered one another admirably and Khan's sure kicking atoned for his lack of speed. Shrinivash, always a hard worker, was alike useful in attack and defence, while Sherma, far and away the lightest player on the field, showed rich promise. Nooruddin shaped as well as ever. There was much good footwork done by the forwards. Shivrao, who usually plays in the defence, was not quite a success at centre-forward and had a more dashing player occupied this position, a score would undoubtedly have been registered. Hussein and G. Iyengar were throughout conspicuous for their clever dodging and passing and were frequently applauded, deservedly so, by the spectators. Siletkar on the other wing executed some good runs, but did not receive much assistance from Yelu. Dass displayed great judgment in goal and saved the few shots he had to negotiate in good style. The Medicals performance is a very creditable one and had it not been for the excellent play of Khan and Doyle at back, would have had to acknowledge defeat. Doyle's defence was particularly strong and his kicking was very sound. Although not quite as good as the opposing trio, the Medical halves played a very useful game. Sheik tackled well and continually worried his man. Thyer, Baluch and Hildreth were the best of the attackers. Wadia and Braganza were both off colour. Hildreth made several attempts to break away but was unsuccessful. More combination by the line would perhaps have showed a better result.

Sergt. Skinner was again pressed into service with the whistle, owing to the referee down for the day failing to put in an appearance, and his decisions were satisfactory to all concerned.

Both teams being on the ground to time an early start was made. Hussein was the first to be conspicuous with a smart centre from the left, which was cleared by Doyle. Shrinivash captured and passed to G. Iyengar, whose transfer to Hussein saw the latter send in a hot shot which Pearl punched out. The Bengalees again got on the move and Yelu muffed a good opening. At the other end Dass ran out and cleared a good centre by Thyer. The Medical forwards again got possession and a dangerous movement by them was nipped by Acharya. "Holding" by one of the United forwards spoilt a good opening. The leather was in mid-field when half time was called.

Bengal United	Nil.
Medicals	Nil.

The first incident of note on resuming was a fine individual run by G. Iyengar which was stopped by Doyle. A dribble by Hildreth was spoiled by Acharya tackling well. G. Iyengar now worked the ball down and forced a corner off Khan. The ensuing "free" was got safely away by Sheik. A combined movement in which Hildreth Wadia and Braganza took part, was spoiled by the last named player lying in an "off-side" position in his eagerness to score. Following on another movement resulted in Braganza "netting," but the point was nullified owing to his being "off-side." From the "free" Sweeney captured and transferred to Hildreth who evaded Acharya and dashed for goal, but delayed in shooting and Khan relieved. A splendid run and centre by Hussein went abegging. Both goals were now visited in turn and the game ended:—

Bengal United	Nil.
Medicals	Nil.

Bengal United:—Goal, Dass; backs, Acharya and Khan; halves, Nooruddin, Shrinivash and Serma; forwards, Hussein, G. Iyengar, Shivrao, Yelu and Siletker.

Grant Medical College:—Goal, Pearl; backs, Khan and Doyle; halves, Wylde, Sweeney and Sheik, forwards; Thyer, Wadia, Hildreth, Braganza and Baluch.

RESULTS UP-TO-DATE.

Teams.	P	W	L	D	Goals F	A	Pts
R. G. A.	13	11	0	2	45	3	24
Medicals	14	8	3	3	23	8	19
Bombay Gymkhana.	12	7	1	4	38	10	18
Y. M. C. A.	12	7	3	2	18	13	16
6th Devons	13	4	6	3	15	28	11
Bengal United	12	4	6	2	11	24	10
Inst. Luso-Indiano.	12	1	10	1	4	27	3
Lusitanians	12	0	11	1	2	43	1

TO-DAY'S GAME.

6th Devons v. Y. M. C. A.

DURBAR AT QUETTA.

BALUCHI JIRGAS PRESENT.

(News Bureau.)
QUETTA, Sept. 16.

A grand Durbar was held here to-day at Sandeman Hall. The Hon. Agent to the Governor-General with staff arrived at 12 noon. The First Assistant declared the Durbar open. The president of the Shari Jirga presented the Jirga report. The Hon. Agent then delivered an instructive speech of much gravity in Urdu. Sanads, Khillats and rewards were then distributed by the Agent to the Governor-General to successful and deserved workers. A guard of honour of 50 rank and file with Gurkha Band was drawn up at the main entrance. A salute of 13 guns was fired on the arrival and departure of the Agent. There were some 300 people from all parts of Baluchistan present.

TO-DAY'S RACING AT POONA.

HORSES LEFT IN.

SECOND MEETING: FIRST DAY.

THE DECCAN PLATE.—Distance about 2 Miles over 8 Flights.

Parkhill 12-4, Solution 11-6, Airman 10-2, Bachelor's Knot 9-12, Saxonite 9-0.

THE WESTERN INDIA STAKES.—Distance 1½ Mile.

Bachelor's Wedding 9-12, St. Andrews 9-5, Cider 9-2, Le Soleil 8-10, Orloff 8-10, Matchlock 8-10, Jacamar 8-7, Punt 8-3, Santa Barbara 7-8, Soultline 7-6, Sugar Loaf 7-3, Cherrywood 6-12, Ute 6-1, Hamara 6-0.

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Tartania 9-12, Miss Rollestone 9-4, Madrina 9-3, Drill Mistress 8-9, Gipsy's Advice 8-4, Smirk 7-13, Arkangelo 7-12, Forfeit 7-12, Impecunious 7-12, Lady Douglas 6-8, Spring Daisy 6-0.

THE TURF CLUB CUP.—Distance 1¼ Mile.

Nakib 9-13, Dhaman 9-1, Singer 9-1, Majbur 8-11, Sir Knight 8-8, Beyrut 8-8, Purity 8-6, Mexico 8-3, Night Hawk 7-12, Kayid 7-12, Tajilmulook 7-8, Gowahajmer 7-7, Longboat 7-7, Dardanelles 7-4, Black Malik 7-4, Solar Star 6-11, Cicero 6-8, Excelsior 6-6, Malayeb 6-0.

THE CURSETJEE DHUNJISHAW PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Baloz 9-9, Thank You 9-1, Malster 8-12, Young Majub 8-12, Soomsam 8-9, Ace of Hearts 7-13, Winchester 7-9, Wellington 7-9, Sweden 6-12, Investment 6-3.

THE ARAB FLYING PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Nizam-ul-Mulk 9-12, Saidan 9-5, Cicero 8-10, Maasal 8-9, Young Salanic 8-7, Bhatty Chief 8-6, Ajax 8-2, Newmarket 7-7, Black Hussar 7-7, Bravo 7-7, Socrates 7-4.

THE KHARAKWASLA PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Wellington 9-0, Pasha 9-0, Solar Star 8-10, Burg 8-9, Beethoven 8-4, Tenebreuse 8-2, Minerva 8-0, Fado 7-13, Ata Allah 7-10, British King 7-9, Khedavi Miseer 7-3, Abdul Aziz 7-3.

Top weight accepting being under 9st., it is raised to that weight and the others in proportion.

WEDNESDAY'S RACING.

ADDITIONAL RACE.

THE MAHABALESHVAR PLATE.—Winner, Rs. 2,000, second, Rs. 700, third Rs. 300:—A highweight handicap for horses in the second and third divisions.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Entry Rs. 20 to close at 12 noon on Monday, 20th September for horses not struck out by 10 a.m. on Tuesday, 21st September. Handicap will be published by 4 p.m. on Monday, the 20th September.

WAR GIFTS DEPOT.

THIS WEEK'S REQUIREMENTS.

(News Bureau.)
Simla, Sept. 17.

The Head-quarters of the St. John Ambulance Association in India announces that this week's requirements of the St. John Ambulance Red Cross Gifts Depot are 5,000 yards of flannel or flannelette for making pyjamas and 5,000 yards of cotton shirting for East Africa. Counterpanes, flannel coats, warm drawers, operating gowns, orderlies' aprons, socks, large quantities of cigarettes, and condiments of all kinds are urgently required. Also towels, mosquito-nets, Indian musical instruments including small drums, pillows, pillowcases, Horlick's milk, Benger's food, soap of all kinds, writing-paper, pocket and exercise books, gramophones and records, fly-flaps, fly-papers, tooth-brushes, tooth-powder and neem tooth-sticks.

Consignments should be booked as usual direct to the War Gift Depot, Waterlo Mansions, Bombay.

SUPPLYING ARMS TO ANARCHISTS.

ACCUSED SENTENCED TO RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT.

(News Bureau.)
CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

At the Kyd Street Police Court last evening the Magistrate convicted P. L. Causley under three separate charges of forging and sentenced him to eight months' rigorous imprisonment on each of the three charges, the sentences to run consecutively. In this case the accused, it will be remembered, was charged with having purchased revolvers from different gun shops in Calcutta the police suspecting that he used to sell them to anachists.

DOMESTIC TRAGEDY AT CALCUTTA.

HUSBAND KILLS WIFE AND COMMITS SUICIDE.

(News Bureau.)
CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

Early yesterday morning a Mahomedan woman was found lying dead in her hut in Bedford Lane with her throat cut. By her side lay her husband with gashing wounds across his throat. He was immediately removed to the Medical College Hospital, where he died shortly after admission. It appears that the old man had been out of work for the past three years and was being supported by his wife. This led to frequent quarrels with the result that the husband first cut the throat of his wife with a razor and then gashed his own.

STOPPAGE OF CHAMPAGNE AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

SAVINGS GIVEN TO WOMEN'S WAR FUND.

(News Bureau.)
POONA, Sept. 16.

The Women's Branch of the Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund has received the sum of Rs. 200 from the Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor, being the second monthly instalment owing to there being no consumption of champagne at Government House.

THE HOUSE FOR MEN'S WEAR.

SEE THE ARCADE WINDOWS.

MEN KNOW that if it's from Whiteaways.
the Hat is the correct style.
the Tie is new in design.
the Socks are of approved pattern.

OUR MEN'S WEAR SECTION CAN SUPPLY ALL YOUR CLOTHING WANTS.

SPECIALLY INTERESTING DISPLAYS OF NEW GOODS ARE NOW SHOWING IN OUR ARCADE.

TIES Our position with regard to men's neck wear was never stronger, delightful colours in ne at designs all at n ost mode rate prices.

SOCKS We excel in socks, whether it is plain Cashmere for daily use or smart clocked effects for h oliday wear. We have an immense selection for you to choose from

SPORTS All the necessary Sports Gear fo[illegible] every form of sport, also a sporting style of coat sweaters just unpacked. These are in useful Camel Fleece and make an excellent wrap for use after a hard game.

U'WEAR Our stocks of thin tropical Underwear both in cotton and fine wool have just been filled up by consigments from Home. There's nothing new among them simply repeats of our proved and tested garments which have given satifaction year after year.

P'JAMS If its Pyjamas or shirts your need we've a fine lot of designs ready for wea[illegible] now and the prices are all extremely moderate.

FOR MEN'S WEAR
THERE'S A SUFFICIENCY AT

Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co Ltd
DRAPERS OUTFITTERS

The Arcade BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Gymkhana Cricket: A. Team v. G. I. P. Ry.; B. Team v. Y. M. C. A.

Poona Races, Second Meeting, First Day.

Mails for Mauritius, and Madagascar Ports, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Zanzibar, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. L. Marquis, per steamer Chakdina will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m. instead of on the 16th as previously notified. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

MONDAY September 20.

A mail for Europe consisting of lettes and packets specially marked for transmission per Italian steamer Roma will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to destination at 7-30 p.m. Letters, &c., for Aden and Berbera will also be despatched by this steamer.

TUESDAY, Sept. 21.

P. and O. Co's. S. S. Nellore with English Mails, due at daybreak.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

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Business Notice.

All communications intended for the Editor should be addressed simply "To the Editor," and not to any member of the staff by name.

ALL BUSINESS communications (Advertisement, changes of address, etc.,) should be addressed to the MANAGER and all remittances made payable to him.

Subscribers whose copies are delayed in delivery are requested to send the covers to the Manager, previously marking thereon the date of the paper enclosed therein. By this means only can satisfactory investigation be made as to the cause of irregularity.

All new Advertisements or changes of advertisements intended for insertion in the paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m. on the day before publication.

Notice to Correspondents.

In preparing MS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only and to have their MS. typewritten if possible.

All communications intended for publication in "The Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Unauthenticated communications are rejected as such, and are at once destroyed.

The Editor does not undertake to return rejected communications, but if a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with the communication it will be returned, but if this be not done, the rejected letter or article is destroyed and in any case the Editor does not hold himself responsible. The Editor cannot correspond about the rejection of communications.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

Sept. 18.

210.—Enrolment.—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "J" (Scots) Company:—No. 8694 Vol. J. D. MacGilwray.

(Sd.) N. B. KINNEAR, Lieut.,
Adjutant Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

STRING BAND AT THE COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonnier, V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6.15 March.—"Waldmere" ..... Losey.
Overture.—"Romantique" ..... Keler Bela.
Valse.—"To-night's the Night" ..... Rubens.
Selection.—"A Country Girl" ..... Monckton.
Morceau.—"Le Long du Missouri" ...Christine.
"Reminiscences of the Plantation" Chambers.
Two-Step.—"The Fox-trot-Ball, that's all Ayer.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the above Association Mr. Manilal C. Parekh will conduct a class for the study of Emerson's Essays today at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.), in the premises of the Association, Amroli House, Girgaum Back Road.

THE GURJAR SABHA.

A meeting of the Gurjar Sabha will be held to-morrow at 9 a.m. (S. T.) in the Arya Samaj Mandir, Kandewadi, Girgaon. The discussion on "Social Reform Legislation" will be resumed. Mr. Daji Abai Khare B.A., LL.B., will preside. The meeting is open to the public.

NEW SONAPUR CHAPEL OF OUR LADY OF DOLOURS.

This evening at 7 there will be Solemn Vespers.—To-morrow (Sunday) the Feast day of the Patroness there will be low masses at 6, 7, 8, and 9 a.m. and High Mass at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.). 8 o'clock mass will be said by His Grace The Bishop of Damaun.

SOCIETY OF OUR LADY OF PIETY MAZAGON.

The Society celebrates the feast of its Patroness on Sunday in the Gloria Church, Byculla, at 9 a.m. After the religious service the annual General Meeting will be held in the Souza School Hall. His Grace the Archbishop-Bishop of Damaun has consented to kindly preside at the meeting and to assist at the religious services. At the door of the Church a collection will be made on behalf of the poor and the Fancy Fair in aid of the Society will be opened the same day in the premises of the Souza School. The Fancy Fair will last the whole day.

HOME NURSING CLASS EXAMINATION.

An Examination of the Home Nursing Class organised by Mr. D. F. Panthaki with Dr. K. S. Patel, M.B., B.S., as Lecturer, under the auspices of the Bombay City Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association will be conducted to-morrow by Dr. D. K. Ellis, L.M. & S., on the premises of the Elphinstone High School, Dhobitalao. The examination will be oral, written, and practical and candidates are required to be present in the examination hall at 1-45 p.m. (S. T.).

LECTURES BY MR. G. S. EDDY.

A series of lectures on "The Awakening of the Far East" will be given in Poona by Mr. G. Sherwood Eddy, M.A., Secretary for Asia, Young Men's Christian Association. The first lecture will be given to-morrow at 4 p.m. in the Presbyterian Church, Nana's Peth. There will be another the same evening at 6 p.m. in John Small Memorial Hall. On Monday various parlour meetings have been arranged, while on Tuesday Mr. Eddy will address a meeting in the Fergusson College Amphitheatre, at 4 p.m. which will be presided over by the Hon. Mr. W. H. Sharp. At six the same evening a lecture has been arranged for in the Council Hall under the presidency of H. E. the Governor.

HOMEWARD BOUND.

The following passengers will proceed Home by to-morrow's P. and O. Mail steamer Kaisar-i-Hind:—

Mr. J. R. Baird Smith; Mrs. A. J. Baldwin; Mr. G. A. Bhavsar; Mr. and Mrs. R. H. P. Bullen; Mrs. Cammell Mr. B. S. Cavanagh; Miss Chattopadhyaya; Mr. John Christie; Miss F. L. Davis; Mr. N. L. Deoranker; Mr. C. Efford; Miss (Dr.) E. M. Farrer; Mr. C. A. Ferreira, A. S. S. F. X.; Mr. W. C. C. Francis; Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Gamble; Mr. T. W. Gardiner; Mrs. W. A. Gawthorn; Mr. Thos. Gerrard; Mr. V. S. Ghate; Rev. A. Goodier; Mrs. R. J. Douglas Graham; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Graham; Mr. Gregor H. Grant; Mr. N. M. Grant; Mrs. R. Graham; Miss Gregory; Mrs. Harkar; Mr. and Mrs. Heron; Mr. K. D. Hormusjee; Miss M. Horsfall; Mrs. Howley; Master F. Humphrey; Mr. R. M. Joshi; Mr. D. C. Khanna; Mr. and Mrs. W. Lake; Mr. Dilbag Lall; Mrs. R. T. R. Lawrence; Mr. H. Longdon; Mrs. D. Lunson, and 2 Infants; Mr. R. Malcolm; Miss E. A. Montgomery; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Moylam; Mr. C. C. Munro; Mr. Paton; Maharaj Nahar Singh of Rutlam; Mr S. S. Setlur; Mr. S. Shah; Mr. J. D... Sherston Baker; Mr. B. Singh; Mr. Smart; Mr. F. F. Tannahill; Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Townley; Miss Townley; Mrs. Williams and Maid; Mrs. G. M. Wise; infants and Nurse; Mr. E. H. Woodford; Miss D. Young; Mrs. A. F. Yuill, and Infant; Mrs. H. R. H. Wilkinson; Mr. Wajid Khan; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Leather; Mr. J. Paterson; Mr. J. Buchanan; Mrs. Henderson Gray; Mr. E. L. Taylor; Mr. Gurdialsingh Salaruja; Mr. P. B. Haigh, I.C.S.; Mrs. E. Walrond Bryant; Mrs. H. Mathews; Mrs. L. Bazeley; Mrs. O. A. Harman; Mrs. Hingham 2 Children, Infant and Nurse; Mrs. Forsysh, and Child; Mrs. Smallwood, Infant and Nurse; Mr. Wedgwood; Mr. Buchan; Mrs. Alexander; Mr. and Mrs. Mayo Collier; Mr. J. N. Thomson; Mrs. Midgley and 2 Infants; Dr. L. C. Coleman; Mr. Minghraj Thanwardas; Mr. A. Brookes; Mr. and Mrs. A. Cameron; Miss Young; Mrs. C. Caravelos; Mr. George; Mr. J. N. Laing; Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Dinshaw; Mr. N. R. Dinshaw.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

Stations.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 17th Sept. 1915.	Total since 1st June 1915.	1st June to 17th September. 1914.	1913.
Colaba Observatory] ..	0.00	69.39	79.78	65.73
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0.00	72.54	82.30	76.62
Esplanade [Gok Tej. Hospl.	0.00	63.14	84.26	75.77
Byculla [J. J. Hospital]	0.00	75.64	91.07	79.36

PROGRESS IN DHAR.

(News Bureau.)

DHAR, Sept. 16.

The Hon. Mr. Bosanquet, Agent to the Governor-General, Central India paid an official visit to Dhar and the occasion was celebrated with great festivity. On Monday, the 13th instant, a grand Durbar was held.

The next day the Agent to the Governor-General presided over a large gathering and distributed prizes to school students. In addressing the students he showed his satisfaction at the progress made by the school and was favourably impressed by what His Highness the Maharaja had done and was doing in the matter of primary and secondary education and also for the education of the backward classes.

The function was followed by a State Banquet when in proposing the health of the Hon. Mr. Bosanquet, His Highness made a cursory review of the progress made by the state.

The Hon. Mr. Bosanquet, in reply said that whenever he paid a visit to the state he saw some improvements or the other and found His Highness always busy taking interest in his state. Regarding the loyalty of the state the Hon. Mr. Bosanquet said that on the declaration of war it was from His Highness that he received the first telegram that all his resources and of the state were at the disposal of His Majesty the King-Emperor.

The Hon. Mr. Bosanquet left this morning for Indore.

Her Highness the Maharani of Dhar has received an acknowledgement from the Lady-in-waiting to Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress thanking Her Highness for her gift of £500 for the relief of wounded and £200 for the relief of the Belgian destitutes and refugees.

THE CLASSICAL ASSOCIATION.

MEETING OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH.

The 30th meeting of the Classical Association, Bombay Branch, was held on Thursday, Rev. R. MacOmish, M.A. occupied the chair.

Mr. N. S. Takakhav, M.A., delivered an interesting lecture on "Roman Provincial Politics as reflected in the Pliny-Trajan Correspondence."

The lecturer pointed out the changes made by Augustus in reorganising the provinces. Bithynia was usually a senatorial province governed by a "proconsul," but Pliny was not a senatorial governor, but a "*Legatus Cæsaris propraetore consulari potestate.*" We see from Pliny he had three "Procuratores" in his province, of whom two are spoken of as freedmen of the emperor and seem to have been deputies of the third.

The reason for the extraordinary appointment of Pliny as an imperial governor to a senatorial province is to be sought for in the complicated disorders that were brought to light in the province of Bithynia, during recent impeachments in which Pliny himself had played a not inconspicuous part. The lecturer described some of these prosecutions.

The "*civitas*" or any of its citizens could prosecute a magistrate or contractor of public works. The town of Nicaea claimed a right of escheat to the property of its citizens dying intestate. Such a right properly belonged to the "*fiscus.*" A civitas could sue and be sued in a court of law. Trajan had forbidden grants of public money to citizens and some of the states applied to Pliny for permission to recover grants made before this edict, but this was not allowed.

The leading "civitates" were seats of "conventus" and the governor spent a part of the year in touring from one to the other to decide cases. A case could be transferred from one "conventus" to another to avoid undue influence on the local jury. Certain professions could claim "*vacatio*" or exemption from jury.

There were many complaints of non-execution of judicial sentences. Pliny mentions the case of a Flavius Archippus who was condemned to the mines, but who had escaped and had even a statue voted to him by the senate of Prusa. At Nicaea and Nicomedeia sentences of penal servitude for life had been improperly commuted by the municipal authorities and the convicts employed on municipal duties, such as cleaning the sewers. Trajan ordered such convicts, of not more than ten years standing to be sent back to serve their proper term of punishment. Certain cases could be taken cognizance of only by the governor in person, such for instance, as referred to the "Caput" of freemen, the restoration of free-born citizens to liberty, acknowledgement of children in cases of adultery, etc.

The lower offices were exercised by "servi publici." For purposes of police duties, soldiers could be detached only in exceptional cases.

JOBBERY IN PUBLIC WORKS.

There was much jobbery in public works and Pliny was ordered to carefully take search of the finances of the various towns. Trajan ordered Pliny to give permission for such works as baths or aqueducts as could be executed within the resources of the various towns. The people of Nicaea had spent above ten million sesterces over a theatre which was still incomplete and had to be abandoned as big cracks were discovered in the work already completed. The same people having lost a gymnasium by fire began constructing another on a larger scale, at a great outlay of money, which Pliny feared was equally wasted, since a rival architect pronounced the walls though twenty-two feet thick, incapable of supporting the structure on account of the inferior quality of the material.

A fire at Nicomedia had burnt down several houses, and the people had looked on as idle spectators. There were no fire engines and buckets. Pliny had them provided and asked permission to have a guild of firemen formed in the town. Trajan disallowed the proposal, as the guilds in his opinion would degenerate into secret political associations. For the same reason mutual benefit societies were everywhere suppressed. The lecturer quoted Pliny's letter on the question of Christianity and urged that the persecution was of a political nature, and to a great extent the result of a misconception that the church was a secret association. Trajan decreed that Christians should not be hunted out, but when direct accusations were made, these cases must be heard and cases of obstinacy punished.

A Roman governor seems to have had very little power of initiative and centralization was carried to extremes. The proconsul appears to have been like a district Collector in India with asimilar complexity of subjects under his care; and the lecturer concluded his paper with drawing attention to the peculiar difficulties of a governor in Pliny's position.

RECENT CEYLON RIOTS.

MORE SENTENCES BY COURT MARTIAL.

(News Bureau.)

COLOMBO, Sept. 17.

Death sentences were passed by the Court-Martial held at Muttara from 20th July to 2nd August on Don Porolis Sepapa Dahanayaka, and Tammittage Constantihu Ferura. In the case of the former the Governor commuted the sentence to one of rigorous imprisonment for life and ordered that the prisoner be recommended for transportation to the Andamans if of suitable age. In the case of the latter the original order passed was carried out on the 10th September.

The Chief Justice presiding at Baduall Sessions returns to Colombo on Saturday for further hearing of the cases against the editors of the "Dinamina" and "Sinhala Jatiya."

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL CINEMA.

"THE PERILS OF PAULINE."

Pathe Freres have a reputation for masterpieces. Their past record includes many of the greatest productions in practically every branch of Cinematography that the industry has known. It was only to be expected, therefore, that in turning their attention to the comparatively new form of picture play known as "serial film," they would excel again.

Indisputably, "The Perils of Pauline" Pathe Freres' first serial picture, is the finest thing of its kind yet seen—judging, that is to say, from the first eight parts which have been exhibited to the public this week.

One adopts towards a serial film a point of view, rather different from that which one takes in considering any ordinary picture. The fact that each part is shown quite separately, and must be able to stand on its merits, if necessary, as a distinct entertainment, is a condition of great importance. In this respect. "Perils" is entirely satisfactory. It is constructed on the principle which gives each episode a value and interest completely its own, and which, at the same time, preserves the proportions of the composite whole.

In the fourth and fifth episodes, announced to be shown this week, Pauline encounters perils of an even graver nature than those with which she has been endangered in the past pictures of the series. Harry, her lover, also comes in for some serious work.

This week's programme also includes a fine travel, a variety turn, a roaring comic, and that ever interesting film Pathe's "Animated Gazette."

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

The first complete version of Charles Dickens' masterpiece, "Daid Cvopperfield" will be shown at the Excelsior to-night. There have, we believe, been other attempts to produce this work, but these have been by film-producers who were merely after the name and title, as an advertising medium: and their efforts fell far short of the requirements of a Dickensian atmosphere and ability to reproduce the, wonderful characterisations that have deligated the world where Dickens is read.

The film to be shown this week is a lengthy one, running to 7,000 feet, and is produced by the Hepworth Co., London, who are acknowledged past masters in the production of the master's works. Their stock company have been specially engaged with the idea of furnishing the correct "atmosphere" which is the delight of students of this great writer. Every actor has been specially engaged to give a living reproduction of the characters which which will live in literature as long as English is spoken. Here we have Micawber "always waiting for something to turn up" that delightfully improvident gentleman, but always the very soul of optimism. His scenes in the present films are full of the most delicious comedy especially when he bumps against that despicable creature "Uriah Heep" who so lays so much stress upon "bein' so very 'umble."

It has been said that Dickens wrote "David Copperfield" as a veiled illusion to his early strugglgs in life and certainly his biography fits in very well with the idea. In this case, Copperfield is played by three different actors during the various stages of his life. But most of the charm lies in the first actor in the role, which is played by Master Eric Desmond, a juvenile actor, recognised as quite the best in England in boys' parts. Master Desmond is a genius in acting, and although not more than 10 years old the amount of expression and restraint he brings to bear upon the persecuted person of the early Copperfield is wonderful and a delight to the eye. We are sure the Excelsior audience will love this character from the very start, and part with him for a more grown up Copperfield with regret. No expense has been made to present Dickens but in the very correst dressing; and some strong scenes have been produced, notably the famous sea home of Dou', Peggotty, that lovable old sailor who lives with Little Emily in the cottage formed out of an upturned fishing smack. This is most realistically done and a fine open air scene. The shipwreck in which the villain Steerforth loses his life is a very thrilling and realistic scene, and has been taken during a great storm round the English coast.

The photography is up to the Hepworth standard which has no rival in the world. Several old Dickens' landmarks, now unfortunately being ruthlessly removed one by one have been made use of by the producer, especially the old inns and stage coaches, which remarkable to relate, are still in existence in England, if not in actual use, except by photograph-producers.

The Excelsior management are wise in bringing out really good and solid film attractions of this kind not only pleasing to the eye, but a dramatic and instructive entertainment. Everyone may not have read Dickens, so here we have a priceless opportunity of seeing him acted at the same time learn why he stands alone as a master of English character painting.

NEW ALEXANDRA CINEMA.

The new programme at the New Alexandra Theatre commencing this week is promised to be a very attractive one. The chief item of importance is the sensational four-act drama entitled "the red club" which strikingly depicts the machinations of a secret society. Plot and counter plot are interwoven in such a way that the story will hold the audience enthralled from start to finish. The escapades of a detective from the tightest corners, his facing death several times, actually playing with death, will be of a thrilling character. It is a life drama, and an unusual story. It is too real, too human and too big for mere words. The latest War Gazette and two funniest comics complete a most fascinating programme.

VICTOR CINEMA.

A very good number of picture-play patrons attended the exhibition of the first instalment of Lucille Love secreened in Edwardes Theatre, Kalbadevi Road, during the last week. If is full of numerous sensational events, many of them were greatly applauded by the spectators. Grace Cunard, the heroine of the play in opposition to Francis Ford, the hero of the play, and who is her perfect match, is seen at her best and plays a wonderful part keeping the audience in a whirlpool of mirth and excitement. The second instalment will prove stronger than the former on account of its containing more sensational events taking place in China-Town, infested with pirates etc. A visit to this Cinema will be worth the while.

THE EUPHR... AGROUND OFF ...

NO LIVES LOST.

(News Bureau.)

COLOMBO, Sep...

A wireless message reports tha... steamer Euphrate with 585 passen... went ashore near Socotra on Sunday nigh... No lives were lonst.

The City of Nagpur is standing by to rescue the passengers and crew.

MUIR CENTRAL COLLEGE ECONOMICAL SOCIETY.

LECTURE ON INDIAN INDUSTRIES AND WAR.

(News Bureau.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 17.

Professor Burnet-Hurst, Professor of Economics, Muir Central College, delivered an interesting lecture on the effects of the war on Indian trade and industry at the first meting of the Muir Central College Economical Society, held on Tuesday evening. In course of the lecture he said that an examination of the returns of raw cotton showed that there had been heavy export of raw cotton to the continent prior to the outbreak of the war. For about a year Germany and Austria imported very heavily not only directly but indirectly through Belgium, France and Italy. Not infrequently did the import reach double and treble the figure for normal times. After referring briefly to what trade and the shortage of glassware dyes, cutlery, hardware, etc., the lecturer said that advantage has been taken of this position by our neighbour in the east, Japan, and with regard to nearly all commodities, matches, glasswares, etc., she has made extraordinary inroads. Unlike merchants in India, whether Indian or Englishman, the Japanese merchants took action to secure these ends immediately after the outbreak of the war. Trade representatives were sent here to investigate the country's requirements. Not only did they do this but they took the opportunity of buying up cheap raw materials when the market was depressed as in the case of cotton and they are now flooding our markets with cheap cotton goods. We have still the opportunity of holding our own markets. Let us then see to it that no stone is left unturned for us to take it. Lectures on the following subjects will be delivered in the course of next three months.—

Mr. Fremantle, Collector, "On Supply of Labour in the United Provinces;"

Mr. Parakashnarayan Sapru on "State in relation to Labour";

Mr. C. Chintamani on "The Economic Situation in India,'

Professor Jevons, on "Industrial Development of India."

AGARPARA MURDER CASE.

ACCUSED'S STATEMENT.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16.

The hearing of the Agarpara murder case was resumed to-day before the Special Commissioners at Alipore. Some formal witnesses were examined after which the case for the prosecution closed. Counsel for Crown then addressed the Court. He had not concluded when the court rose for the day.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

In the Agarpara murder case the accused Bepin Behari Ganguli made a lengthy statement, in course of which he said that he did not commit any robbery conjointly with other men nor aided them in the commission of such an offence, nor did he commit any such offence himself. He said, as he was walking along the Barrackpore Trunk Road, he heard a hue and cry behind. "Shortly afterwards," the accused continued, "four or five men ran ahead of me. Seeing some persons running in pursuit of those men and shouting to others to catch them, I also ran after them, when I was seized by some people coming from behind. I altercated with those men with the result that they slapped and fisted me and I also kicked at one of them. A number of people had come up to the place in the meantime and they took me near a house. I was severely beaten by the villagers and kept confined for about half an hour when Kamini B. Bewa and another man came and reported that a pistol was lying far ahead and two men were seen running away in that direction. The villagers then dragged me in spite of my remonstrances near Baroda Naira's

Major T... Army Rem... The follow... the Indian A... fantry Branch... Brookes, S. H. ... A. G. Bkerwan, ... Williams, H. F. M... R. B. Day, Rev. Wi... Captain Burbridge, ... Captain Board, Mussoo... Major Macmillan, 2nd M... lunteers, have been grant... Officer's decoration.

HOME DEPARTM...

Mr. B. B. Newbould, I.C.S., ... R. Roe, I.C.S., revert to Bengal and Orissa respectively.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DE... MENT.

The Hon. Mr. S. M. Fraser is pos... Resident in Kashmir.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. L. E. Pritchard, Accountant-General, Burma, gets privilege leave for one month and 25 days. Mr. F. D. Gordon officiates for him.

Mr. V. S. Sundram, Assistant Controller, Indian Treasury, gets privilege leave for six weeks.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. G. A. Durie, Executive Engineer, Burma, is transferred to the Central Provinces.

REVENUE AND ARGICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. P. A. Clutterbuck, Conservator of Forests, becomes Chief Conservator, United Provinces.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Captain E. J. C. Hordern, Assistant Director of Royal Indian Marine, becomes Deputy Director vice Captain G. S. Hewett (retired).

Commander E. G. Mills becomes Assistant Director, Royal Indian Marine vice Captain E. J. C. Hordern.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. McComas, Executive Engineer, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, retired from service.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Sept. 17.

The appointment of Major E. C. I. Wallace, 30th Punjabis, as temporary Brigade Major, Ambala Brigade, has been approved.

Lieut.-Col. C. L. Gregory, 19th Lancers, Second-in-command to be Commandant and Major D. H. McNeile, Squadron Commander to be Second-in-command vice Lieut.-Colonel A. G. Medley, vacated.

Major M. E. Dipping-Hepenstal, 1st Battalion, 1st Gurkha Rifles, Double Company Commander to be Second-in-command, pro tem. 83rd Infantry.

Major W. J. W. Brackenbury, 42nd Delhi Regiment, to be temporary Second-in-command.

Lieut.-Col. Malden, Royal Sussex Regiment, has been appointed Company Officer, Cadet College, Wellington.

Captain A. L. Atham, 2nd Battalion, 1st Gurkha Rifles, has been appointed Instructor, School of Musketry, Changla Galia.

LATE SIR ARTHUR COLLINS.

REFERENCE IN MADRAS HIGH COURT.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

At the High Court to-day the following reference was made to the late Sir Arthur Collins by the Chief Justice:

Before proceeding with the business of the day I desire to give expression of deep regret with which the Court has received the sad news of the death of Sir Arthur Collins, who was for many years Chief Justice of this Court and still so well remembered by those members of the bench and the bar who practised before him. It has not been the practice to adjourn the Court on these occassions, and I therefore confine myself to expressing our deep condolence with his family.

The Advocate-General then said:—"Permit me to say, my Lord, on behalf of every section of the bar in this Presidency that we do most cordially desire to associate ourselves with the expressions of regret that have fallen from your Lordship.

PETTY OFFICER DROWNED.

(News Bureau.)

RANGOON, Sept. 17.

Horace Belton, petty officer of a British steamer was drowned last night while returning with comrades from an entertainment given them by the Royal Engineers at Monkey Point. Belton missed footing on the pontoon and fell into the river.

1,745 persons were killed by wild animals in British India in 1914. This figure is about 89 per cent. higher than the casualties in 1913 but is lower than in 1910-12.

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Castillon Brandy is known for over a century. Its high quality, exquisite taste, mild flavour and guaranteed maturity could hardly be equalled.
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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, September 18, 1915.

A FRENCH PHILOSOPHER ON THE WAR.

It has been said that war crushes philosophy. And the dearth of really great books on philosophy during the last year seems to endorse this. M. Bergson, whose fame as the exponent of a philosophy, which to a great extent satisfies the cravings of the modern man, has been established on a firm basis, has, however, just published in book form an address which he recently delivered as President of the *Academie des Sciences Morales et Politiques* of Paris,—an address whose inspiration is drawn from the depth of his philosophy. In this discourse he brings into clear light the full significance of the doctrines he has been teaching and focusses their whole moral and political bearing on the actualities of the present terrible struggle. But what pre-eminently marks it from some other manifestos that have recently seen the light of day is that there is not a word in it breathing hatred to any person or to any race. For, the main idea of M. Bergson is, that it is by the triumph of a spiritual principle that philosophy may hope to free humanity from the oppression of a materialistic doctrine. And this latter doctrine has had, and still has, philosophers to defend it, and they belong to no particular nation or race. The essence of it is the affirmation, on ethnological grounds, of the superiority of the Aryan race and its right and destiny by reason of that superiority to rule all other races as bondsmen,—a doctrine carried to its logical and most brutal conclusion by its modern German exponents.

For a long period, begins M. Bergson, Germany devoted herself to poetry, to art, to metaphysics; she was made, so she said, for thought and imagination and "she had no feeling for the reality of things." But while she was working out the task of her organic self-development there was within her, or rather by her side, a people with whom every process tended to take a mechanical form. "Artificiality marked the creation of Prussia; for she was formed by clumsily sewing together, edge to edge, provinces either acquired or conquered. . . . The idea of Prussia always evoked a vision of rudeness, of rigidity, of automatism, as if everything within her went by clock-work, from the gesture of her kings to the steps of her soldiers." A day came when Germany had to choose between a rigid and ready-made system of unification, mechanically superposed from without, and the unity which comes from within, which the wills of men, when freely associated, evolve of themselves. She made the first choice, through a man on the spot in whom the methods of Prussia were incarnate. This man was Bismark, a genius, indeed, but, according to M. Bergson, an evil genius. His efforts were directed to make the German people believe itself in permanent danger of war, so that the new Empire should remain armed to the teeth, and that Germany, instead of dissolving Prussian militarism into her own life, should re-inforce it by militarizing herself. She re-inforced it; and day by day the machine grew in complexity and power. With the nineteenth century the idea peculiar to that century of diverting science to the satisfaction of men's material wants evoked a development of industry, and with the help of her own peculiar methods Germany began equipping herself with industry and commerce not less formidable than her army, so that she might be able to march, on their part also, in military order.

From that time onwards industry and the army march together. The former was to develop in all directions, but war was the end in view. "In enormous factories, such as the world had never seen, tens of thousands of workmen toiled in casting great guns, while by their side, in workshops and laboratories, every invention which the disinterested genius of neighbouring peoples had been able to achieve was immediately captured, bent from its intended use, and converted into an engine of war." And ambition grows by what it feeds on. With the spectacle of prosperity such as she had never known, such as she would never have dared to dream of, she told herself that if force had wrought this miracle, if force had given her riches and honour, it was because "force had within it a hidden virtue, mysterious,—nay, divine. . . . Right is what is written in a treaty; a treaty is what registers the will of a conqueror,—that is, the direction of his force for the time being: force, then, and right are the same thing." This explains not only the dictum of Bethmann-Hollweg but also the amazing fact that this idea easily moulded to itself a nation already broken in to passive obedience and having no loftier idea wherewith to oppose the official doctrine. And this explains, too, the German methods of war.

The factories of the enemy must be destroyed that his competition may be suppressed. Moreover that he may be impoverished once and for all and the aggressor enriched, his towns must be put to ransom, pillaged, and burned. Above all must the war be short, not only in order that the economic life of Germany might not suffer too much, but further, and chiefly, because her military power lacked that consciousness of a right superior to force by which she could sustain and recuperate her energie.

The idea of employing science in the satisfaction of our material wants has given a wholly unforeseen extension to the mechanical arts; "each new machine being for man a new organ,—an artificial organ which merely prolongs the natural organs,—his body became suddenly and prodigiously increased in size, without his soul being able at the same time to dilate to the dimensions of his new body." But, while most of the nations have been endeavouring to solve the problems arising out of this disproportion, by filling up the soulless void in the body politic by creating more liberty, more fraternity, more justice than the world had ever seen, Germany, a tool of infernal powers, plotted an inverse experience for mankind. But the result was very different from what she expected. "A simple idea, the heroic conception which a small people had formed of its honour, enabled it to make head against a powerful Empire." At the cry of outraged justice we saw, moreover, in a nation which till then had trusted in its fleet, one million, two millions of soldiers suddenly rise from the earth. A yet greater miracle: in a nation thought to be mortally divided against itself, all became brothers in the space of a day. From that moment the issue of the conflict was not open to doubt. On the one side there was force spread out on the surface; on the other, there was force in the depths. *on one side, that which uses itself up; on the other, that which does not use itself up.* The issue of the struggle therefore, according to M. Bergson, as according to all who believe in the ultimate victory of spiritual over material force, is not doubtful; Germany will succumb; material force and moral force, all of which is sustaining her, will end by failing her, because she is living on the provision she has accumulated, is spending it, and has no way of renewing it.

THE CRISIS IN THE COTTON MILLS.

It seems that the mill agents in the city are now feeling the strain of the accumulated adverse factors against which they have been bravely buffetting since the date of the outbreak of the war. The stress is growing acuter by reason of the steady decline in the prices of their manufactured products, notably grey and coloured piece-goods, during the last few weeks. Owing to the heavy fall in cotton prices during the first four months of the war, that factor proved of the greatest assistance to the fairly remunerative working of their mills. But the raw material had reached its normal value by March, when the bulk had already been gathered and brought down here. Cotton of average staple ranged between 180 and 200 Rupees per Candy. It was hoped that the spring season, after the Holi holidays, would have given some strength to the cloth market. But the general expectation was not realised as there was no very large response from the centres up-country, chiefly Delhi and Amritsar. Again, there was no better improvement than before during the last busy season in the market for Lancashire goods. The accumulated stocks were not easy of quick disposal. Thus dealers in both local and English goods found themselves in an extremely tight corner, despite the fact that financial accommodation at a very reasonable rate of interest was all through available. There was a restoration of credit after March, but it did not go any considerable way to help the market. Practically, then, it was discerned at the close of June last that, despite the steady maintainance of the raw material at a reasonable price and the restoration of credit, stocks had not materially diminished. Indeed, if at all, they were increasing. Still the mill agents did not despair. They had hoped that a good monsoon would go to alleviate the situation to a considerable extent and bring about a relief of the congestion by Cocoanut Day. Unluckily the character of the monsoon by that day was of so discouraging a nature that the striking sales, so sanguinely expected, were not effected. Still, they clung to the hope that later rains might be so far adequate and beneficent as to give no cause of anxiety in any important part of the country. Half of September, however, has passed and all hopes of good rain in Gujarat and Kathiawar are abandoned. In the Punjab and in some tracts of Bengal, too, there is reported a serious inadequacy of rain. Meanwhile cotton prices have been mounting fast. During the last four weeks prices have considerably risen. Cotton of last season's crop, such as has remained on hand in the warehouses at Colaba, mostly of exceedingly inferior grade, is greatly endeared. The same descriptions of cotton which fetched till the close of July from Rs. 170 to Rs. 200 per candy are now difficult of purchase at 30 per cent. and more. Of course, the holders are firm and rely on the speculators to dispose of their staple at higher rates.

Mill agents have been perfectly alive to the cotton position during the last four weeks and what it means for the near future. With famine in Gujarat and Kathiawar, whence they obtain their best cotton (Barsi district excepted), they are now anxious as to how the mills may work with a tolerably remunerative margin. For months past there has been, owing to the cheaper cotton of the earlier season, a profitable margin in low counts, from 4' to 12', owing to a big demand, including that from Lancashire, which has to manufacture a variety of coarse cloths for the War Department. At present prices it is doubtful whether there will be left any margin to speak of, and as to cloths the accumulation is now positively telling on the profits generally and even on the best managed concerns with easy finances. Evidently the mill agents are growing anxious as to the near future. Cotton is found to remain steady at present prices and even to rise still higher as the deficient character of the monsoon is established beyond doubt. With no prospects of a speedy clearance of the heavy stocks, the situation, it is apprehended, will grow worse. Under the circumstances, it is keenly felt that there is no other alternative but to curtail production. It is the only salvation. Under the circumstances we are glad to notice that the Committee of the Millowners' Association are seriously considering the situation with the view of taking concerted action. At their special meeting held last Monday the majority were in favour of closing for 12 instead of four days in a month. Some technicalities, however, were raised which, it was recognised, demanded further consideration and solution before the proposal could be submitted, according to the rules, for adoption by the general meeting of all members. If eighty per cent. of the members are agreeable the proposal will be at once carried into effect.

It is superfluous to observe, at this stage, that millowners, large and small, would do wisely and well in the best interests of the industry to agree, at least once, to unite for a common cause. Divided and selfish interests in the past have more than once obstructed such united action. But whatever the unwisdom and unselfishness of the past, it is time on this occasion to face the serious problem sternly, and courageously adopt a proposal which is extremely wise. In the first place a diminished consumption of cotton would tend, to a reasonable extent, to prevent prices from rising, with all the probability of even a fall. In the second place, the action would put heart into the dealers of both yarn and cloth. The prospect of a considerable diminution in production would encourage them to make every effort to ease off the accumulation. The greater the off-take at current prices, or even at some loss,—for loss is certain,—the better the prospects of the future with famine staring them in the face. And it is quite on the cards that the Lancashire market here will take the lead. No fresh importations are expected as orders are few and far between. The local market of the Lancashire goods has invariably given the lead to the market of local manufactures. But for that fact, it is superfluous to observe, mill agents would have fared worse in the prices of their goods than they have. Hence the Lancashire market also easing off at this juncture will be of considerable assistance to the dealers in local goods. The outlook for the near future threatens to be more dismal than it was at the outbreak of the war fourteen months ago. But provided the mill agents rise equal to the occasion, sink their petty trade rivalries and jealousies and put aside their selfishness, there is nothing to prevent them from adopting the wise and sound policy of curtailing the hours of working for at least eight weeks. They would find themselves at the close in an infinitely better position and obtain ample opportunities to guide their market. But unity is urgently wanted, and it is to be hoped the mill agents on this occasion will prove to the industrial world of India how far they are a body of businessmen capable of protecting their best interests at a critical juncture in their trade.

Notes of the Day.

The Recruiting Problem.

For the first time since the war began we have had an official statement as to the number of men who have been recruited for the Army and Navy. The Prime Minister has announced that the number is not far short of three millions, which leaves the figures for the Army alone at a somewhat lower number than most of us had supposed. The fact that of these only eleven divisions have as yet been placed in the field justifies the assumption that hitherto recruiting has kept pace with the ability of the Government to equip the men and provide all the material that the armies require. Mr. Asquith, however, says that there has been a falling-off in the last few weeks and he added that he regretted to have to say this, from which we may conclude that the Government have not yet got the full number that they want. This statement combined with Lord Kitchener's announcement that the problem of how to secure an adequate supply of men would very soon receive a practical solution is highly significant and is bound to raise the hopes of the conscriptionists.

Still "Uncommitted."

This statement of Lord Kitchener's, which seems to foreshadow some measure of compulsion, is all that Reuter has vouchsafed us of that portion of his speech which dealt with the recruiting problem. But that he said a great deal more than this, and must have qualified the sentence which Reuter sends, seems clear from the various interpretations put upon his remarks by different journals. One journal is reported as stating that "these members of the Cabinet who favour conscription were somewhat disappointed at the pronouncement." That would be very extraordinary, as surely the members of the Cabinet know what Lord Kitchener was going to say, unless they have placed the solution of this matter solely in his hands and came down to the House as full of eager curiosity on the subject as any ordinary member. However that may be, the general impression seems to be that Lord Kitchener remains "uncommitted" and Mr. Asquith has "left the door ajar." Even the journals which favour compulsion go no further than to say that "compulsion is nearer." It is difficult for anyone outside the Cabinet, who has not the available data for calculating the approximate number of recruits required, to estimate how far the likelihood exists that something more than persuasion will be needed to bring the number up to the necessary figure.

The German Annexationists.

We referred the other day to the significant manifesto of German industrialists and agrarians advocating the annexation of Belgium and Northern France. This manifesto was followed by a still wilder declaration from a horde of numerous but not very distinguished professors. It is, however, encouraging that on the other side, the official Socialist manifesto protests against the annexation of any peoples accustomed to govern themselves and insists that the war was defensive and must not degenerate into conquest. This manifesto, though signed by a pretty weighty combination strong in personal distinction, is politically hardly so formidable as the six industrial and agrarian leagues. To strengthen further the demand for annexation the industrialists of the Black Country of the Lower Rhine, who are the backbone of the National Liberal Party, have now issued a brief but impressive resolution in favour of annexation both in the East and West. More surprising by far is the cryptic demand of the main group of the so-named "Radical" party for the "necessary" annexations,—a demand which is a significant proof of the complete transformation or, rather, disregard of all cherished ideals of mankind by even the best of German minds.

Little Body and Great Soul.

Probably one of the most remarkable cases that has ever come before a Court-martial is that of a French soldier who was recently tried for desertion and punished with the comparatively light sentence of two years' hard labour, to be served after the war is over. The soldier rejoices in the picturesque name of Lepetitcorps (Little Body) and the Court which tried him was not quite sure that he had not *une grande ame*. Four times he had deserted and he was noted as a deplorable soldier. But then each time he ran away it was from barracks. He could not breathe within walls while fighting was going on. Under fire he was a perfect devil. Wounded at Morhange, he refused to go to the ambulance. Again he was wounded, first in the leg, then in the head; in Argonne he had both feet frost-bitten. He volunteered for every desperate deed and was mentioned in orders for distinguished conduct. But as soon as he was "caged," he became impossible. His judges have ordered him to the front, allowing him to do his sentence after the war. But he will wipe that off the slate long before then.

Official and Personal.

His Excellency the Viceroy presented the Rev. Mother St. Lucie of Jesus and Maria Convent, Agra, with the Kaiser-i-hind Medal of the first class at St. Bede's College yesterday afternoon, subsequently attending an entertainment by the children of the Jesus Marie Convent.

There was a small dinner party at the Viceregal Lodge last night. Among those present were His Excellency the Viceroy, Viscountess Errington, the Hon. W. M. Hailey, Mr. H. Elliot, Mr. C. H. Kesteven, Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Mr. F. H. and Miss Stewart, M. C. Nabokoff, Major H. A. Cameroon, Mrs. and Miss Hutchinson and Captain E. A. Mackay.

The United Service Club, Simla, will entertain the Viceroy at a farewell dinner on the 8th October.

There will be a dinner at the Viceregal Lodge on the 24th inst. to which the non-official members of the Council have been invited.

The Hon. Sir Sankaran Nair will be entertained at a dinner by the members of the legal profession at Madras about the middle of October.

Grand preparations are going on at Chamba for the wedding early in November of his Highness the Raja Shaheb's daughter with Raj-Kumar General Hari Singh, Heir-Apparent, Jammu and Kashmir State.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

RUSSIANS STILL VICTORIOUS.

16,000 PRISONERS CAPTURED.

LORD KITCHENER AND CONSCRIPTION.

DARDANELLES CASUALTIES.

Fierce fighting continues on the Eastern Front, resulting in further successes for the Russians, not merely in the Southern, but also in the Central theatre. Fresh prisoners have been taken totalling 4,778.

A later message says that the Russians have taken another 11,000 prisoners near Derajno and that desperate fighting is proceeding on the river Strypa.

That section of the British press which favours consripaion hails the speeches of Lord Kitchener and Mr. Asquith as indicating that compulsion is nearer.

Mr. Asquith has announced that since the beginning of war not far short of three million men have enlisted in the Army and the Navy.

The British casualties in the Dardanelles upto August 21 were killed: 1 130 officers, 16,478, men; wounded: 3,271 officers and 59,257 men; missing: 373 officers and 8,021 men.

British submarine E 7 is reported by the enemy to have been sunk in the Dardanelles and the officers and crew captured.

The Admiralty prize court has confiscated the cargoes of four Scandinavian steamers from America to Copenhagen.

The first formal conference between the Anglo-French Commission and American financiers lasted eight hours, which resulted in a general feeling of optimism. Pro-German activities have not so far hampered the progress of the negotiations.

Mr. Asquith intimated in the House of Commons that Britain had made herself liable for advances to other countries which were now approaching 250 millions and the ultimate limit had by no means been reached.

An important Franco-Italian commercial conference has opened at Lugano, for the purpose of discussing future steps to be taken to establish a barrier against German competition after the war.

BENEFICIAL RAINS IN AUSTRALIA.

ABUNDANT HAY AND WHEAT CROPS

ADELAIDE, Sept. 17.

Owing to beneficial rains the crop of hay in South Australia is the heaviest for years. The yield of wheat is also likely to be unusually good.

FIERCE FIGHTING ON EASTERN FRONT.

FURTHER MARKED RUSSIAN SUCCESSES.

FIERCE FIGHTING ON EASTERN FRONT.

FURTHER RUSSIAN SUCCESSES.

FRESH BATCH OF PRISONERS CAPTURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.

Fierce fighting continues on the Eastern front resulting in further successes for the Russians, not merely in the Southern but also in the Central theatre. Fresh prisoners have been taken totalling 4,778.

ENEMY DRIVEN ACROSS THE STRYPA.

The communiqué says the Russians have captured two villages and seventy-six prisoners east of Kovel and they drove back the enemy westwards on the front south of Pripet. The enemy at the latter point were in great strength, resisting stubbornly. The Russians north-east of Dubno took 2,650 prisoners and 552 prisoners north-west of Tarnopol. South-west of the same town the Russians vigorously attacked and captured a village and drove the enemy headlong across the Strypa, inflicting great losses.

ENEMY HURLED OUT OF TRENCHES.

A fierce battle raged all day west of Trombovlia on the Strypa. The Russians in the evening broke the wire entanglements and hurled the enemy out of his trenches with the bayonet. They captured a wood and village which had previously been constantly changing hands and crossed the river, closely pursuing the enemy. This engagement resulted in the capture of fifteen hundred more prisoners. The Russians in the north are also apparently holding their own against German onslaughts from Dvinsk to Pinsk and are making vigorous and successful counter-attacks.

DESPERATE FIGHTING ON THE STRYPA.

11,000 PRISONERS CAPTURED.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 17.

A communiqué says: South-west of Dvinsk the Russians repulsed repeated German attacks which reached the wire entanglements.

The enemy north-west of Vilna succeeded in crossing the Vilna river.

The Russians, in the direction of Pinsk, are retiring under the enemy's pressure.

The enemy continues counter-attacks in the Derajno district and various points in Galicia, hoping thus to consolidate his position, which has been badly shaken, but has only achieved small local successes.

The Russians took another eleven thousand prisoners near Derajno, and desperate fighting is proceeding on the river Strypa, west of Tarnapol and Trembovlia line, where the enemy is clinging to the passages of the river.

SATISFACTORY INCREASE OF RUSSIAN MUNITIONS.

LONDON, Sept. 16.

The French communiqué says that the Russian War Minister Polivanoff declares himself satisfied with the improvement in the provision of munitions, the enormous increase in which in the last fortnight is fully maintained. The supply of rifles has also considerably increased.

RUSSIA'S FIGHTING RESERVES

FURTHER EIGHT MILLION CALLED UP

PETROGRAD, Sept. 17.

The Duma has been prorogued to the middle of November. An ukase calls to the colours sections of the territorial reserves estimated to provide eight million men under thirty-five years of age.

ALPINI'S AUDACITY.

ENEMY'S ENTRENCHMENTS DESTROYED

ROME, Sept. 17.

Bold incursions by the Italians on Cresta Villa Corna, over nine thousand feet high, are described in a communiqué.

The skill and audacity of the Alpini overcame almost insurmountable difficulties in a mountainous country, bridging glaciers till they reached the enemy's entrenchments, which were partly destroyed, and returned unscathed.

The Austrians have recently been using high explosive bombs on the Carso plateau, which, on analysis, prove to contain large quantities of prussic acid.

COMPULSION NEARER.

IMPRESSION IN THE LOBBY.

PRESS COMMENTS ON LORD KITCHENER'S SPEECH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.

That section of the British press which favours conscription hails the speeches of Lord Kitchener and Mr. Asquith as indicating that compulsion is nearer.

The "Daily News," however, says, some Liberal Members of the House of Commons deduced that Lord Kitchener was deciding in favour of conscription, but adds, they were wrong, and those members of the Cabinet who favour conscription were rather disappointed at the pronouncement. Lord Kitchener remains uncommitted.

The journal adds that the decrease in recruiting is due to the fact that Lord Lansdowne's National Register Committee advised the War Office that a large number of industries must not be further depleted.

Moreover, the War Office itself has relaxed recruiting till it is able to apply the results of registration. Also, harvest has kept men busy in the country.

The "Daily Chronicle" says the general impression in the Lobby is that Mr. Asquith left the door ajar for compulsion. He certainly did not bar or bolt the door against it.

NEARLY THREE MILLIONS RECRUITED.

MR. ASQUITH'S STATEMENT.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

Mr. Asquith announced to-day that since the beginning of the war not far short of three million men had enlisted in the army and the navy.

Recruiting had been well maintained, though he regretted to say that during the last few weeks there had been a falling-off.

DARDANELLES CASUALTIES

DESPATCH TO BE SHORTLY PUBLISHED

LONDON, Sept. 16.

In the House of Commons, to-day, Mr. Tennant gave details of the casualties in the Dardanelles up to August 21.

Including the Naval Division, there were killed, 1,130 officers and 16,478 men; wounded, 3,271 officers and 59,257 men; missing, 373 officers and 8,021 men.

Mr. Asquith announced that a Dardanelles despatch would be published shortly.

BRITISH SUBMARINE SUNK IN DARDANELLES.

OFFICERS AND CREW CAPTURED.

LONDON, Sept. 16.

The British Admiralty announces that the enemy claims to have sunk submarine E7, commanded by Lieut-Commander A Cochrane, in the Dardanelles, and to have taken three officers and 25 men prisoners.

As no news of this submarine has been received since September 4, it must be presumed that the report is correct.

REPORTED CAPTURE OF REBEL MARITZ.

ATTIRED IN BRITISH UNIFORM.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

LAHORE, Sept. 17.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" London correspondent cables London, September, 16th:—

The rebel Maritz attired in British uniform, but spending German marks near the Rhodesian frontier has been arrested by a Portuguese officer and taken to Benguella.

CULTIVATION OF EGYPTIAN COTTON.

GOVERNMENT EMBARGO REMOVED.

CAIRO, Sept. 16

Government has decided to remove the prohibition preventing cultivators from devoting more than a third of their property to cotton.

ANGLO-FRENCH FINANCE COMMISSION.

AN EIGHT-HOUR SITTING.

NO PRO-GERMAN ACTIVITIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.

The first formal conference between the Anglo-French Financial Commission and American financiers lasted eight hours. Many pledges of support were received and there was a general feeling of optimism.

The loan will possibly be divided into four series, bearing 5 per cent. interest, payable in dollars. Pro-German activities have not hampered the progress of the negotiations.

It is understood that the Commissioners have informed representatives of cotton growers, that cotton as well as other trade with France and Britain will be cared for.

THREATS TO COMMISSIONERS.

GERMAN BANKERS' POSITION.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.

Owing to the virulence of the campaign against a loan to the Allies, and a number of threatening letters reaching the Financial Commissioners, the latter have been provided with strong body-guards.

On the other hand, some of the most pominent German bankers in New York have announced their intention to promote the loan to the utmost, as its failure would be disastrous to the prosperity of the United States.

STANDARD OIL MILLIONS.

ROCKEFELLER LIKELY TO PARTICIPATE IN LOAN.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.

Mr. Morgan has submitted details of the proposed Anglo-French loan to Mr. Rockefeller (junior) and it is understood that he has asked Mr. Rockefeller to subscribe.

The fact that the National City Bank which does most of Mr. Rockefeller's banking has already decided to participate, is regarded as an indication that the Standard Oil millions will soon be behind the loan.

FRANCO-ITALIAN COMMERCIAL CONFERENCE.

PROPOSED BARRIER AGAINST GERMAN COMPETITION.

LONDON, Sept. 17.

An important Franco-Italian commercial conference has opened at Lugano, attended by distinguished politicians, economists and ex-ministers of both nations, for the purpose of discussing future commercial and industrial steps to be taken to establish a barrier against German competition after the war.

It is even hoped that the conference will be the nucleus of an industrial, monetary and customs union between the Quadruple Entente and their allies.

The conference is approved by both Governments.

DISORDER IN PERSIA.

SAFEGUARDING OF BRITISH LIFE.

LONDON, Sept. 17.

Replying to a question by Sir John Rees in the House of Commons, Sir Edward Grey stated that the present state of disorder in Persia was engaging the anxious attention of the Government, which would omit no measures which might be properly taken to safeguard british life and property.

GERMAN TEXTILE INDUSTRY

(NEWS BUREAU.)

LAHORE, Sept. 17.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" London correspondent cables London, September, 16th:—

The "Nieuve Rotterdamsche Courant" learns from Westphalia that the German textile industry is in a serious position. Factories not supplying the army are closing owing to scarcity of raw material.

DEATH OF SIR JOHN HAUGHTON.

LONDON, Sept. 16.

The death is announced of Sir John Haughton.

WAR FINANCE.

BRITAIN'S ADVANCES TO OTHER COUNTRIES.

LIABILITIES APPROACHING 250 MILLIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.

Dealing with Great Britain's share in the war, Mr. Asquith yesterday intimated that we had made ourselves liable for advances to other countries which were now approaching 250 millions and we had by no means reached the ultimate limit.

BUDGET ON SEPTEMBER 21ST.

LONDON, Sept. 16.

Mr. McKenna will introduce the Budget on September 21.

ADMIRALTY PRIZE COURT.

FOUR ENEMY CARGOES CONFISCATED

LONDON, Sept. 16.

The Admiralty Prize Court has confiscated the cargoes of four Scandinavian steamers from America for Copenhagen, on the ground that they were actually destined for Germany.

The judgment involves similar cases of thirty-eight other vessels with cargoes of enormous total value.

ARTILLERY FIRE AND MINING OPERATIONS.

PARIS, Sept. 16.

There was continued artillery fire and mining operations. The Germans turned guns on the suburbs of Arras, but the French replied by deluging with shells the enemy's batteries and trenches. French guns in the Roye region caused some outbreaks of fire.

CANNONADING ON WHOLE FRONT.

PARIS, Sept. 17.

The communiqué says there has been severe cannonading on the whole front with bomb and trench mortar fighting in Argonne.

GERMAN SUBMARINES ON WEST COAST OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 16.

It is officially announced that German submarines are operating off the mouths of the Loire and Gironde.

FIGHTING IN EAST AFRICA.

ENEMY PATROL SURPRISED AND ROUTED.

LONDON, Sept. 17.

The Press Bureau announces that a strong enemy patrol was surprised eight miles South of Maktau in East Africa on September 14th by sixty British and a hundred Indian infantry.

The enemy fled after a sharp fight leaving one white and thirty-one natives dead besides wounded. Our casualties were three killed and eight wounded.

Many rifles and much ammunition and all the enemy kit was captured.

GALLANTRY IN GALLIPOLI.

AWARDS OF INDIAN ORDER OF MERIT.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Sept. 17.

General Sir Ian Hamilton's despatch, dated the 12th June, is re-published here to-day and officers of the Indian Artillery are mentioned.

They are Lt.-Col. Parker and R. A. Major Bruce, Captains Kisby and Whitting, Subadar Jawala Singh, Gunner-Havildar Gurdit Singh, Naik Nikka Singh.

The following officers are admitted to the Indian Order of Merit for gallantry and devotion in the Mediterranean:—Subadar-Major Gumbir Singh, 1/6th Gurkhas; Subadar Sahabvi Thapa, 1/6th Gurkhas; Jemadar Dalbahadur Thapa, 1/6th Gurkhas; Jemadar Bajerdhoj Rai 2/10th Gurkhas; Subadar Dhanjit Gharti, 1/5th Gurkhas; Subadar Dhanraj Gurung, 1/5th Gurkhas; Lance-Naik Karan Singh, 21st Mountain Battery; Gunner-Naik Jan Muhammad, 21st Battery; Gunner Fazal Ellahie, 26th Battery.

Sub-Assistant Surgeons Ramswami Wamar and Muhamad Dadashahib are given Indian Order of Merit for services at Barjisiyah.

Havildar Kishen Singh, Guides, also gets the Indian Order of Merit for services at Rustom.

LORD H...

SECRETARIES ... LA...

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, ...

Messrs. Ratan Tata, Tej Bahadur Sapru and Sutton Singh, Hon. Secretaries, have issued the following appeal on behalf of the All-India Gokhale Memorial Committee formed at Delhi last cold weather:—

Dear Sir,—On behalf of the All-India Gokhale Memorial Committee we beg to thank you for having joined the Committee and promised it your valuable support in raising a suitable All-India Memorial to the late Mr. Gokhale. At the meeting of the Commitee held at Delhi it was resolved that the All-India Memorial should take two forms, one a statue of Mr. Gokhale at Delhi and the other an endowment for the Servants of India Society which occupied his last thoughts and which is the only organisation in the country with a band of full-time workers pledged to devote their lives to the service of the motherland and to work for her uplift on well-defined constitutional lines. His Highness the Aga Khan who also has suggested the same two forms of the memorial has proposed that we should raise six lakhs for the purpose. He writes: "I have no doubt as to what we should do. We should raise at least six lakhs for the All-India Memorial and India that gave so generously for the Hindu and Moslem Universities, can afford to give for one who united all that was best in both her elder and younger daughter's character." We feel sure that in these words his Highness voices the general feeling on the subject. The total amount to be raised is small in comparison with the services rendered by Mr. Gokhale to his country and with the influential support that the proposal for an All-India Memorial has everywhere received it should not be difficult to raise it. But it is essential to success that the work of collecting subscriptions should be taken in hand at once. We therefore appeal to you to be good enough to contribute to the fund and to remit your subscription to the local branch of the Bank of Bengal, Bombay or Madras as the case may be. We also request you to kindly ask other friends who may like to mark their respect for the memory of Mr. Gokhale to do the same and to initiate the fact to this office. We are to add that every donor is at liberty to earmark if he should so desire his contribution for either of the two forms of the memorial mentioned above. Replies should be addressed to the Hon. Secretaries, All-India Gokhale Memorial Committee, 19 Albert Road, Allahabad.

Among the office-bearers are:—Presidents, Sir Subramania Iyer, Sir Rash Bihari Ghose, Raja Sir Harnam Singh, Mrs. Annie Besant, Dr. Sundar Lal, the Raja of Muhamadabad, Sir G. M. Chitnavis, Hakim Azmal Khan, Mr. Nazharul Haque, and Mr. G. Basu.

His Excellency the Viceroy has been pleased to subscribe Rs. 2,000 to the Fund and express his sympathy with the movement.

XMAS PLUM PUDDINGS FOR TROOPS.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Our efforts to send Xmas puddings to British troops last year appeared to be so thoroughly appreciated as evidenced by the many post cards of thanks which we received from officers and men of all ranks that we hope this year to renew the work on a larger scale.

Last year people were good enough to help both by making puddings and by sending money to pay for them. This year our idea is to ask only for subscriptions so as to enable the puddings to be of an absolutely uniform size and quality.

Mr. Pechey of the B. B. & C. I. Railway has most kindly consented to undertake all the necessary arrangements for the marking, packing and despatching of the puddings. We propose to send them to all British troops in Mesopotamia, the Persian Gulf, East Africa and Aden, the sick and the wounded in the Bombay and Poona Hospitals to all hospital ships and transports in the Bombay Docks during Xmastide, to the Bombay Presidency Hospital at Alexandria (870 beds) and to all Territorials serving in the Bombay Presidency.

We have already been promised Rs. 500 by the Byculla Club and Rs. 500 have been sent by Mr. Needham of Bombay, who so ably undertook this same work for us last year; but, we estimate the total cost at about Rs. 7,500.

I venture once more to appeal to the ever generous public of this Presidency and to say how delighted I personally shall be to receive donations to our "Plum Pudding Fund" for Xmas 1915.—Yours, etc.

MARIE WILLINGDON.

Ganeshkhind, Sept. 15.

P. S.—Donations may also be sent direct to Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Bombay, for credit of the Fund.

The three prisoners who escaped on Sunday morning from the Moulmein jail have been arrested at Kyaikmaraw.

...QUET ...

...THE VICEROY

...UNITY AMONG INDIANS.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Sept. 17.

...e Indian community of Simla entertained Sir Ali Imam, Law member of the Viceroy's Executive Council at a farewell banquet, at the Grand Hotel, this evening.

It was a brilliant and highly successful function for which credit is due to Raja Harnam Singh, President, and Rai Bahadur Jai Lal and Mr. Mir Mohamed Khan, secretaries.

In the unavoidable absence of Sir Rash Behari Ghosh Raja, Sir Harnam Singh presided at the function.

Amongst those present were Sir Harcourt Butler, Nawab Zulfiquar Ali Khan, Sir Reginald Craddock, Kunwar Charanjit Singh, Sir William Meyer, Mian Mahomed Shafi, Mr. Claude Hill, Sir G. M. Chitnavis, Mr. Gillan, Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea, Sir William Vincent, Raja Kushal Pal Singh, Major-General Holloway, Mr. M. B. Dadabhoy, Mr. Kershaw, Sardar Jogendra Singh, Sir Edward Maclagan, Mir Asad Ali Khan, Mr. Howard Hensman, Mr. U. N. Sen, Mr. A. P. Muddiman, Bakshi Sohan Lal, Sir Pardon Lukis, Mr. Everard Cotes, Mr. Law, Sir Davood Khan, Sir Charles Cleveland, the Afghan Envoy, Mr. B. L. Gupta, Sir DuBoulay, Kunwar Maharaj Singh, Col. Hendley, Mr. Framjee, Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, Mr. Anderson, Mr. Couchman Mr. S. C. Gupta, Mr. Hansraj, Mr. Stuart, Mr. Lindsay, Mr. Yusul, Mr. Good, Mr. Mohodal, Pandit Amarsingh Mr. Omar, Mr. Harrish Chander, Captain Kunwar Shanadhari Singh, Kunwar Dalit Singh, Mr. C. H. Harrison, Mr. Noyce. Khawaja Yusuf Shah, Dr. Simpson, Dr. Sarvadhicary, Mr. K. C. Roy, and others.

There was a large attendance after the dinner which included Mr. Achariar, the Maharaja of Cassimbazar, and others.

SIR HARNAM SINGH'S SPEECH.

After the loyal toast, Raja Sir Harnam Singh proposed the health of the guest of the evening. He said:—

Sir Ali Imam, needs no introduction to us in Simla. He has spent the best part of five years in our midst and we claim him as a Simla man.

The Indian Member of the Viceroy's Council! What memories the phrase recalls! The memorable reform which must always be associated with the names of Lords Morley and Minto, was the subject of a sharp controversy and hard words. We heard it said by some in those days, that the Indian Member would be a source of weakness to the Government; that he might betray the State's secrets, that Secretariat animosities would be increased, that a Hindu member would be an anathema to the Mussulmans and vice versa. In short according to them both in India and in England the appointment would strike a blow at British rule in India. Gentlemen, have these anticipations been realised or on the contrary has the step taken by Lords Morley and Minto, and to their credit be it said supported by not a few European Civil Servants of the Crown, been a source of strength to the India Government? Let those answer first who have the foremost right to do so. We shall remember the eulogistic reference by Lord Minto to Sir S. P. Sinha, the first Indian member. But to come to more recent times who cannot forget the words, burning and true, in which his Excellency the present Viceroy referred to our guest of this evening in his closing speech on the last year's budget. Lord Hardinge then used these words:—"Moreover, the inclusion of an Indian gentleman in the Council of a Province, to my mind is a great source of strength to the Governor and the Lieutenant-Governor. I speak from my own experience and have no hesitation in saying without any idea of flattery that the presence of my friend, Sir Ali Imam, on my council, his knowledge and experience are and have been, of the greatest possible advantage to me and to my Government.

SUCCESS OF THE EXPERIMENT.

And if you will forgive another quotation I shall recall to your memory the language of Lord Morley with reference to the somewhat analogous appointment of Indian members to the Secretary of State's Council when he said, "It is of enormous advantage to have the point of view of an Indian gentlemen." We take our stand by the eloquent and convincing testimony of these distinguished noblemen whose utterances cover a period of seven years. Instead of being a source of weakness the experiment has strengthened British Rule in India. Instead of increasing sectional rivalry it has, I venture to say, diminished it. No non-Hindu that I am aware of, objected to the appointment of Sir S. P. Sinha, nor have we heard of complaints against Sir Ali Imam on the score of his being a Mussulman. The reason is simple. On the other hand, the vast majority of questions with which the Government of India deal, have no religious significance, and on the other hand in almost all important matters affecting the rights of Indians in and outside India, Hindu and Mussulman opinion is completely, and I would say increasingly, united. The appointment of an Indian member has appealed to Indian imagination. It has gratified Indian sentiment. But what is far more important, it has been, we believe, of marked practical good to the country. It has proved that the Indian when given a fair trial is perfectly competent to hold the highest administrative post and to share in the counsels of the Supreme Government. I am sure that all present and not the least the distinguished colleagues of Sir Ali Imam whom we are very pleased to see here to-night and who we know served India with great ability and devotion, will agree that the experiment has proved a marked success. But if this is so the lion's share of the credit must go to the Hon. Sir Ali Imam. His ability, previous training and experience of the world, his tact and perhaps more than all the fact that he has always considered himself an Indian first and a Mussulman afterwards, have been of great assistance to him and to the country during his tenure of a post which must always be one of considerable difficulty.

VICEROY'S GREAT SUPPORTER.

Gentlemen, you cannot expect me to tell you all that Sir Ali Imam has accomplished in the Governor-General's Council. Possibly he may in his reply be able to give us an insight into the secret enclaves of the Government of India. We shall be delighted if he can. If however he cannot we shall forgive him, for I suppose that even Sir Ali Imam is not exempt from the provisions of the Indian Official Secrets Act. Of one thing however we may be sure. The words of Lord Hardinge prove that the policy of conciliation and progress adopted by His Excellency the Viceroy, the policy which annulled the partition of Bengal, gave Bihar and Orissa and tried to secure for the United Provinces an Executive Council, voiced in ever memorable language, the claims of Indians in South Africa, conciliated Mussulman feeling in Cawnpore, stimulated education and sanitation, advocated principal autonomy, and the development of local self-government and sent Indian troops to Europe, has had no more ardent supporter and friend than Sir Ali Imam. In fact this co-operation between his Excellency the Viceroy and our distinguished guest has been one of the most gratifying and successful features of the present regime. His Excellency has borne witness to it in the words which I quoted a short time ago. Sir Ali Imam on his side has been equally responsive. No one with even the smallest acquaintance with him can have failed to be struck with the extraordinary devotion, respect and affection in which he holds the present Viceroy. This mutual regard is to the infinite credit of both the Viceroy for the honour he has done to the country in honouring Sir Ali Imam, and to Sir Ali Imam for the loyal assistance which he has been able to render to a great statesman at a critical period of India's history.

Long may this happy state of affairs continue; for, without the assistance of the Viceroy, and may I add of his European colleagues,—for Sir Ali Imam we know is also indebted to them for valuable assistance,—the Indian Member's already difficult position would be impossible to hold. Gentlemen, I have already detained you too long but I am sure that before sitting down you will wish me to thank Sir Ali Imam most heartily not only in the name of the Indian residents of Simla but on behalf of the whole Indian public for his most valuable services to India. He leaves a bright example for his successor, the Hon. Sir Sankaran Nair, whom we shall welcome to Simla next year, at a time when if, as we hope, the war is over, the gifts of highest statesmanship and wisdon will be necessary for the Government of this country. As you know Sir Ali Imam after a short but much needed rest returns to his old love, the legal profession. Whatever be the disadvantages we are glad that he is returning to non-official circles where his experience will be a real asset.

Gentlemen, I now ask you to charge your glasses and drink to the health of our distinguished guest, Sir Ali Imam. We wish him and his family every happiness and prosperity and we can assure him that he will have a cordial welcome from us, one and all, whenever he comes to Simla again.

The toast was received with cheers.

SIR ALI IMAM'S SPEECH.

The Hon. Sir Ali Imam, in responding to the toast, said:—

Rajah Sir Harnam Singh and gentlemen, I am profoundly touched by the kindness and cordiality of the Indian community of Simla in their desire to mark by this farewell entertainment my approaching retirement from the office of a member of the Government of India. It is a signal honour to be the recipient of such a favour at the hands of one's countrymen and I prize it the more, as it is the culmination of the uniform and uninterrupted kindliness and courtesy I have received from the Indian residents of the summer capital during the five years I have lived among them. The friendships that I formed here will remain with me a cherished souvenir of my stay in this beautiful hill station, but the grateful recollection of to-night's function will never fade from my memory. I regret that indisposition has prevented my kind friend Sir Rash Behari Ghosh from coming to this gathering. Our brilliant countryman has been a great intellectual force in the public life of India. I claim to be rather an old admirer of Sir Rash Behari, for it is now many years since I first learnt how dangerous an opponent he could be in forensic arena and what a pitiless adversary he was when he had a particularly hopeless case to defend. The legal profession in India has produced many gifted men, but there are few that have reached the heights of that keenness of intellect and subtlety of brain, which is a normal condition in his mentality.

THANKS TO SIMLA FRIENDS.

To you, Sir, who command a distinguished and towering personality among the public men of India, I beg to offer my very warm thanks for the far too generous terms in which you have done me the honour to propose my health, and to you, gentlemen, who have so heartily responded to the nomination of the toast, my thanks are due in no less a spirit of gratitude. Seeking friendly faces from among the Indian residents of Simla round this table Nawab Zulfiqar Ali Khan, the Hon. Mr. Muhammad Shafi Sirdar Chiranjit Singh, Rai Bahadur Jai Lal, Mr. Mir Muhammad Khan, Mr. K. C. Roy, and others are all here and to all of them I am beholden for much personal kindness that I have received on all occasions. Your own house, Sir, has been a home to me and I cannot forget how often I have found a place in your family circle and been the recepient of the lavish hospitality for which the Manor is so deservedly renowned. To me it is a source of very great pleasure to see you here as the spokesman of my kind hosts, nor is it less a gratification to find myself surrounded by the elite of the Indian society of Simla, all united to do me the honour for having, in my own humble way, tried to do my duty by faithfully serving my Sovereign and my country.

POSITION OF THE INDIAN MEMBER.

Believe me, gentlemen, the present is a proud moment for me—the proudest in my life—for no greater honour can come to a son of India than to receive such a public appreciation of what little service he may have been fortunate enough to render in advancing the cause of his country. No one can be more conscious than I am of the many short-comings that have attended my efforts, but I may say in all sincerity that, whatever may have been the faults—and there have been many—the one of disregard, even in one single instance, of the true interests of the country, has not been consciously permitted to influence my action. As a member of the Government of India, you, sir, have been good enough to pointedly refer to the gracious words that fell from the lips of his Excellency the Viceroy regarding my work. As a member of his Government, I remember the occasion when that speech was delivered. It was last March, in the solemnity of the Council Chamber at Delhi. I tell you, gentlemen, how overwhelmed I was with the emotions that over-powered me when listening to those words. I felt that the reward of five years' labour was mine not only for myself, but in vindication of a great cause. Gentlemen, I am proud to have received such notice from the King's representative, but I am prouder still in that I may, without any vanity, regard these words as the title of my country to the inclusion of her sons in the Indian cabinet.

NO PATH OF ROSES.

Gentlemen, the position of the Indian member of the Viceroy's Council is not without its difficulties. It is true that he has to be grateful for many things, without which his position might have been harder. Yet, it would be an error to hold that his path is strewn with roses. The brotherly consideration shown to him by his colleagues and the very best and cordial social relations existing between him and them, are the most pleasing and helpful feature of his career as a councillor. But there are inherent causes that sometimes leave him isolated in the discharge of his official duties. This is in no way attributable to any unkindness on the part of anyone in the country.

INDIAN MEMBER'S FIRST AND FOREMOST DUTY.

I take this opportunity publicly to declare, that in the course of the last five years I have received nothing but the utmost kindness and consideration from my past and present colleagues. Indeed, for some of them I have come to acquire an affection that is deep and abiding. As a Minister of the Crown, the first and foremost duty of the Indian Member is to do all in his power to strengthen the foundations of British Rule in India. But his difficulties do not begin here, for a little reflection will satisfy him that the foundations of that rule can rest secure only in the increasing prosperity and contentment of the people of India. This object is the very essence of real and true loyalty to the Sovereign, whose confidence he has the privilege to enjoy. The ready and willing acceptance of this principle by his colleagues is a source of great inspiration and strength to him, for it is an agreement on the very first principles of the relations of England and India. To me personally, the conviction that duty to my Sovereign is in absolute and complete keeping with my duty to my country, has been a great support and a sustaining force of incalculable value. It is only when a descent is made from the theory of Government based upon an incontrovertible truth to specific and concrete practical measures of administration, that differences of opinion make their appearance. Such differences of opinion are, as all will recognize who have taken part in public life, natural and, indeed, inherent in human nature. But I must confess that I have sometimes felt depressed when I have found myself in a minority and unable to convince others that they were wrong and I was right. In such moments, I cannot tell you, what support and comfort I have found in the presence of a wise, large-hearted and sympathetic Viceroy. It is to be hoped that the future Indian members of the Government of India will be as fortunate in their chief as I have been in mine. It is a merciful providence that has brought his Excellency Lord Hardinge of Penshurst to our country, for in him India has undoubtedly found a Viceroy who has the unrivalled gift of entering into her feelings and sentiments, her hopes and aspirations, and her needs and requirements. He has understood India, and India him. It is his rare insight into the psychology of India combined with a political sagacity of an exceptionally high order that has marked a new era in the history of British Rule in our country.

TRIBUTE TO THE VICEROY.

You all know that his Majesty the King, on the conclusion of his tour in India as Prince of Wales, delivered a speech at the Guildhall in which he graciously appealed for sympathy towards India and Indians. I say with confidence, gentlemen, that this appeal has been fully responded to by his Majesty's present representative amongst us. His Viceroyalty is crowned with many wise and beneficient administrative measures, but towering above all as a monument must ever stand out his bold and courageous policy of translating into action all that the word "sympathy" signifies. Be it the modification of the partition of Bengal, the ever historic defence of the Indians in South Africa, the happy settlement of the Cawnpore Mosque imbroglio, the constitution of Legislative Councils in the Central Provinces and Assam, the grant of an Executive Council to the new province of Bihar and Orisa and also the conferment of an elected majority in its Legislative Council, or any other reform, the keynote of Lord Hardinge's policy has been to actively sympathise with the people of this country. Indeed, it may be said without exaggeration and with perfect justice that his Lordship has succeeded in clothing the Government of India in a vesture of sympathy, that promises to be durable and lasting. I have on many occasions received ungrudging support from my other colleagues and am grateful to them for the assistance they have given me, but I cannot refrain from saying that the mainstay of my official career in the Government of India has been the generous encouragement that in moments of great depression has come to me from Lord Hardinge himself.

THE SEAL OF OFFICIAL SECRECY.

Gentlemen, I wish it were in my power to take you into my confidence by giving you specific instances of the timely and sympathetic action of the Viceroy having averted a calamity, but you are aware that the seal of official secrecy is on my lips. The terrors of the Penal Clauses of the Official Secrets Act are nothing compared to the rigours of the unwritten code of honour that governs the conduct of public servants. I am told on good authority that reticence is a golden rule for those that are in official harness in India, and although to-night's banquet heralds my departure from the official life, I find that I have yet some months to linger on and must therefore necessarily guard against saying too much. There is, nevertheless, so much of consuming interest regarding our country that indulgence in unbroken silence will be perhaps equally out of place.

INDIA AND THE PRESENT CRISIS.

Gentlemen, the India of to-day is very much different from the India of the days of the advent of the British into this country. A settled and enlightened form of Government, for more than five generations has produced a revolution silent and bloodless, but full of great potentialities. British characteristics, inseparable from British Rule, have permeated the organism of Indian life and its social structure. Perceptions have been quickened and an elevation of thought has been reached, where ideals of self-respect and liberty have been planted on the consciousness of the country. The dream of the great Englishmen, who laid down the foundations of British rule in India, has been visualised. These Empire-builders were actuated by the sublime motive of raising India from her fallen state to self-realisation. The architects of the British Empire in India were cast in a heroic mould and to them it was of greater consequence to train her up to self-reliance than keep her everlastingly in leading strings. And thanks to them and the nobility of their conception of the duty of England to India, to-day in the hour of England's greatest need the sons of India from Prince to peasant alike have as one man leapt up and thrown themselves into the fray in the defence of the honour of a country 6,000 miles away, yet close and bound together by the ties of affection that bind a mother to her daughter. Indeed, in the present crisis a watching and wondering world has witnessed the magnificent spectacle of India bowing with deep reverence and loving sympathy before England with the emotion-laden words "Bande Mataram" on her lips. Gentlemen, it is wave of enthusiasm over the war, that has swept over the entire length and breadth of our vast country, has a deep meaning for the student of history, sociology, and politics. It is a justification of British Rule in India, a vindication of the intelligent loyalty of the thoughtful classes and a pledge that the fulfilment of England's mission in India will not only be a crown of glory to the mother country, but a source of ever-increasing strength to the Empire. The inwardness of the situation has been gauged by his Excellency the Viceroy, whose confiding trust in India is demonstrated by the courageous and unprecedented action he has taken in sending large expeditionary forces out of the country to the battlefields of Europe, Asia and Africa. Our gallant soldiers, British and Indians alike sent out from here, have covered themselves with glory, and more than one Victoria Cross adorns their tunics. Gentlemen, it is a matter of no small pride to us that the Indian Expeditionary Force sent to France was in the very nick of time to take a leading and distinguished part in successfully stemming the onrush of the enemy, consequent on the retreat from Mons.

TRUST IN LOYALTY MORE THAN JUSTIFIED.

While the soldier sons of India are performing prodigies of valour at the Front, what about the Civilian Administration of the country. All controversy is hushed and every political propaganda is put on the shelf. The representatives of the people in the Legislative Councils have unanimously eschewed all controversial subjects from discussion. The Indian press has given a wise lead in scrupulously avoiding contentious questions and impressing upon the public attention the supreme importance of straining every nerve to prosecute the war with unflagging and unabated energy. Gentlemen, it is now over a year since the war broke out, but even the most relentless critic of the people's attitude during this period will have to admit that the trust reposed in them by his Excellency the Viceroy has been more than amply justified. The present war is perhaps the greatest scourge that has afflicted the human race, but it has served one good purpose. It has drawn the whole of the British Empire together and forged new links of unity. In that unity India has won for herself a place by a devotion that has touched the heart of England. Responsible British statesmen have freely acknowledged the title she has acquired to a reconsideration of her position in the Empire.

NEED FOR UNITY AMONG INDIANS.

Gentlemen, the future will unfold what the finger of fate has traced on the scroll of India's destiny, but we, who have to live and work in the present, have to remember that heavy responsibility rests upon us to qualify for the gifts that the gods may grant us. As the war has united England and India in closer ties of affection and confidence, so let there be a drawing together of all that is the very best in our country. The clash of creeds has been not infrequently the ground for refusing a boon and the jarring conflict of communal interests a basis for deferring the grant of concessions. A case in point is the denial of an Executive Council to the United Provinces. The stereotyped argument that the dissensions between the Hindus and the Muhammadans barred the inauguration of the reform was urged as a ground of rejection and the measure was lost in spite of the strong support it received from his Excellency the Viceroy, the majority of his colleagues and the Secretary of State in England. The argument was not sound but the adverse decision should be a warning to my countrymen of the disastrous consequences that are likely to result, if racial antagonism and communal differences are allowed to have even the appearance of an existence amongst us. Gentlemen, my own belief is that the rapid spread of education in the last three decades has served as a great solvent and the sectarian differences of the past have in a marked and appreciable degree given place to a broader conception of Indian citizenship.

SIGNS OF AWAKENING.

There are signs on all sides of an awakening, which is characterised by a more rational outlook on the relations of communities. This is a happy augury for the future of our country and all true friends of India must rejoice at the prospect of her regeneration in strength and unity, as an integral part of the British Empire. The shadows that coming events cast are visible enough to those that have eyes to see. The bounds of territorial patriotism are expanding and are steadily giving ground on communal exclusiveness. Gentlemen, as Indians, as patriotic Indians, it is the duty of all of us, in whatever station of life we may be, to take our full share in the building up of the national life. We have to set ourselves a programme of work in which true and unadulterable nationalism should be the main spring of action. Nationalism is a much misunderstood word in India. I have come across people who are scared at the very mention of it, as if it were a bogey. What I understand by Indian Nationalism is the suppression of all sectarian and communal basis in the growth of the political life of the country by territorial patriotism based on loyalty to the sovereign, pride in the Empire and love of the country. Gentlemen, this is a political creed which is catholic enough to embrace within its fold all these that love India. Here is work for all the numerous communities that inhabit our country. The Hindu, the Mahomedan, the Parsi, the Indian Christian, the Anglo-Indian and last, though not least, the British settled, can all unite to raise India and secure for her a seat of honour in the assemblage of Nations. Ours is a beautiful land richly endowed by nature. It is the old home of poetry and chivalry, of learning and philosophy, of religion and spiritualism. India has been a great humanising factor in the history of man. Let us revive the old glory of the land. We are strong to-day for having the softer qualities of the east tempered with the robustness of the west.

PLEA FOR TERRITORIAL PATRIOTISM.

I do not suggest that denominational institutions should not be maintained. Far from it. For the internal reform of communities they are essential and indispensable. Social and moral purification is a preparation for political advancement and without communal organisations we cannot hope to enter on the probation which is a preliminary to higher political development. Let all these institutions flourish and let them be strengthened. But they should not be permitted to degenerate into engines of sectarian and communal aggrandisement. They should all be imbued with one common ideal, so that all their joint efforts should be focussed upon one ultimate common aim, and that is, as loyal subjects of the King, as good citizens of the British Empire, and as true sons of India, to kindle in the country the unquenchable fire of territorial patriotism, from which alone can emerge the chastened spirit of united India.

HINDU MYTHOLOGICAL PICTURES FOR TRADE-MARKS.

BENGAL CHAMBER AGREES WITH MARWARI CHAMBER.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16.

At a recent meeting the Committee of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce considered the proposal made by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce to put an end to the practice of using Hindu Mythological pictures as designs for samples, tickets, labels, etc. The Bengal Chamber Committee expressed sympathy with the Marwari community, at the same time pointing out that the change would have to be made very gradually, as otherwise, the dislocation to trade would be very serious and considerable losses would be caused both to buyers and merchants.

COMMERCIAL CONGRESS AT BOMBAY.

MADRAS OPINION ON THE PROPOSAL.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

With regard to the proposed Commercial Congress at Bombay, the opinion of several Indian commercial gentlemen in Madras seems to be in favour of the proposal and it is likely that a contingent of representatives will attend the Congress. As regards the annual meeting itself and the idea of a business organisation of selected people meting annually to discuss Indian commercial questions on the lines of the Indian Railway Conference, the Association would seem to be in favour of such organisation with a permanent staff at the head-quarters and working in harmony with standing committees in the provincial centres. This is expected to prove most efficient and to ensure steady and sustained work.

The example of the Indian National Congress with its spectacular side and its prohibitive cost does not seem to appeal to business instincts. It is being also suggested that several Indian Chambers of Commerce, that have been recently started in the various provinces, may be utilised for the purpose and their activities co-ordinated. The object will soon be considered formally by the local Indian Chamber of Commerce.

CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE)

LONDON, Sept. 15.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Captain A. W. Ponsonby, Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Second-Lieutenant R. Humble, Argyll and Sutherlands.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Major R. Conner, Gloucesters.

DIED.

Lieutenant S. B. Waish, Medicals.

Second-Lieutenant J. M. Moss, Service Corps.

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. A. Weir, 3rd Dragoon Guards.

Major W. L. Crawford, Lincolns.

Major C. J. Caddick, Artillery.

Captain N. W. Robertson, Cameronians.

Lieutenant R. C. Anderson, Argyll and Sutherlands.

Lieutenant C. A. Barran, Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.

Lieutenant A. W. Moore, Manchesters.

Lieutenant J. S. Sampson, Sherwoods.

Lieutenant E. C. James, Sherwoods.

Lieutenant W. Stobart, Durham Light Infantry.

Lieutenant D. Wake, Rifle Brigade.

Lieutenant T. L. Ingram, Medicals.

Second-Lieutenant R. M. Hall, South Staffords.

Second-Lieutenant E. G. Foolston, Yorkshire Light Infantry.

Second-Lieutenant A. E. Riddle, East Lancashires.

Second-Lieutenant H. M. Drummond, Black Watch.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieutenant B. M. Coate, Rifle Brigade.

NOW KILLED.

Captain S. H. Cameron, Highland Light Infantry.

KILLED IN DARDANELLES.

Captain C. Black-Hawkins, Hampshires.

Captain H. Savage, Hampshires.

Lieutenant G. L. Cheesman, Hampshires.

Lieutenant P. C. Williams, Hampshires.

Second-Lieutenant S. A. Smith, Hampshires.

Second-Lieutenant O. S. Whaley, Hampshires.

DIED OF WOUNDS IN DARDANELLES.

Captain G. G. Doggan, Irish Fusiliers.

Captain G. E. Hellyer, Hampshires.

WOUNDED IN DARDANELLES.

Captain C. T. Edmunds, Medicals.

Captain G. S. Pirie, Medicals.

Lieutenant J. Clement, Hampshires.

Lieutenant T. A. Flynn, Medicals.

Lieutenant P. O'Brien, East Kents.

Second-Lieutenant T.T W. Allen, Cheshires.

Second-Lieutenant G. S. de Guary, Hampshires.

Second-Lieutenant H. E. Woodhouse, Bedfords.

WOUNDED AND MISSING IN DARDANELLES.

Captain C. B. Hayes, Hampshires.

Lieutenant P. L. Bell, Hampshires.

NOW NOT WOUNDED IN DARDANELLES.

Second-Lieutenant T. Boyd, Highland Light Infantry.

LONDON, Sept. 16.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Lieutenant R. H. Codgold, Rifle Brigade.

Second-Lieutenant J. Hutcheson, Sherwoods.

WOUNDED.

Captain J. Joyce, Motor Machine Gun Service.

Lieutenant E. McCrae, Camerons.

Lieutenant K. C. McDonnel, Camerons.

Lieutenant W. G. Stuart, Camerons.

Lieutenant G. C. Nugent, Artillery.

Second-Lieutenant C. Bainbridge, East Kents.

Second-Lieutenant D. S. Fox, Sherwoods.

NOW KILLED IN DARDANELLES.

Second-Lieutenant T. Worth, Cheshires.

DIED OF WOUNDS IN DARDANELLES.

Captain H. J. Sudell, Army Service Corps.

WOUNDED IN DARDANELLES.

Captain L. P. Dorman, Northamptons.

Captain R. V. Pollok, Hussars.

Lieutenant C. M. Miller, South Staffordshires.

Second-Lieutenant O. L. Browne, Cheshires.

Second-Lieutenant W. O. George, Welsh Regiment.

Second-Lieutenant W. L. Scott, South Staffords.

WOUNDED, MISSING IN DARDANELLES.

Second-Lieutenant H. G. Carter, Northumberlands.

Second-Lieutenant W. E. Robinson, Northumberlands.

Second-Lieutenant A. Wedgwood, Northumberlands.

MISSING IN DARDANELLES.

Lieutenant S. H. Lewis, Connaught Rangers.

NOW UNOFFICIALLY PRISONER IN DARDANELLES.

Captain H. Dyson, West Ridings.

PLAGUE MORTALITY IN INDIA.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Sept. 17.

Mortality from plague in India during the week ending 11th September showed 2,113 seizures, against 1,382 deaths. The provincial figures were; Bombay 846 deaths, Madras 111, Bihar and Orissa 16, United Provinces 51, Punjab 2, Burma 22, Central Provinces 147, and Mysore 70. No cases were reported from Bengal and Delhi.

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LAW INTELLIGENCE

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

BRUTAL MURDER OF HUSBAND.

(Before Justices Batchelor and Hayward.)

JABI DEU KAMALU *v.* THE KING-EMPEROR.

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. J. D. Dikshit, Sessions Judge of Thana, who agreeing with the unanimous verdict of the jury, convicted the accused of having murdered her own husband and sentenced her to death under section 302 I. P. Code.

The case for the prosecution was that the accused aged 20 years who was married to the deceased (22 years), lured him to the Bhinardara jungle on pretext to get wood and there with the help of one Bhica, who was acquitted in the lower court, struck the deceased on the neck with an axe which cut his spinal cord. To conceal the murder, both the accused dragged the deceased to a distance and placed the dead body in a crevice in the rocks.

The defence of the accused woman was that Bhika murdered her husband. Bhika used to quarrel with the deceased and the result was the murder.

The Sessions Judge refused to believe the defence and sentenced the accused to death observing, "I wish that there had been a severer punishment than hanging in the case of a woman like the accused. She had been a lusty and bloodthirsty woman. She wanted to thrust herself on the attention of the first accused, who himself complained to the proper authorities and repulsed her advances. Then she lures her husband into the jungle and commits his murder in a most brutal and cruel way and mutilates his face like a fiend and then, to create evidence that the death was accidental, brings his blanket and places it on the border of the cliff, but when caught red-handed substituted the first accused for the murderer. Such a woman deserves the utmost sentence provided by law."

Their Lordships upheld the conviction, but commuted the sentence of death to that of transportation for life observing that the axe must have been wielded by an unknown man, who might be with the appellant and who might have inflicted the mortal wound. She is only twenty years of age and the ends of justice would be met by passing the smaller of the two sentences provided for murder.

Mr. P. V. Nijsure appeared for the accused while the Government Pleader represented the Crown.

DAMAGES FOR MENTAL DISTRESS.

FALSE INFORMATION TO THE POLICE.

(Before Justices Batchelor and Hayward.)

VISHNU RAMCHADRA ..... Appellant.
v.
GURURAO RAMCHANDRA MOKASHI ..... Respondent.
BALAJI GOPAL ..... Appellant.
v.
GURURAO R. MOKASHI ..... Respondent.

These were two companion appeals from the decision of Mr. Balak Ram, District Judge of Dharwar, who reversed the decrees of Mr. V. V. Wagh, Sub-Judge of Dharwar.

The facts were: A theft took place at the house of the defendant (respondent) on the night of the 4th November, 1910, and information was given to the Police very soon after the theft and enquiries followed. The statement of the defendant as complainant was recorded by the police very early in the morning of the 5th and some suspects were mentioned by the defendant. Four additional statements were recorded at short intervals on the same day. In those statements the plaintiffs-appellants' names were mentioned among the suspects. Their houses were in consequence searched by the Police Sub-Inspector but to no purpose. The plaintiffs thereupon brought these suits alleging that the defendant caused the search from malicious motives and that the information given to the Police was false and libellous and claiming damages for mental distress, and loss of character.

The defendant pleaded good faith, qualified privilege and justification for suspicion. He also averred that his statements to the Police were not voluntary.

The trial court found that the information given by the defendant was voluntary, that he did so maliciously in the legal sense of the word or rather recklessly and without reasonable and probable cause and that the plaintiffs were entitled to damages.

STATEMENT PROTECTED BY PRIVILEGE.

On appeal, the learned District Judge reversed the decrees of the lower court, finding that the defendant's communications of suspicion were made on a privileged occasion and that he did not act maliciously. In the course of his judgment he observed:

"I agree with the lower court that the statements were voluntary. The houses of the plaintiffs were admittedly searched in consequence of the defendant's having mentioned the names, but a search on suspicion does not constitute malicious prosecution. The statements are defamatory, but they are protected by privilege (19 Bom. 717). It is sought to distinguish this case from the present on the ground that the present defendant insisted upon a search being made. The Sub-Inspector says that but for the defendant's insistence, he would not have made the search without further enquiry. It seems to me that in this case the Sub-Inspector was trying to shirk responsibility. A complainant gives the police his story and his suspicions: the subsequent proceedings are entirely in the hands of the Police. The defendant cannot be blamed for being keen on having the search made promptly and thoroughly. To delay the search or to make it perfunctorily would have given the suspected persons an opportunity of making away with the property, had it been with them. The defendant's suspicions may have been groundless, but it is not possible to say that they were not genuine. I dismiss the suits. Defendant has omitted to tender any apology, he has produced worthless and probably manufactured evidence to prove the plaintiffs' bad character. I decline to allow him his costs."

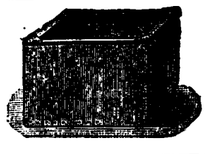
Their Lordships confirmed the decrees of the lower appellate court, making no order as to costs.

Mr. S. S. Patkar and Mr. K. H. Kelkar appeared for the appellants.

Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar appeared for the respondent.

THE ORIENTAL ION WORKS.

MANUFACTURERS OF



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ORIGINAL SIDE.

AN ESTATE WORTH 60 LAKHS.

ALLEGED MALADMINISTRATION.

(Before Mr. Justice Beaman.)

YEMNABAI AND OTHERS *v.* NOOR MAHOMED BEG MAHOMED AND OTHERS.

This was a notice of motion for the appointment of a receiver of the estate of one Ismail Beg Mahomed, a wealthy Halai Memon, inhabitant of Bombay.

Mr. Jinnah appeared in support of the notice of motion.

Mr. Strangman appeared to show cause.

One Beg Mahomed Haji Abdul Reheman died in 1904, leaving property, valued at Rs. 60 lakhs. He left two sons Ismail and Noor Mahomed, a grandson Abubakar and a daughter Aishabai. He left a will appointing Ismail, his sole executor, and authorizing him to conduct his business. Beg Mahomed's will provided that his property was to go to his heirs according to Mahomedan Law; so that Ismail and Noor Mahomed each became entitled to 2/5ths and Aishabai to 1/5th of his estate. The estate was not distributed and Ismail continued to manage it including the business. On 20th October, 1910, Ismail died leaving a widow, the 1st plaintiff, and four minor children, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th plaintiffs. He left a will whereby he appointed Noor Mahomed, his brother, and the 1st defendant Abu Bakar, his nephew and the 2nd defendant and his wife Yemnabai, the plaintiffs, his executors. His will provided that 1/3rd of his estate, consisting of his 2/5th share in Beg Mahomed's estate and his own private property, worth about Rs. 8 lakhs, was to go to Noor Mahomed and Abubakar in equal shares and the remaining 2/3rds were to be divided among his heirs according to Mahomedan Law.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST ADMINISTRATORS.

The 1st plaintiff alleged that at Ismail's death she was only 20 years old. Being young and inexperienced she relied implicitly on Abubakar and Noor Mahomed who took complete charge of the whole estate of Beg Mahomed and Ismail, managed it themselves, and from time to time took the plaintiff's signature to various documents which they told the 1st plaintiff were necessary for the due administration of the estate. Yemnabai alleged that Noor Mahomed and Abubakar had abused the confidence reposed in them by her. On the 31st October, 1911, they had induced her to sign an agreement without explaining the contents thereof to her. The agreement provided that certain losses made during the life-time of Ismail in the business were to be debited only to Ismail's and Noor Mahomed's share in Beg Mahomed's estate and not to Aishabai's. The agreement also provided that in a certain suit to be filed by Aishabai for the administration of Beg Mahomed's estate, Yemnabai was to be represented by the same firm of attorneys which represented Abubakar and was to consent to a reference of the said suit to a Special Commissioner, chosen by Aishabai, for taking accounts of Beg Mahomed's estate. Yemnabai alleged that the agreement was obtained from her by undue influence and was therefore not binding on her.

ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST.

The suit by Aishabai for the administration of Beg Mahomed's estate was filed late in 1911 and one Hakim Mahomed Dagam, a friend of the defendants, was by consent appointed Special Commissioner to take the accounts. The reference was made in March, 1912, but only six meetings had been held and no meeting had been held for the last thirteen months. Yemnabai alleged that the suit was collusive, its object being to carry on protracted proceedings before the Commissioner and keep the defendants in possession of Ismail's estate to the exclusion of Yemnabai and her minor children. Yemnabai also alleged that Noor Mahomed and Abubakar had been using the estate moneys for their own private businesses, debiting their private expenditure to Ismail and Beg Mahomed's estate, advancing loans on personal security to their friends out of the estate and causing serious loss to the estate and committing diverse other gross breaches of trust. She had therefore filed the present suit for the administration of Ismail's estate and prayed for the appointment of a receiver to take charge of the estate pending the decision of the suit, as the interests of the defendants Noor Mahomed and Abubakar were adverse to her and her children's interests and they were unfit to remain any longer in possession and management of Ismail's estate.

CHARGES REPUDIATED BY DEFENDANTS.

The defendants denied the allegations of fraud and breach of trust and alleged that Ismail's estate had considerably thrived under their management. They repudiated the charge that they had taken advantage of the inexperience and youth of the 1st plaintiff. She had all along taken an active part in the administration of the estate, making inquiries and inspecting account-books from time to time and in every matter she had had the opportunity of consulting her own relations and even taking legal advice. They opposed the appointment of a receiver on the ground that they were executors and should not be deprived of the possession and management of the estate without sufficient cause.

After hearing arguments of counsel, his Lordship deferred the appointment of a receiver. His Lordship, however, made an order permitting Yemnabai, the 1st plaintiff, to appear by a separate set of attorneys before the Special Commissioner. Hakim Mahomed Dagam, in the suit for the administration of Beg Mahomed's estate, in spite of the agreement, 31st October, 1911, which provided that Yemnabai was not to appear by a separate set of attorneys. His Lordship disallowed costs of the plaintiff's affidavits, on the ground that some of the allegations therein were false to the knowledge of the persons making the affidavits. Costs of the motion were reserved.

Solicitors for the plaintiffs:—Rustamji and Ginwalla.

Solicitors for the defendants:—Little and Co.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 18TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1915.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.
In the Division Court No. 53.
Suits for Hearing & Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

249-15—Daphtary F & D Mahomedbhoy Jevraj v. Fazalbhoy Cassam. Hiralal & Co.

281-15—Tyabji D and Co, Chhotalal Ishwardas Parekh and anr v Chunilal Jivandas, Payne and Co, Part heard.

1407-14.—Crawford B & Co, Karl Ettlinger, & anr, v. Chagondas & Co, a firm, Payne & Co, Part Heard 7-8-15.

S C Ct, 176-6602-15.—Smethan B & Co, Barsilal Parashram v. Dewji Ladha & ors, Captain & V, Mulla & M, Motichand & D, Jehangir G & B, Part Heard, 10-9-15.

146-15.—Little & Co, The Texas Company v. The Bombay Banking Co, Ld, (in Liquidation, & anr), Matubhai J & M.

347-15.—Pandia & Co, Harsi Keshanji v. Bai Rukhanabai, widow, Vachha & Co.

348-15.—Pandia & Co, Mulji Bharsnal, v. Bai Rukhmabai, widow, Vachha & Co.

382-15.—Madh K & Ch, Sakarchand Meraj & anr, v. Premchand Odhavji & Co, a firm, Tyabji D & Co.

407-15.—Payne & Co, Alladin Hashand v. Noorbanubai, widow, Captain & V.

459-15.—Kharse & Co, Govind Jasha, Patil v. Bai Hirabai, widow, & ors, M. B Chothia.

133-15.—Craigie B & C, Sir Shapurji Broacha & anr, v. Sir Cawasji Jehangir, Baronet, Ard H D & Co.

136-15—Craigie B and Co, Sir Shapurji Broacha and anr v Vasantrao Anandrao Dabolkar, Ardeshir H D and Co.

1498-14.—Malvi H M & R, Kaikhusru Framji Marker v. Jamsetji Nuserwanji Wadia, Edg G W & Co.

1135-14.—Matu J & M, The Bombay Banking Co, Ltd, v. Ganesh Sakharam Sardisai, Khand L & M.

711-14—Matubhai J and M, The Bombay Banking Co Ltd v Vithaldas Rowji and ors, Mulla and M, Bhaishanker K and G.

400-14.—Captain & V, Mahomed Roshan Bari & ors, Abdul Mahomed Abdulla Muktaboy, Ard H D & Co.

138-15.—Unwalla P & P, Kandaji Jacoo v. Gulab Balaram & ors. Ragh N & Co, Kh L & M, Bhai K & G, Little & Co.

1268-14.—Patell & Ez, Eleji Umarsey, a firm, v. W & A Graham, a firm, Craigie B & C.

S C Ct 642-23013-14.—Craigie B & C, Sir John Hatt Noble Graham, & ors, v. Vallabhdas Shivji & ors, Patell & Ez.

427-13.—Patell & Ez, Bai Hooseinbai, widow, & ors, v. Abdul Kayune Abdul Hoosein & anr, Mans H M & Co.

1145-14.—Ardeshir H D & Co, Gen. widow, v. Moolji Chagpal, Madhowji K & Ch.

412-15.—Surajmal & Co, Motichand Rupchand & ors, v. Multani Tolaram Nebandas & anr, Malvi H M & R.

193-15.—Maneoklal & Co., Gangubai, widow, v. Vithal Manohar Chawan, & ors, Mehta D & L, Rustomji & G, Manecklal & Co.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.
In the Division Court No. 43.
Summary Suit for Consent Decree (in Chambers.)

915-15-15—Soonderdas and Co, R B. Pathek and Co a firm v. Maganlal M Vakil, In person.

Summary Suit for Disposal (in Chambers).

866-15—Khand L and M, Messrs Khumaji Gujaji and Co a firm v Ramdas Mulji.

Chamber Matters for Disposal List A (Attorneys.)

8-12—Payne and Co, Bai Jimbabai widow v Bachoo Haji Jacob and ors, 6-5-15.

291-11—Mirza Mirza and M, Messrs Umedbhai Ramdas a firm v Balcrishna Raghunath Shringarpuri and ors, 19-8-15.

785-10—Mirza Mirza and M, Messrs Umedbhai Ramdas a firm v Kaliandas Vithaldas, 19-8-15.

926-11—Mirza Mirza and M, Messrs Umedbhai Ramdas a firm v Popatlal Malapchand and ors, 19-8-15.

In Re Bill of Costs of Messrs Kanga and Sayani—Kanga and Sayani, In Re Services done to Nathmal Chandulal Lavte v Kanga and Sayani applicants, 30-8-15.

648-10—Mulla and Mulla, Rustomji Fardunji Shroff and anr v Bhikaji Dadabhoy Dhanidadina Mistry, 3-9-15.

1005-10—Mulla and Mulla, Bhikaji Dadabhoy Dhanidadina Mistry v Soonabai Rustomji Shroff, 3-9-15.

T and I J, In Re Petition for Probate of Nowroji Jehangir Setina deceased—Mulla and Mulla, Soonabai petitioner v Bhikaji Dadabhoy Mistry respondent, 3-9-15.

62-13—Dikshit and Pur, Dharamsey Jetha a firm v Tarachand Khushal and anr, 7-9-15.

In Re Indian Trustees Act XXVII of 1866—Mulji and Tha, Madanji Somchand and anr petitioners v Maneckchand Vassanji respondent, 14-9-15.

1018-11—Mulji and Tha, Khimchand Sobhagchand and Co v Bhiwandas Kimatram and ors, 14-9-15.

401-05 and 428-05—Ardeshir H D and Co, Rattonbai v Bai Aimai and ors, Shroff D and D, 14-5-15.

318-15—Payne and Co, Abdullabhai Abdul Rahim a firm v Dadamiya Kandwani a firm, Little and Co, 3-9-15.

559-15—C P D'Cunha, Vasanji Doongersey v Ebji Umersey and anr, Nadirshah and D, 3-9-15.

354-15—Merwanji K and Co, Sarafalli Mulla Kikabhai v Ali Mahomed Camroodin Captain and Vaidya, 6-9-15.

757-15—Crawford B and Co, Bai Oomabai widow v Yeshwantrao Ghanasham Nadkarni, Chitnis M and Kanga, 7-9-15.

538-15—Kanga and Sayani, Tulsiram Ramsarup a firm v Jankidas Sarmimal and ors, Mulla and Mulla, 10-9-15.

637-15—Mehta D and Lalji, Ramrao Harichandra Mantri v Kalidas Dayal Hirji and anr, Daphtary F and D, 14-9-15.

List B (Counsel).

1074-14—Captain and Vaidya, Radhakisson Ramjiwan a firm v Butabhawani a a firm Tyabji D and Co, 31-8-15.

In Re G and Wards Act VIII of 1890—Ardeshir H D and Co, In Re Champaklal Chandulal and anr minors Chandulal Manordas petitioner, Malvi H M and R, 3-9-15.

583-15—Ardeshir H D and Co, Jerbai widow v The Oriental Government Security Life Insurance Co Ltd, Rustomji & Cin, 3-9-15.

125-14—Motichand and D, Messrs De Saone and Co a firm v Rambux Lachmandas, Captain and Vaidya, Mulla and Mulla, 7-9-15.

1034-15—Tyabji D and Co, Hiralal Chottalal v Ranchordas Valabhai and ors, Mulji and Tha, 9-9-15.

517-08 and 423-07—Dastur and Co, Jassum bin Mahomed v Ahmed bin Shaik Esea and ors, Mirza Mirza and M, 13-9-15.

For Consent Decree in Court.

1474-14—Ardeshir H D and Co, Govindji Topan and anr v Bai Gomatibai widow and ors, Unwalla P and P, Mansukhlal and Co.

For settlement of issues.

147-15—Kanga and S Gani Latiff a firm v. Manilal Mulji a firm Payne and Co As per J O Part Heard d 7-8-15.

Suits for hearing and final Disposal.
LONG CAUSES.

194-14—Edg G W & Co Messrs Hirachand Vanechand a firm v. Shriram Fatichand and ors Bhaishanker K & G.

1380-14—Jehangir S M & H Edalji Cowasji Patel v. Shavakshaw Jamshedji Dubash Dubash & Co.

779-14—Mehta D & L Laxmibai Widow v. Parwatibai Widow & anr Raghavaya N and Co, Jehangir S M and H.

753-14—Mulla and M Tillockchand Mamraj a firm v. Surajmal Leherchand a firm Surajmal & Co.

REPATRIATION OF GERMAN SUBJECTS.

NUNS TO BE EXEMPTED.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

The Calcutta Police authorities have received instructions from the Government exempting the German nuns from repatriation, subject to certain conditions. Other German subjects have been repatriated excepting two or three.

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H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrance Jenkins, the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon. Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Sir S. L. Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M. V. O., Col. R. H. Forman, R.A.M.C., P.M.O., Bo. Brigade, Lieut-Col G. H. Bull, M.D., I.M.S., Lieut-Colonal Peters. M.B., I.M.S., and other high personages.
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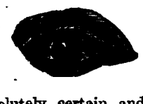
"VI-VI"  Eye drops.

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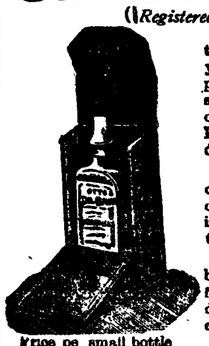

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FRENCH MAYOR'S ORDEAL.

TALE OF GERMAN CRUELTY.

SAW HIS COMPANIONS SHOT.

The public has as yet small knowledge of some of its humblest heroes, and it is only by accident that many instances of magnificent courage come to light, whilst thousands of others remain, and prehaps always will, unknown to the multitude, wrote the Paris correspondent of "The Standard" on Aug. 21. The French official censor has adopted the principle of concealing as much as possible the traces of all the deeds that men and women are doing until they are officially recognised in orders or by a decoration. In the case about to be related the censor would not allow the name of either the man or the town to be mentioned, so he must, for the nonce, rank as one of the legion of anonymous martyrs. His story can best be told in the words in which he related it to a captain:—

"On September 2 last, towards seven in the morning, after the Germans had destroyed by a terrible bombardment most of the town, they arrived, in serried battalions. As mayor, I left my ruined house and went to await them in the square, in the hope of saving what was left and the few inhabitants who had not fled. As soon as the first Bavarians saw me they rushed at me and, without letting me speak and without any proof, accused me of being a spy, and of having during the previous night signalled their movements to our troops. I was taken before an officer, who looked disdainfully at me and, without addressing me, sent me to a neighbouring town between two guards with fixed bayonets.

"There my troubles began. My hands were tied behind my back, and a half-tipsy sergeant began to abuse me. He kicked me and hit me with the flat of his sabre. My shirt was torn and my face covered with blood. In this sorry plight I was forced to continue my journey to Ste.-Marie des Mines, a little Alsatian town perched on the hill of that name. There I was shut in a police guardhouse with three other civilians, bound like myself. We were not even allowed to lie down, but were made to pass the night standing face to the wall. At five in the morning we underwent a sham interrogatory. It was a sham, because the presiding officers accused us of various crimes but did not let us answer in our defence.

SENTENCED TO BE SHOT.

"Without deigning to tell us the result, they conducted us under a strong escort to the principal square of the town. We were wondering what was to become of us, when an officer, in a fury, rode up, shouting, 'You are all four to be shot! In ten minutes you will all be dead!' The soldiers then laid hands on us and dragged us into the courtyard of the college looking on to the square. Not being able to walk very fast in my wooden shoes, I was the last, but they took off my clogs, and forced me with blows from the butts of their rifles to join the others. We were then drawn up in front of the wall of the courtyard at some distance from each other, and four squads of Bavarians took up position opposite us. The captain placed a handkerchief over the eyes of the first, gave a brief order, the rifles rang out, and it was over.

"My three companions fell in the same way, obscure and glorious martyrs in the cause of their country. As the officer was coming to me with his handkerchief, a brilliant idea struck me, and I said: 'Captain, I have not been searched. I wish you would take the money and other things I have in my pockets, with my address, so as to send them to my family after I am dead.' The captain looked at me a minute in silence—the longest minute I have ever lived—hesitated, and having had me tied to a small tree, proceeded to search me himself. The first thing he found was the seal of the mayor, and he asked what it was. I replied that it was my seal, and I said I should be obliged if he would hand it to my successor.

"'You are a mayor?' he asked. 'For many years,' I answered, whilst he continued picking my pockets, out of which he drew, with evident satisfaction, two heavy purses. 'Where did you get all this money? You must have stolen it,' he cried. 'Alas! it is my whole fortune. My house was on fire, and I saved all I could,' I answered. Thereupon he returned to me the seal, but carefully kept the money, and had me untied, and sent to the Town Hall, where I was subjected to a real interrogatory this time. In spite of all their efforts, the judges could not make out anything against me. Next day, with other prisoners, handcuffed, and surrounded by German gendarmes, we started for Strasburg, but it was a long journey, for we waited a fortnight at S——, where we had to sleep on the stone floors of our cells, with nothing but spiders' webs for sheets and blankets. On September 18, still barefooted, I arrived at Strasburg, where the prison was sumptuous enough to afford plank beds, and we were left there until December 5.

HOUR OF DELIVERANCE.

"Then suddenly we were sent to the camp of H, where we were lodged in wooden huts, with shavings to sleep on. As for the food, all I can say is that it was too much to die upon and too little to live on. In the morning we had a decoction of toasted barley, called coffee, and every noon soup made of turnips or cabbages, with scraps of herring or dried cod, and in the evening next to nothing, with about 10oz. a day of uneatable bread. At last the hour of deliverance struck, though we never knew why. In the beginning of March we were taken to Rastatt and placed in casemates infected with vermin, but happily we were only left four days there.

"Then we went across the Grand Duchy of Baden, and at the frontier station our escort abandoned us without saying a word, and a few minutes afterwards we arrived at Schaffhuse, the first Swiss town. The crowd, that filled the huge station square gave us a great reception. They took us into the restaurant, fed us, and clothed us from head to foot. It seemed as if all that we had suffered was nothing but a horrible dream. On March 11 we returned again to our dear country. I was at first lodged at Grenoble, where I was much touched by the sympathy of all the inhabitants. With the authorisation of the Prefecture I regained, stage by stage, my poor native town. The accursed Germans are still only a few miles away, but all our hearts are full of confidence, and we accept our trials with patience, thinking of the approaching day of just compensations."

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if she regularly takes Lactagol. Artificial means never can provide a safe or efficient diet for baby. Ask your doctor. He will tell you that you owe it to baby to give a trial to Lactagol, which is now used in all Hospitals, Lying-in and Nursing Institutions to enable mothers to suckle their children.

Lactagol, when taken by the nursing mother, fills her breasts with an ample supply of rich milk. By taking Lactagol, a mother is able without pain or fatigue to suckle her child and thus give him the best possible chance of a vigorous healthy childhood.

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Lactagol may be obtained at Rs. 1-6 and Rs. 2-6 from all Chemists and Stores throughout India. The expense is small, but the advantage of its use to both mother and child are very great.

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Mother's security for her BABY'S HEALTH.

BRITAIN SINCE 1850.

INCREASE IN TRADE AND IN WEALTH

Particulars of the trade and commerce of the United Kingdom and of the condition of the people during the last 60 years are given in a Board of Trade return published during mail week.

In 1851 the population was 27.4 millions; last year it was 46.1 millions. Since 1871 the death-rate per thousand has dropped from 21.5 to 14.14, and the birth-rate from 33.8 to 23.9 in 1914. There were 1.054,099 paupers in 1861, representing 364 per 10,000 of the population. Last year the number was 925,626. or 201 per 10,000. The total annual cost of poor relief in the same period has risen from £7,058,000 to £17,941,000.

In 1881 the total quantity of home-grown and imported wheat and wheat flour retained for home consumption amounted to 107,920,000cwt. High-water mark was attained three years ago with 150,925,000cwt. Last year's figures were 147,586,000. Although the quantity of wheat has risen so enormously, the nation's appetite has increased by only a tenth of a hundredweight per head of population, each person consuming on an average last year 3.2cwt. of wheat and flour.

The fish industry has prospered since 1891, when the value of fish taken by British fisheries and landed on our coasts was £7,009,000. In 1913 the value rose to £14,693,000, but last year declined to £11,631,000.

In 1861 net imports of merchandise (deducting re-exports) were valued at £182,955,000, or £6 6s. 6d. per head of population. The year 1913 was the best with £659,160,000, or £14 8s. 5d. per head. Last year's figures were £601,161,000—£13 0s. 10d. per head.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The total exports of the produce and manufactures of the kingdom were estimated at £74,448,000, or £2 14s. 4d. per head of population in 1851. Again 1913 yielded the best results with £425,245,000, or £11 9s. 10d. per head. For 1914 exports reached £430,721,000, or £9 6s. 11d. for each person.

In 1861 the total value of the imports of food and drink (exclusive of tobacco) per head of population was £2 18s. Now it is £6 5s. 8d.

Each penny of income-tax yielded £1,162,250 in 1861. Information for 1914 is not yet available, but two years ago every penny on the income-tax swelled the yield by £3,108,809. The gross income brought under review for taxable purposes has increased from £312,000,000 in 1861 to £1,167,184,000 in 1913.

In 1851 the amount standing to the credit of Post Office and trustee savings banks was £30,278,000. Since then savings have risen to £273,750,000.

British shipping has grown enormously. The total registered net tonnage last year was 12,415,204, as compared with 3,662,344 sixty years ago. The tonnage of British shipping entered and cleared in the Foreign trade at ports in the United Kingdom was 93,249,573 in 1913, ten times as great as in 1851. Foreign shipping cleared represented 71,560,008 tons two years back, whereas sixty years ago it was only 6,159,322 tons.

The total clearings at the London Bankers' Clearing House are shown as follows: 1871, £4,826,034,000; 1913, £16,436,404,000; and 1914, £14,665,048,000.

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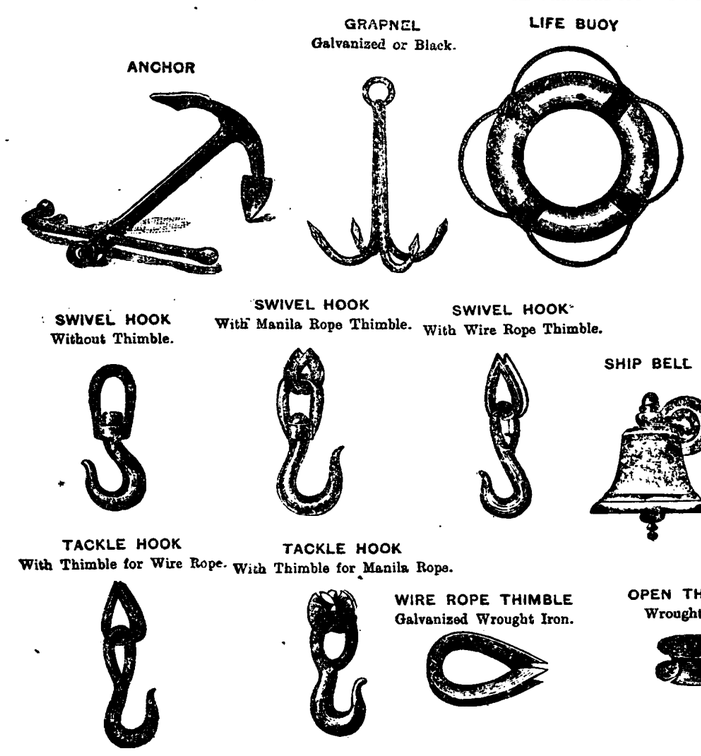

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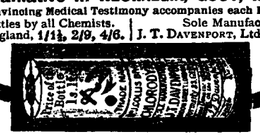

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THE "LABOUR LEADER."

SEQUEL TO POLICE RAID.

HEARING IN CAMERA.

In compliance with orders from the Home Office, the Salford police on August 11 visited the offices of the "Labour Leader" and impounded certain pamphlets bearing on the war. On 24th August the unnamed owners of the premises at Nos. 7 and 30, Blackfriars Street, where the "Labour Leader" is published, were summoned to the Salford Police Court to show cause why certain imprint copies and printed publications now in the possession of the police should not be destroyed, writes the "Manchester Guardian."

Sir William Cobbett appeared on behalf of the Director of Public Prosecutions, and Mr. E. Desquesnes watched the case for interested parties.

Sir William Cobbett made application under the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act that the case should be heard by the Stipendiary Magistrate (Mr. P. W. Atkin) in private. He suggested that it would not be in the public interest that the proceedings should take place in open court.

Mr. Edger Whiteley, secretary and manager for the National Labour Press, which, he said, owned the premises at Nos. 7 and 30, Blackfriars Street opposed the application. He pointed out that on August 21 he and the editor of the "Labour Leader," representing the owners of the premises, were said in the press to have been concerned in making statements likely to prejudice his Majesty's relations with foreign powers and the recruiting and discipline of his Majesty's forces. They were both public men, and it was a very serious matter for them that such statements should be publicly made. Mr. Whiteley continued: "We desire to claim the right of giving to the public information which will show them that the "Labour Leader" and the political party of which it is the official organ have at no time taken up the position of opposing recruiting or discipline in the army. As a matter of fact prominent members of the party ——"

At this point Sir William Cobbett submitted that the present was not the time to argue the merits of the case.

The Stipendiary Magistrate concurred, and explained to Mr. Whiteley that arguments as to what appeared in the "Labour Leader" were not germane to the issue as to whether or not the case should be heard in private.

THE EXCLUSION OF THE PUBLIC.

Mr. Whiteley then quoted a clause of the Act under which the summons was taken out. He read: "If in the course of any proceeding under this regulation application is made by or on behalf of the informant that in the public interest the whole or any portion of the public should be excluded during any part of the hearing the Court may make an order to that effect." He argued that the intention of this clause was not to exclude the public from proceedings in their entirety, but only from certain parts of the proceedings.

The Stipendiary Magistrate: It says "any part" of the hearing.

Mr. Whiteley: And the Court "may"; it does not say "shall." He agreed that if in the course of the hearing any matter prejudicial to the interest of the Crown were to arise it would be right to exclude the public during its discussion; but he objected strongly that the press and the public should be excluded at the very start of the hearing. The public had been told something which was detrimental to the editor of the "Labour Leader" and to himself, and they both claimed their right as citizens to make clear their positions.

Mr. Whiteley was again referring to members of a political party when Sir William Cobbett insisted that the merits of the case were apart from the present issue. The prosecution, he said, were anxious not to give to mischievous matter which they desired to suppress and to the gentlemen present a gratuitous advertisement.

Mr. Whiteley: That is a very paltry excuse for the application. Continuing, he referred to the hearing of a recent prosecution of the "Times" to which the press representatives were admitted. He contended that the "Labour Leader" was entitled to the same treatment as the "Times," and they would agree, he said, to any reasonable application that might later be made for the exclusion of the public at any particular time during the hearing.

The Stipendiary Magistrate: It is not for the "Labour Leader" to agree to what I decide; it is for them to accept my decisions.

Mr. Whiteley: We ask in the interests of the public——

The Stipendiary Magistrate: Why in the interests of the public?

Mr. Whiteley said he was a representative of the public on the Manchester Council. That public had a right to know the exact position of their representative in relation to statements which had been made concerning him.

The Stipendiary Magistrate: Perhaps your constituents have a right to an explanation from you. That does not say that the whole public of this country should know all about this case. Your constituents form a very small section of the public. You are now dealing with the public at large.

Mr. Whiteley: It is that section of the public in which I am most interested.

The Stipendiary Magistrate: Possibly; that is only your point of view.

Mr. Whiteley further pointed out that he was present as the representative of 1,355 shareholders and debenture-holders of the National Labour Press, and that he also indirectly represented 40,000 people who were part owners of the "Labour Leader."

The Stipendiary Magistrate: That is a very small section of the community.

Mr. Whiteley: It is an interested section.

The Stipendiary Magistrate: You must make your report to them when the proper time comes.

Mr. Whiteley: It will be very difficult to make a report.

The Stipendiary Magistrate: I cannot help that. I am not here to help you to make a report.

MR. FENNER BROCKWAY'S POSITION.

Mr. A. Fenner Brockway, the editor of the "Labour Leader," was about to address the Court when Sir William Cobbett questioned his right to do so. He was not an owner of the "Labour Leader," and the summons had been directed to the owners personally. No objection had been raised to Mr. Whiteley's speech, but it was impossible that there should be an indefinite number of speeches. The summons had been served upon Mr. Brockway because he had happened to be in the offices at the time of its service.

The Stipendiary Magistrate ruled that the service of the summons upon the editor did not entitle him to address the Court.

Mr. Whiteley said that while he was secretary and manager of the National Labour Press he had no control over the literary matter which was printed in the "Labour Leader." The editor alone had control over that.

The Stependiary Magistrate: That is not the point here. Mr. Atkin then held that the case should be heard in private.

The court was accordingly cleared.

The hearing was later adjourned.

AFTER THE WAR.

MR. BONAR LAW AND PROBLEM OF EX-SERVICE MEN.

Mr. Bonar Law and Lord Selborne received a deputation in mail week from the Royal Colonial Institute on the question of enabling ex-Service men to find employment on the land after the war.

Lord Sydenham, who introduced the deputation, said that a committee of the Institute was appointed last March to consider the question. He recalled that Lord Selborne had appointed a committee to deal with the question, but as regarded their employment on the land overseas the Institute felt that it could only be dealt with by the fullest and most complete collaboration between his Majesty's Government and the Governments of the various Dominions, and they suggested that some machinery should be set up as soon as possible to bring about that result.

Sir H. Rider Haggard said that when the war was ended floods of men would be poured on to the hands of the Empire and trouble might arise. By that time a scheme should be ready, and the first preparation to make was to find out what the Colonial Governments' views were, what terms they had in view, what land was suitable, and what facilities they can give.

Mr. Bonar Law, in reply, said: "I would not like to say that in my opinion it is at all certain that the end of the war will be the beginning of a period of unemployment in this country, but I think the temptation to our people to emigrate will be very great.

"The war is causing prices to be high for all the commodities which are produced in the Colonies, so that the Colonies must prosper, and I think the war is going to bring Canada a great deal of development and increased capital from the higher prices, and it is almost certain that there will be a great demand for more people in the Colonies at the end of the war.

"The problem which we have to face is first of all to try help these soldiers to find the kind of employment which suits them best, and in the way which suits them best. On the other hand we do wish to see if it can be done, if it is better all round that these men should be taken overseas. It is for that reason that Lord Selborne has appointed the committee which is doing exactly what you wish and is considering the subject in advance.

"The Canadian Government has already appointed a Commission to go into this very subject, and I have no doubt that the other Governments of the Empire will soon be considering it and will be inclined to take some steps of the same kind."

Mr. Bonar Law then promised that he and Lord Selborne would give consideration to the deputation's suggestions.

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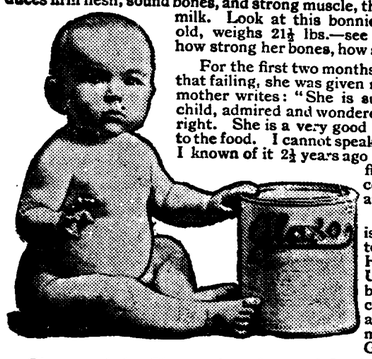

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SELF-MASTERY.

TWO VIEWS OF HUMAN POWER.

I no longer do anything "for God's sake;" I do nothing "for man's sake," but what I do I do for my sake.

Max Stirner.

Max Stirner's "The Ego and His Own" was first issued seventy years ago, and must have created a great sensation, says "T' P's Weekly." Indeed, it did. Someone has to begin these things, and apparently Stirner was the first man who got people to accept as a philosophy what hitherto had been regarded as bad manners or incipient mania.

Who is it that is to become free? You, I, we. Free from what? From everything that is not you, not I, not we.

And in course of time I get "free" from "you" and from "us," and then I have a drum solo to the tune of ME, ME, ME.

THE NEXT PROCESS.

Having become the One and Only, the next move is to get a following. All independent philosophers require a gallery. If they are "free" from social service, from creeds and traditions (*i.e.*, other people's concerns) they mean to bombard you with high explosive philosophy. There is, however, more in Stirner than a mere drum solo. He seeks for mastery of self as well as vindication of it. He laments that the word "selfish" should connote a childish and silly person. Self-fish (if the Self were of Stirner stuff) would mean dominant, generous, self-reliant, manhood. Nietzsche, who seems to have borrowed a good deal of thunder, from this gentleman, proclaimed the Over-Man. Stirner wants real Manhood, and to abolish the Un-Man. He is practical in his literary clamour in favour of personal freedom for men as they are, free from restrictions.

NO MIDDLEMEN.

Naturally, a man of this kind has nothing to say for a personal Religion, for the mediation of saints. All that the normal man or woman accepts as natural appears to him as so much lack of self-dependence. He carries this doctrine even to thought:

Any thought bound to a thing is not yet nothing but a thought, absolute thought.

Therefore the more he argues the further away he gets from what is called in the Catechism "duty towards God and towards my neighbour," and in Economics "the responsibility of the Individual to the Community."

A very different application of the idea of self-mastery is found in "The Secret of Human Power," by Haydn Brown (Allen and Unwin," 5s. net). His leading idea is that self-mastery is the result of correct association and single-minded direction of ideas. He refers us wisely to the ridiculous state of things in England before the war, when the Army was actually in readiness to take part in a conflict between men of the same race, concerning a matter of national government; when idealistic women were urged by political leaders to courses of action that in the nature of things could never have led to social betterment for women, but rather to a degrading struggle that might have brought about a condition of real servitude; to art that was so fantastic that it conveyed neither meaning nor emotion; to music that was full of queer discords, such as a naughty boy might have produced by sitting on a piano; to dancing akin to the organic prancing of savages; and to a literature of eccentric unpleasantness.

Self-mastery leads to a sane view of life by which all the aims that lay behind these perverted movements may be realised slowly, even painfully, but by the diligent application of minds unclouded by zealous passion or degeneracy.

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This disordered pre-war period appeals to the author as a medical man:—

"Let me here unhesitatingly insist that it is positively dangerous for people to cultivate emotional disorder; it is courting short life, and only a entranced one at that, to give the "glad ear" to this sort of thing, in turn challenging, smiling, and finally consenting on the brink where the slightest step or push would mean irreparable disaster."

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It by no means follows that impulsive or weak-willed persons are to regard themselves as unequal to the demands of modern life; but they must cultivate deliberation, and by will-power correct their temperament. The obtuse must infuse a more vigorous and sympathetic enthusiasm, the excitable must practise delay, deliberate movement, and formal application to their tasks.

The *positive* always wins, says Dr. Brown; that is to say, if a person is both impulsive and possessed of will-power, the Will can win if exerted to counteract impulse.

The author believes in joy as a factor in progress. Before the war everyone had a complaint.

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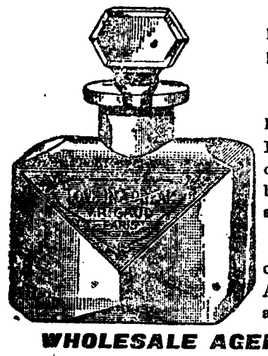

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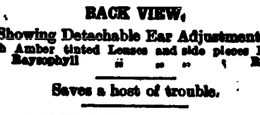

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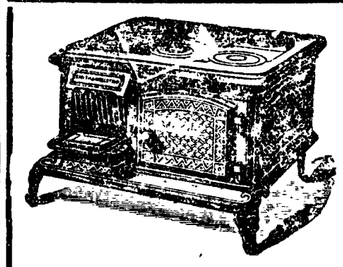

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Printed and published by A. P. Brawn, for THE INDIAN NEWSPAPERS COMPANY, Ltd., at the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay